

THE GRAND JURY MET

NIGHT EDITION
MURDER CASEBefore Grand Jury at the Court
House TodayFirst Time in a Year That Low-
ell Has Presented More Than
Routine Business to Grand
Jury — Judge Raymond Will
Preside Over Criminal Session

The grand jury opened its September session at the court house in Gorham street this morning to hear the government's evidence in some seven local cases.

For a year or more Lowell has held the record in Middlesex county for having the smallest number of important cases before the grand jury, and half hour sessions have been the order.

Today, however, the list while not big numerically was of sufficient importance to demand the presence of District Attorney Higgins, Assistant District Attorney Wier and Second Assistant Sawyer, along with State Of-

ficer Charles E. Byrne. This is due to the fact that one of the cases before the grand jury is the alleged murder case of Geo. Gianakos, who, it is alleged, shot and killed a fellow countryman in Suffolk street a short time ago.

In addition to the murder case, the case of John E. Costello, the well known barber, for manslaughter, was heard. The other Lowell cases were those of Tony Carrelli, or Carrell, for wholesale larceny from the Massachusetts mills and divers clothes lines in Belvidere; Arthur Duchesne, rape; Charles I. Herbert, breaking and entering and larceny in the night time; Louis Balloos, rape; and Joseph J. Johnson, rape. A Natick case also occupied the attention of the session.

Carrelli is the man who was captured by Major Noyes and Officer Wilson on Saturday and whose apartments at 30 Davidson street were found to contain a whole wagon load of alleged stolen property in a variety that beggars description. He has been in Lowell only three weeks but in that time the police allege he got away with one thousand feet of lumber belonging to the Massachusetts, along with a wholesale and nondescript collection of clothing together with clothes lines, for it is claimed that Carrelli is robbing a clothes line instead of going to the trouble of taking out the clothes pins and removing each individual article, simply took the entire collection, clothes line and all.

Sheriff Fairbairne was in attendance at the session and he stated that the grand jury will report in Lowell on Friday and that court will come in here on Monday with Judge Raymond on the bench. This will be Judge Raymond's first appearance in Middlesex county.

Mother Sorry

She Did Not Know

"I am sorry I did not know about Anis-en before. I will never be without it again. It has done my baby a world of good. It has saved me many a dollar and has been a godsend to me." So writes a mother who adds, "I had been using syrup, and you don't know how grateful I am for Anis-en, baby's medicine."

Anis-en is a safe and pleasant remedy for baby's delicate stomach, liver and bowels. Get a bottle of it today. All druggists 25c.

STOCK Certificates and all
Corporation Printing
LAWLER PRINTING CO.,
29 Prescott StreetThe Place
To PressArticles of dress is not
always in the laundry.Ever wish to do a little
pressing in your cham-
ber?The electric flat-iron
makes this easy.Lowell Electric Light
60 Central Street

FROM LAWRENCE

Woman Wanted Child
Vaccinated Here

A woman from Lawrence, accompanied by her boy, a lad of about 8 years, called at the office of the local board of health this forenoon. The woman wanted to have the boy vaccinated. She had read that vaccination was free in Lowell, for school children, and she allowed that a visit to the office, since she happened to be in Lowell, would be worth while. She was a bit disappointed, however, when told that inasmuch as she lived in Lawrence her boy would have to be vaccinated there.

The vaccination record has been broken at city hall and Sup't. Whitcomb is very much pleased to note that parents are paying more than usual attention to vaccination.

Three hundred and fifty children were vaccinated at City hall, Friday evening. On Thursday, 173 were vaccinated; 250 on Wednesday; 210 on Tuesday and 200 on Monday.

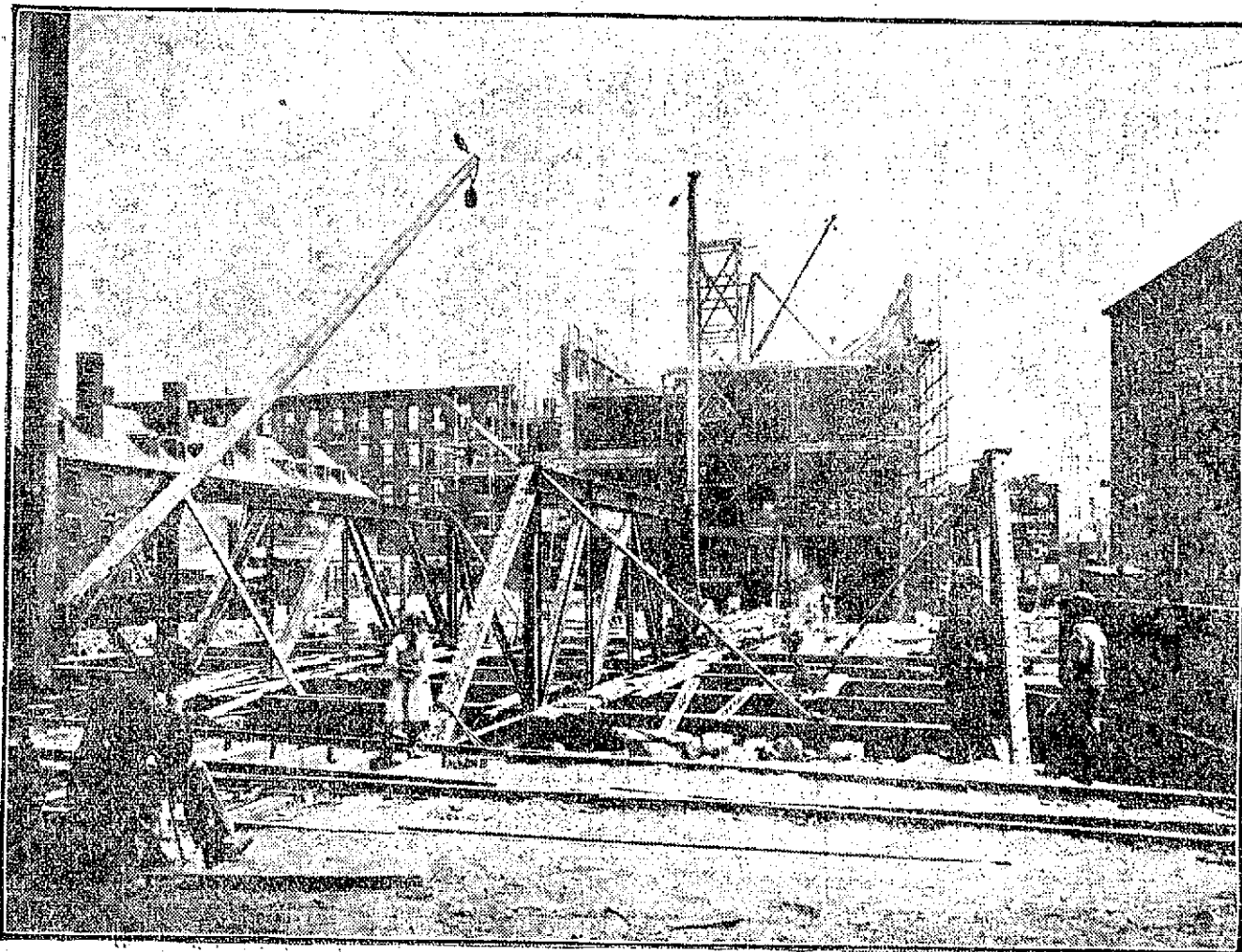
THE DROUGHT BROKEN

DALLAS, Texas, Sept. 6.—Heavy rains have to a large extent broken the drought which has prevailed in Texas and parts of Oklahoma for several weeks. Indications are that yesterday's rain was more general than any that has fallen in the last three months.

MAN FOUND DEAD

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 6.—J. R. Mann, Jr., a commercial traveler from Boston, Mass., was found dead in his room at a hotel here last evening. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of death.

NEW MILL OF MASSACHUSETTS MFG. CO. IN PROCESS OF CONSTRUCTION



VIEW OF THE CONSTRUCTION WORK OF THE NEW MASSACHUSETTS WEAVING MILL ON EAST MERRIMACK STREET, SHOWING SUPPORTS OF GIRDER BRIDGE OVER THE CANAL WHERE THE AIR PRESSURE REVETING MACHINE IS AT WORK. AN ACCOUNT OF THE WORK HAS ALREADY APPEARED IN THE SUN. CONTRACTOR CONLON EXPECTS TO HAVE THE MILL COVERED OVER BEFORE THE SNOW FLEES. THE NEW MILL ALONG EAST MERRIMACK STREET WILL BE 310 BY 90 FEET. IT WILL EXTEND FROM THE MERRIMACK SQUARE SIDE OF THE CANAL TO THE VERY EDGE OF THE CONCORD RIVER.

Photo by Rounds

FOR PARK PURPOSES

Hannah M. Spalding Offers Land
to City of LowellProposed Park Site Contains
1875 Feet of Land—Meat Con-
tracts for Chelmsford Street
Hospital Were Awarded Today

Lowell's smoke inspector, Mr. Greenleaf, is inventing a new chart to describe the density of smoke. This chart will be capable of a minimum observation of 15 seconds and will show six densities instead of four, as provided for in present charts. Mr. Greenleaf has also photographed several chimneys within the last few weeks and today he sent to several of the mills a report of his findings. At least three of the corporations will have to improve their smoking or Mr. Greenleaf will impose the fines provided by law.

For Park Purposes

Hannah M. Spalding has addressed a communication to Mayor Meahan, in which she offers, subject to the city's approval, a certain lot of land for park purposes. The letter:

Lowell, Aug. 23, '10.

To Hon. John F. Meahan, Mayor, City of Lowell, Mass.

Sir: I wish to ask if the city of Lowell will accept of the plot of land in front of my house containing some 1875 feet, lying between Crescent and Parker streets, on the following conditions:

First—That the city shall proceed to remove immediately the old elm tree or such part of it as may be advisable in order that it may not be a menace to the public.

Second—That within one year the city shall proceed to grade, beautify and adorn these premises with such trees, shrubs and flowers as may be deemed advisable to make it a spot of beauty for this part of our city.

Third—That it shall be called Parker-Spalding square in memory of two

families closely connected with the
Revolutionary period.

Fourth—That the taxes for the present year may be abated.

Respectfully,

Hannah M. Spalding.

91 Parker Street.

A Wedding Present

The first fall meeting of the board of aldermen for 1910 will be held tonight, and it will be marked by a rather unusual occurrence, that of the presentation of a wedding present to one of its members. Alderman Ryan is the beneficiary of a wedding present to one of its members. Alderman Ryan is the beneficiary of a wedding present to one of its members. Alderman Ryan is the beneficiary of a wedding present to one of its members.

Water Board Meeting

The water board held a meeting this forenoon and approved monthly bills. Other business of a minor nature, including petitions for water tax abatements, was attended to.

Fixing the Trees

The park commission is closing up its tree work inspection. Sup't. Whittey says that at least two-thirds of the trees have been inspected, and he expects to have his report ready within a week or two. Work on the Ames street park will be resumed on Thursday. The work will include the planting of the shrubbery and sodding. The park department employees are busy on the North common at the present time. A report of the department's operations there has already appeared in The Sun.

Signed Meat Contracts

Meat contracts for the Chelmsford street hospital were signed by Mayor Meahan this forenoon. The contracts, which were for six months' supplies, went to Thomas R. Finney and Scott & Bailey.

Through an error in the report of the athletic events at the F. J. Matthews field day yesterday the makeup of the team which won the relay race contained a slight mistake. The team was composed of Frank Mahoney, Jack Lynch, Joe Christie and Michael Roche.

PRIMARY METHOD

To Select Candidates
for State Offices

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 6.—The first effort to test the direct primary method to select candidates for all state offices was tried by both republicans and democrats in New Hampshire today. The principal contest was that for the nomination for governor between Colonel Bertram Ellis of Keene and Robert P. Bass of Portsmouth. There was no contest for the democratic nomination.

There were names of 1925 party aspirants on the primary ballot as candidates for positions on the ballot next November, the greater portion being those anxious to obtain seats in the legislature although direct primary acts applied to all offices and included all parties. In a number of towns democrats failed to comply with the law in obtaining a position on the primary ballot so that the contests in those communities were confined to republicans. Opponents of direct primaries pointed this out as one of the worst defects of the law. Weather conditions early today were poor with rain falling in many parts of the state.

DEATHS

DUPLESSIS.—The many friends of William W. Duplessis will be pained to learn of his death which occurred this morning at his home, 26 Swift street, after a brief illness. He was a well known member of the Sacred Heart parish. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife, Annie, five daughters, Gladys, Annie Blanche, Madeline and Esther, one son, Edmund, three brothers and two sisters, Mrs. George Barry and Mrs. Nora Russell of this city. Funeral notice later.

MOVING PICTURES

OF GAME HUNTING AND ESQUI-
MAUX LIFE

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 6.—Henry Whitcomb, the sportsman, who reached home from his trip to the Arctic, says that moving pictures of game hunting and Esquimaux life were secured, a machine having been taken for that purpose. A flag of the New Haven Yacht club was planted at 78.29 degrees north.

Wednesday morning at eight o'clock there will be an anniversary requiem mass at the Immaculate Conception for the repose of the soul of the late James E. McCaffrey, a former well known newspaperman and at one time a trusted employee of this newspaper.

HELD IN \$2500

Watchman is Charged
With Murderous Assault

CLINTON, Sept. 6.—William R. Wales, the night watchman who is charged with a murderous assault on Miss Katherine Kelley late Thursday night, pleaded not guilty in the district court today and was held for a continued hearing Sept. 16 in \$2500 bail. He was committed to the jail at Fitchburg. It is expected that Miss Kelley, now in the hospital suffering from a fractured skull, will be able to appear against him.

MAYOR GAYNOR

May be Nominee for
Governor

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Mayor William J. Gaynor will accept the nomination for governor if the democratic convention at Rochester this month names him. One of his close personal and political friends who recently spent several hours with him at Deepwells, St. James, gave this assurance yesterday.

The mayor will not be an active candidate and will take no steps toward securing the nomination, but if there is a genuine demand for him expressed at the convention and he is the popular choice of the delegates he will accept the honor. The same view was expressed by his secretary, Robert Adamson. The mayor will reverse this attitude only if his health should be such that it would be dangerous for him to undertake the rigors of a heated campaign.

BISHOP BRENT

May be Transferred to
Rhode Island

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 6.—Bishop Charles Henry Brent of the Philippine Islands, who is here attending the Anglican congress, declines to comment on a report from Rhode Island, that he may be asked to succeed the late Bishop William N. McVicar. Other churchmen say that if Bishop Brent is transferred to Rhode Island the general convention of American Episcopal church, to be held in Cincinnati in October, will probably name a bishop for the Philippines. Section A of the church congress dealt today with "Practical Problems of the Canadian church," leading speakers being the archbishop of Ottawa, the bishops of Montreal, Ontario, Nova Scotia, Alabama, Massachusetts, and Rev. Dr. W. H. Van Allen of the Church of the Advent, Boston.

Section B dealt with "The Evangelization of the World." The speakers included Prof. Rhineland of the Episcopal theological school, Cambridge, Mass., the bishops of Moosehead, Massachusetts, the Philippine Islands, Keweenaw, Duluth, Glasgow, Canon Tucker, general secretary of the missionary society, and R. W. Allen, general secretary of the church of England in Canada. The bishops of London, Glasgow, Tennessee and the Philippine Islands spoke at the missionary mass meetings.

JIMMY CLABBY

CLAIMS MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF WORLD

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Sept. 6.—Jimmy Clabby of Milwaukee beat Guy Buckles of Omaha here last night in the thirteenth round of a fight before the Sheridan A. C. The purse was \$2000. Clabby's friends claim the victory carries with it the welterweight championship of the world.

MEN ON STRIKE

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Signalmen employed by the New York Central railroad in Albany and Rensselaer went out on strike today. The railroad officials claim but 29 men quit work.

Mr. William Harrison of Providence, R. I. is visiting his cousin, Miss Alice Harrison of 2 Simpson place.

IT SAVED HIS LEG

All thought I'd lose my leg," writes J. A. Swenson, of Watertown, Wis. "Ten years of excruciating pain, which could not cure, had at last laid me up. Then Buckle's Arnica Salve cured it, and I'm well." Infants for skin eruptions, eczema, salt rheum, boils, fever sores, burns, scalds, cuts and bites. 25c at J. W. Dues & Co.

Poland Water

For Sale by
F. and E. BAILEY & CO.
GEO. A. WILLSON & CO.

TYPHOID EPIDEMIC JAIL SENTENCE

Five Persons Dead and 152 Are Under Treatment Colored Man Was Given Three Months and Appealed

WORCESTER, Sept. 6.—Five deaths, 152 people being cared for in the local hospitals and at least a score more being treated in their homes, is the record of the typhoid fever epidemic which has been raging in this city since early in August.

Very few new cases were reported to the board of health this week and while health officials decline to state positively that the period of infection is at an end, they believe that the worst is over and no further spread of extensive proportions is now looked for.

While the official reports of the health department only show 119 cases to date, 152 are actually being cared for in the typhoid wards of the hospitals, which are taxed to their capacity to accommodate the victims. Every hospital has turned over available ward over to the typhoid patients and for a long time City and Memorial hospitals reported being obliged to accept the rush of new patients reported and ordered to them for treatment.

The death list to date is:

Michael Meehan, 89 Austin street, died Aug. 23.

Lillian Allaire, 177½ Chandler street, died Aug. 28.

Charles H. Greene, 100 Maywood street, died Aug. 30.

Miss Edith L. Clough, 24 Mason street, died Sept. 3.

Miss Virginia Lachapelle, 2 Quincy street, died Sept. 5.

The victims are divided among the local hospitals as follows: City hospital, 50; Memorial 30; Hahnemann 13; St. Vincent 10.

As a whole the cases have not been severe ones and only a few serious cases are reported from the hospitals, while yesterday only a single victim was on the dangerous list. A great majority of the cases have been mild, and this accounts in some measure for the large number still recorded by the health department as "suspect" instead of definite cases.

The Worcester epidemic started early in August, and the public was first informed of the seriousness of the situation on Aug. 12, when the health board announced that it had reached the proportions of an epidemic.

The health officials claimed to have traced the source of infection to milk then being distributed through the city's best residential section on the west side by C. E. Hinckley, a Mason street dealer, and on that date he was forbidden to distribute milk until further orders. Four days later, on Aug. 16, it was announced that the trouble came from a single one of the sources from which Mr. Hinckley obtained milk.

He was permitted to resume peddling milk secured from other sources after the health board had supervised the sterilizing of his utensils. It is still reported that every case officially reported has been definitely traced to milk peddled by Hinckley, although he is absolved from all blame.

NEWBURYPORT, Sept. 6.—Three horses and eight cows lost their lives in a fire that destroyed the large barn on the estate of Edward A. Lunt, a wealthy farmer, in Newbury Sunday. Four cows were rescued by Mr. Lunt, who nearly lost his life in an attempt to save his stock. He was hemmed in by the fire and was obliged to crawl on his hands and knees to the open air, which he reached in a greatly exhausted condition.

In the barn, in addition to the live stock, were 50 tons of hay, a spraying machine, a dozen farm wagons, sleds, mowing machines, plows, cultivators and farm implements of all kinds, hundreds of empty barrels, in which apples were to be packed, a large supply of grain and miscellaneous effects owned by Mr. Lunt and an automobile, owned by H. A. Feindel of Wakefield, who, with his family, was a guest at the Lunt homestead. All these things were burned.

Milk Thrown On Fire

The large house, situated about 40 feet from the burning building, was saved with difficulty by neighbors and a detail of firemen from this city under the command of Chief Thomas Huse. It was badly scorched on one end.

Mr. Lunt estimates his loss at \$14,000, on which there is a partial insurance. Mr. Feindel, who is chief of the Wakefield volunteer fire department at \$1000.

HELD LAWN PARTY

VARNUM AVENUE ASSOCIATION AT ROBERTS' FARM

The members of the Varnum Avenue Improvement association held a lawn party Saturday afternoon and evening at the Roberts farm. While the rain interfered with the carrying out of a portion of the program, the affair, nevertheless, proved to be a success.

Supper was served early in the evening, and guests sitting down to an excellent meal. Following the supper a musical program was carried out, which included solos by Mrs. John Reagan and the Misses Hart and Pendexter, and piano solos by Miss Eva Roberts and Mr. Frank Williams. Mr. Fred Marshall, with his photograph, furnished several excellent selections.

Selections John J. Dunn of West Chelmsford and Mr. Dennis O'Connell of Tewksbury were guests from out of town. The interest of the association in the bringing of the races here is so great that it is willing to do everything in its power to assist in bringing this about.

The officers and members of the Varnum Avenue Improvement association are: David Williams, president; George Emery, vice president; Ed Roberts, secretary, and John Roberts, treasurer.

COMPANIES C AND C TO ATTEND FIELD DAY OF FIRST REGIMENT

There is one thing that looks real good to the members of Companies C and G of the Sixth Infantry and that is the big field day of the First battalion of the regiment. The companies will go in the regular field uniform of olive drab, and will carry full field equipment. They will bivouac Saturday night at the Willows, and cook their own rations. The men will go to Salem Willows in time to hold a sham battle there in the afternoon, followed by athletic events for appropriate prizes.

LOWELL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

7 Merrimack Square

HALF PRICE WEEK IN WALL PAPERS

Over 125,000 Rolls Stylish Pateless Wall Papers marked down all this week. (We give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps.)

37,500 Rolls 5c to 15c Papers, an endless assortment, roll 2 1-2 and 8 1-2c

11,000 Rolls 20c to 25c Papers, an endless assortment, roll 11 1-2c and 14c

22,500 Rolls 25c and 30c Papers, an endless assortment, roll 17c and 29c

19,000 Rolls 50c to 70c Papers, an endless assortment, roll 29c to 43c

11,000 Rolls 75c to \$1.50 Papers, an endless assortment, roll 43c to 70c

112,000 feet Artistic New Mouldings (112 patterns), foot, 1c to 19c

We advise looking your Fall orders just as soon as possible.

NELSON'S COLONIAL DEPT. STORE

Trade Early—Trade Early—

Razors, revolvers, stones and beer

and whiskey played very prominent parts in a negro outing which was held at Belle Grove, Dracut, yesterday afternoon, and what might have developed into a bloody riot was prevented only by the timely appearance of members of the Dracut police and several residents of the town who had been called to assist the officers.

The occasion was the outing of a party of negro hooch carriers and although the beer and liquor were flowing almost as freely as the water in the Merrimack river nearby, everything seemed to be going along in a happy-go-lucky way until several outsiders forced their presence on the picnicers and then there was something done.

As a result of the incident Cyrus Byrie, of West Everett, received a stab wound in the right forearm, and Frank Lopez, of Lawrence, was placed under arrest and charged with assaulting Byrie, while Temora Lopez and John Jackson were locked up on complaints of drunkenness.

The case was aired in police court this morning and after the testimony had been offered and evidence considered, Frank Lopez was found guilty and sentenced to four months in jail, while the other two negroes were fined \$2 each.

The outing was held under the auspices of negro hooch carriers from Lawrence, Haverhill, Boston and some of the surrounding towns, and several hundred colored people went to Belle Grove during the day. There were all kinds of beer and liquor on the grounds and after the picnicers had partaken rather freely of the liquid refreshments, arguments were entered into among themselves and they became very noisy, but the real trouble did not ensue until several negroes belonging to another clan appeared on the scene.

There is considerable bad feeling between the two factions, and when the unruly guests put in an appearance it was the signal for the drawing of razors. Those on the grounds who did not have their cutting instruments used heavy stones which they wielded with considerable force, but, luckily, owing to the condition of the men who had them, the aim was bad. Even iron bars, which were secured nearby where a bridge is under the course of construction, were used.

There is an air of mystery surrounding the cause of the trouble.

According to a negro who was present during the day the trouble was incited by several white girls. According to the story told, the white girls passed some remark as Byrie and a friend and the latter's wife were passing. The negroes resented what they termed an insult, and one of the negroes slapped the face of one of the white girls, and his two companions went to the aid of the girls and started to beat Byrie and his companion, when a shout was set up and in an instant the fight was general and razors were pulled.

The police were notified and a couple of the Dracut officers with drawn revolvers forced their way into the center of the melee and only after threatening to shoot was the fighting stopped.

Brought to Police Station

The three intruding negroes were brought to the police station and Byrie, the injured man, accompanied them to the station. Frank Lopez was booked for drunkenness and assault with a knife, while Temora Lopez and John Jackson were booked for drunkenness.

When searched at the police station an empty razor case was found in Lopez's pocket. He denied, however, that the case belonged to him.

Byrie went to St. John's hospital where it was found that he was suffering from a long gash on the forearm.

Arraigned in Court

The three defendants were arraigned in police court this morning. The two negroes who were charged with drunkenness entered pleas of guilty. They were fined \$2 each. Frank Lopez was charged with drunkenness and assault with a dangerous weapon. Through his counsel he pleaded guilty to being drunk, but denied he had committed the assault. Michael O'Brien, the well known ball player, who a couple of years ago played with Lowell, appeared for the defendant while the government's case was conducted by Jeremiah O'Sullivan of this city.

Officer Hamer Testifies

The first witness called by the government was Officer Alfred E. Hamer, of the Dracut constabulary. He testified that while in the vicinity of Belle Grove yesterday afternoon he was informed that there was a riot at the grove and that the negroes who were

holding an outing were slashing each other with razors. Knowing that it would be foolhardy to attempt to stop the fight without a weapon he went to the home of Louis Roux and the latter with a large revolver accompanied witness to the "bottle ground."

When Hamer reached the scene he said he saw Lopez with either a knife or a razor in his right hand. He rushed into the middle of the crowd and made a grab for Lopez. This caused some of the negroes to reach for their pockets and the officer called upon Roux to draw his revolver and shoot the first man who interfered. He said this and Lopez was placed under arrest without any further interference on the part of the colored people.

Byrie Testifies

Cyrus Byrie, the defendant, with his right arm in a sling, took the stand. It was with much hesitation that he offered his testimony. He could give no reason for Lopez attacking him, but admitted that there is a strong feeling of hatred between the two classes of negroes. He denied that he provoked the assault. He said that he was not drunk at the time having had but one glass of whiskey during the day.

Drew His Revolver

Louis Roux, who was summoned by Officer Hamer to assist him, said that he drew his revolver along with him, and when Hamer tried to arrest Lopez the latter drew a razor in his hand. He said: "I told the defendant if he did not drop the razor, I would shoot. He dropped the weapon and a colored woman picked it up and placing it in a handbag ran across the field and boarded a Lawrence car."

John Stephen assisted in the arrest, but saw none of the trouble. Officer Charles A. Fox was also late on the scene, but he assisted in the arrest of the trio.

Denied He Used Razor

Frank Lopez, the defendant, is a hooch carrier and works in Lawrence. He denied that he had any razor and when asked to explain how the empty case happened to be found in his pocket he said that the clothes which he had on belonged to his roommate. He said the latter wanted to go to Boston yesterday and asked Lopez to loan him his suit which the defendant did. He said he did not know that the razor case was in his pocket until the police station was reached.

He said he did not strike anyone, but that five or six negroes assaulted him, one striking him on the head with a large stone, while another struck him across the left hand.

Dr. R. E. McCarty of St. John's hospital was called and testified that he attended Byrie last evening. He found a laceration about four inches long on the right forearm, and one of the muscles severed. Four stitches were taken in the muscle and seven or eight in the outer laceration.

Lopez Found Guilty

Lopez was found guilty and sentenced to four months in jail, but appealed and was held under \$300 for his appearance at the superior court.

Gaming on the Lord's Day

Vincent Souza pleaded guilty to playing a game on the Lord's day. The arresting patrolman explained to the court that the defendant was pitching money. Souza was fined \$5, which he paid.

Had a Right to Get Drunk

Albert Daniels contends that if a man has worked steady for a year and a half that he has a perfect right to go on a drunk for a week. Judge Hadley, however, did not agree with Albert and the latter will have 30 days' rest during which time he will have a chance for reflection.

Mrs. Daniels was the complainant in the case and she said that her husband had been drunk for a week and a half.

"Your wife says that you have been drunk for a week and a half," said Judge Hadley.

"That's right," said Daniels, "but I have been working every day for a year and a half and if a man can't take a vacation of one week and get drunk it seems a little strange."

He was found guilty and sentenced to 30 days in jail.

Other Offenders

Frank Teague, charged with being drunk, was sentenced to the state farm and John J. Hart, a parole man, will be returned to the pen.

John Mahoney was given a suspended sentence of four months in jail, John Brown, Peter McLean, Thomas Kelly, Charles J. Burns and Frank Donohue were fined \$5 each. Austin Siska was fined \$5 for getting drunk on Sunday, and seven first offenders were fined \$2 each.

FUNERALS

MOONEY—The funeral of Dolores C. Mooney, infant daughter of Charles F. and Helen, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 96 Pine avenue, Collinsville. There were many beautiful floral tributes. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

quem was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Per-

cot. Miss Lulu Ginty presided at the organ. The Portuguese Benevolent society of St. Anthony was present. There were many beautiful floral offerings, among them being a large standing cross and anchor on base inscribed "T. B. L. of S. A." and many bouquets from friends. The bearers were six members of the Portuguese Benevolent society of St. Anthony. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Thomas J. McDermott.

FRATAS—The funeral of John Fratas, infant son of Luis and Mary Fratas, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 428 Central street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Services were held at St. Anthony's church, Rev. Fr. Perrot conducting the services. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertaker McDermott.

GOULDING—The funeral of Mrs. Betsy Goulding took place yesterday afternoon from her residence, 123 Walker street. The services were conducted by Rev. Caleb E. Fisher, pastor of the First Universalist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. E. L. Roberts and Mrs. W. A. Spencer. The bearers were Charles H. Kohlrausch, William H. Penn, Walter E. Bartlett and Fred A. Sturtevant. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Elverson P. Flanders, under the direction of Undertaker Geo. W. Healey.

RANSDELL—The funeral of Mrs. Abbie C. Ransdell took place Sunday afternoon from her residence, 103 Hastings street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Rev. J. C. Wilson of the Chelmsford Street Free Baptist church officiated. The bearers were Gardner Gilman, Thomas H. Hubbard, Fletcher and W. Dana Hill. The selections for "Lead Kindly Light," and "Nearer My God, to Thee" were sung by Miss Ida M. Rogers. The floral offerings were many and beautiful and included: Pillow, from family; pillow, David Deppson and family; basket, Ethel and Marion Eno; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. Frost; spray from the grand children, Mrs. Keille and Belle, the Chelmsford Street Free Baptist church, Lowell Lodge of Odd Ladies, 24, Mrs. Josephine A. Dennison, G. W. Vaughn and A. M. Chase. Mrs. Rebecca Smith and Mrs. Sadie Hubbard. Burial was in the Edison cemetery under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

McHUGH—The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary McHugh took place this morning at 5.30 o'clock from her home, 23 Avington street, and was largely attended by sorrowing friends and relatives. The cortege proceeded to the Sacred Heart church, where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. M. J. L. The choir under the direction of Mrs. J. McHugh sang the Gregorian mass, and during services appropriate selections were rendered. Mrs. Muldoon presiding at the organ. Among the many floral offerings were the following: wreath, inscribed "Wife," from the husband of the deceased; large pillow, inscribed "Mother," from the children; cross on base, inscribed "Sister," from Thomas Hession of Boston; wreath from Mr. and Mrs. James McElholm; spray from Mr. and Mrs. George Kenny and family; spray from Miss Harrison; spray from the McDermott family, and a bouquet from Miss Anne and Miss Mary McHugh. The mass was read by the conclusion of the mass, the remains were forwarded to Amesbury, Mass., where they were interred in St. Mary's cemetery. The funeral arrangements were under the direction of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons. The bearers were Thomas Hession, John J. McHugh, Martin McHugh, John Mulryan, Geo. Kenney and Thomas McHugh.

SAUNDERS—The funeral of the late Mrs. Maria Saunders took place this morning at 7.30 o'clock from the chapel of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church, where at 8 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. William O'Brien. The choir under the direction of Mr. Michael J. Johnson sang the Gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Miss Alice E. Murphy and Mr. Andrew McCarthy. Mr. Johnson presided at the organ. There were many beautiful floral tributes including a large pillow inscribed "Wife," from the husband; wreath on base inscribed "Auntie," from Mrs. Alice Judge; large cross, inscribed "Mother," from Mrs. Annie Lavin; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wright; spray, Mary Hayden; large spray from brothers of deceased, Patrick and James Lavin; spray, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson and Priscilla; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. James O'Leary and family. The bearers were Patrick Callahan, Bartholomew Bolan, Harry St. Ives and Mr. Quenneville. A solemn grave service, Timothy Callahan read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons, in charge.

TOWNSEND—Mrs. Elizabeth Townsend died yesterday at St. John's hospital, aged 49 years, 11 days. The body was removed to the home, 57 Butler avenue, by Undertaker C. M. Young. Mrs. Townsend leaves, besides her husband Frank, one son, Hartley J., two sisters and a brother.

BOWERS—George L. Bowers, a well known resident of this city and a member of St. Patrick's parish, died yesterday at his home, 45 Marion street, aged 70 years. He leaves, besides his wife Jane, three sons, George, William and Joseph; three daughters, Mrs. George Wilkins of Newport, N. H.; Mrs. Jennie Wilkins of Lowell, Mass.; and Mrs. J. Kelley and one brother, John.

McHUGH—Mrs. Mary McHugh, wife of Patrick McHugh and a devout member of the Sacred Heart church, and of the Holy Rosary sodality, connected with the church, died Sunday at her home, 105 Belmont street, Somerville. She was 53 years old. She leaves two sons, Herman W. Bailey and Arnold S. Ladd, two sisters, Mrs. L. R. Hall of Wolfboro, N. H.; and Mrs. J. H. Gamble of this city, and one brother, H. E. Symonds, also of Lowell.

SAUNDERS—Mrs. Maria Saunders, wife of Philip Saunders, died Sunday evening at the Lowell hospital, aged 41

years. Besides her husband she leaves three brothers, Patrick, John and James Lavin, and two sisters, Mrs. Martin Judge and Miss Annie Lavin. The body was taken to the chapel of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

LEAVITT—Edwin Leavitt died Sunday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Herbert L. Mills, 705 Chelmsford street, aged 58 years. He leaves besides his wife Sarah, two sons, Charles and George E., and one daughter, Mrs. Mills.

BEARDSSELL—Mrs. H. Beardsell died Sunday at the home of Mrs. Josephine B. Kennedy, 31 Arlington street, aged 76 years.

TOWNSEND—In this city, Sept. 5, at St. John's hospital, Mrs. Elizabeth Townsend, aged 49 years, 14 days.

Funeral from the residence, 57 Butler avenue, Wednesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Friends invited. C. M. Young in charge.

BOWERS—The funeral of the late George Bowers will take place tomorrow (Wednesday) morning at 8.15 from his home, 45 Marion street, and a high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. P. H. Savage in charge.

HARRIS—Died in Portland, Me., Sept. 4, Miss Dorothy Harris, aged 15 years. Funeral from residence of the parents, Dr. and Mrs. Charles P. Harris, 119 Styles street, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial will be private. Friends are requested not to send flowers. Funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker G. W. Healey.

BEARDSSELL—In this city, Sept. 4, Mrs. H. Beardsell, aged 76 years. Funeral services Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Josephine B. Kennedy, 31 Arlington street. Friends invited without further notice. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

DIED AT SPOKANÉ

SPOKANÉ, Wash., Sept. 6.—Isaac Shaw Daily, a pioneer of Idaho, and a lawyer and musician of note, is dead at his country home at Euclid, where he settled in 1890. He is survived by his wife and one daughter.

Mr. Daily was born in Livermore, Mass., Feb. 6, 1848, and received his education in that state. He removed to Lowell, Mass., when a young man, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar at Cambridge.

He enlisted in the United States army 30 years ago and came west, and was bandmaster at Fort Sherman, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. Through his instrumentality the first school district was organized at Coeur d'Alene, where he was the first teacher, in 1881. He was also among the first to practice law in that embryo city, and also survived the town site. He received a prize and diploma at the Canadian-Northwest Territorial exposition in 1895 for music to a song entitled "When You Come Back Again."

LOWELL DIVISION

On Thursday, September 8th, 1910, the new car line to Haver Square, Dracut, via Lily Avenue and Haver Square, will be opened for travel. The first regular trip will leave Merrimack Square Thursday, at 9.52 a. m., and every thirty minutes until 11.22 p. m. Subject to change without notice, the regular schedule will take effect Friday, September 9th, 1910, as follows: Leave Merrimack Square 6.52 a. m., and every 20 minutes until 11.22 p. m. Leave Haver Square 6.07 a. m., and every 20 minutes until 11.37 p. m. Leave Haver Square 8.27 a. m., and every 20 minutes until 11.07 p. m.

H. E. Farrington, Division Superintendent, Sept. 6, 1910.

MRS. GEIS KILLED

New York Woman Was Mistaken for a Burglar

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Mistaken for a burglar, Mrs. Louise Geis was shot and instantly killed today in the hallway of the house in which she lived on East 118th street by Kurt Weislog, a boarder. The dead woman's husband, Louis E. Geis, was also struck by a bullet from Weislog's revolver. Burglar, recently visited the house in which the tragedy occurred and last night the Geises and Weislog sat up with neighbors in an adjoining apartment to watch for a reappearance of the marauders. Noises in the Geis apartment led to the suspicion that marauders had entered. Mr. and Mrs. Geis and their rooms to investigate, and Weislog, hiding behind a hallway door, jumped to the conclusion that they were the burglars and started shooting. The first bullet struck and wounded Geis. Weislog didn't hear Geis cry that the marksmen was making a mistake and so continued firing. His second bullet struck Mrs. Geis in the heart and she fell dead.

The marauders. Noises in the Geis apartment led to the suspicion that marauders had entered. Mr. and Mrs. Geis and their rooms to investigate, and Weislog, hiding behind a hallway door, jumped to the conclusion that they were the burglars and started shooting. The first bullet struck and wounded Geis. Weislog didn't hear Geis cry that the marksmen was making a mistake and so continued firing. His second bullet struck Mrs. Geis in the heart and she fell dead.

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PRESIDENT TAFT FIVE POISONED

Makes a Strong Appeal to Methuen People Mistook Toad-stools for Mushrooms

State's Rights Conservation Issue to be Submitted to Congress — The President Lauds Colonel Roosevelt

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 6.—In a speech before the conservation congress in St. Paul yesterday, President Taft won a quick response from his thousands of hearers by an appeal to practical common sense in dealing with conservation problems.

In the opinion of many who heard him, he also made answer to the recent agitation for a "new nationalism," or a federal centralization of power, by declaring that the only safe course to pursue was to hold fast to the limitations of the constitution and to regard as sacred the power of the states.

Mr. Taft, amid applause, made frequent references to the services of Theodore Roosevelt in the cause of conservation, but declared that the time for rhapsodies and glittering generalities had passed. He suggested to the congress that it should invite its speakers to come down to details, to specific evils and specific remedies.

These sentiments by the president seemed to receive the approval of nearly all his hearers. They came near the end of an exhaustive discussion of conservation and he ended his speech with the audience on its feet.

Mr. Taft did not attempt to solve the problem of water power site control, as between the states and the general government, but after stating the arguments advanced on both sides of the subject, he said he would submit the whole matter to congress for determination.

Labor Day Speech

At the fair grounds in the afternoon the president delivered a Labor Day address, the most notable utterance of which was a statement that he knew of no intention on the part of the government to prosecute labor leaders under the anti-trust law.

At the same time the president said he did not believe labor organizations should be exempted from state prosecution by the president's statement. He declared that such a provision of law would smack of class legislation.

He did not believe labor unions desired or needed class legislation, and said he counted on their help in preventing such legislation.

St. Paul Not Unpopular

The president received a demonstrative, but not an uproarious ovation in St. Paul. The streets were lined from the depot to the reviewing stand where Mr. Taft witnessed the passage of Labor Day parade. At the conservation congress the president was welcomed with prolonged cheering.

After luncheon in St. Paul, he rode by automobile to the state fair grounds at Hamline and received a tumultuous greeting from a throng which filled the cavernous grandstand and overflowed into the race track and infield.

The president's voice was husky from the delivery of his long speech at the conservation congress, but he did his best to make the vast crowd hear what he had to say on labor problems. On the way into Minneapolis from the fair grounds the president was greeted noisily along the way. He was dined at a hotel here last evening, informally, and then was driven direct to his train.

The president left last night for Beverly by way of Chicago.

The significant paragraphs in President Taft's speech before the conservation congress are:

"In these days there is a disposition to look too much to the federal government for everything. I am liberal in the construction of the constitution with reference to federal power; but I am firmly convinced that the only safe course for us to pursue is to hold fast to the limitations of the constitution and to regard as sacred the powers of the states."

"I am bound to say that the time has come for a halt in general rhapsodies over conservation, making the word mean every known good in the world; for after the public attention has been aroused such appeals are of doubtful utility and do not direct the public to the specific course that the people should take, or have their legislators take, in order to promote the cause of conservation."

"Real conservation involves wise

METHUEN, Sept. 5.—One child is dead, the father and mother are both in a critical condition in the Lawrence General hospital, and two other children are barely out of danger, from eating toadstools, which they had supposed were mushrooms.

The dead child is the five year old daughter of Marie Grazio of Merrimack street, in the pleasant valley section. She was taken violently ill Saturday and died Sunday.

Grazio picked a considerable quantity of what he believed were mushrooms last Friday, and all the members of his family ate some of them. Not until the

following day did any of the family feel the effects of them. Then Grazio, his wife Marie and their three children became violently ill. A doctor found that the supposed mushrooms were toadstools.

The five year old daughter survived only until Sunday morning. The condition of two other children, who had not eaten such a large quantity of the toadstools as had the others improved slightly Sunday. Neither the mother nor the father showed any degree of improvement, however, and late last night the condition of both of them was said at the hospital to be critical.

non-wasteful use in the present generation, with every possible means of preservation for succeeding generations; and though the problem to secure this end may be difficult, the burden is on the present generation promptly to solve it and not to run away from it as cowards, lest in the attempt to meet it we may make some mistake."

"I beg of you, therefore, when men come forward to suggest evils that the promotion of conservation is to remedy, that you invite them to point out the specific evils and the specific remedies; that you invite them to come down to details in order that their discussions may flow into channels that shall be useful rather than into periods that shall be eloquent and entertaining without shedding real light on the subject."

"The idea should not be allowed to spread that conservation is the tying up of the natural resources of the government for indefinite withholding from use and the remission to remote generations to decide what ought to be done with these means of promoting present general human comfort and progress."

"It would be, of course, improper for me to intimate what the result of the issue as to the Cunningham and other Alaska claims is likely to be, but it ought to be distinctly understood that no private claims for Alaska coal lands have as yet been allowed or perfected."

HESS MAY DIE

Was Injured in Making Parachute Jump

KEENE, N. H., Sept. 6.—With hundreds of people looking on in awful suspense, Emil Ford Hess, aged 28, a Boston balloonist, who has performed under the name of Prof. Miller, was probably fatally injured yesterday when his second parachute failed to open in time and he plunged to earth. The parachute opened only 25 feet from the ground, and Hess' drop was practically unrelieved.

Hess was making a double parachute drop before a holiday gathering of local Eagles, numbering nearly 3000. Because of low hanging clouds he went up only 450 feet before he made his first jump. This had carried him about 150 feet when he tried to unloose the fastenings of the second parachute. He was unsuccessful until nearly 100 feet from the ground.

He dropped as soon as he freed it, but the parachute failed to open and his fall was sheer until the parachute opened 25 feet from the ground, too late to break his fall. He landed in a corn field, near his exhibition park.

At the Elliot city hospital, where Hess was taken, the doctors declared that he had practically no chance to live. He sustained a broken spine, five or six fractured ribs and internal injuries.

HIS SON KILLED

Father Sees Dorchester Lad Crushed

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—While riding with his father on an ice wagon on Hilldale street, Dorchester, yesterday morning Thomas Beers, aged seven, son of Geo. Beers of 43 Avondale place, Lower Mills, fell from the wagon and was crushed to death by the wheels.

Thomas had asked to go with his father on his regular rounds delivering ice, and as a holiday favor his request was granted. He was perched beside his father on the seat of the wagon at the time of the accident.

As the team was descending a slope on Hilldale street, the lad slid forward and being large enough to grasp the side of the seat he fell between the horses and the wheels.

Mr. Beers tried to stop the horses in time to save his son, but the time was too short. The front wheel on the left side of the wagon passed over the body above the heart.

Wood! Wood! Wood!

For kitchen range, fireplace, or furnace. Now is the best time of the year to fill your bins. I carry the largest stock of Wood of any fuel dealer in New England. I am my own wholesaler and retailer. I sell in any quantity from \$1.00 worth to a carload. All you have got to do is to telephone 1180 or 2480 and tell us what you want. Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.

John P. Quinn

Office and Yard, Gorham and Dix Sts. Telephone 1180 or 2480; when one is busy, call the other.

BODY RECOVERED

Lowell Firm's "Ad" Found in Pockets

LAWRENCE, Sept. 6.—The body of a man was recovered from the north canal at the foot of Jackson street on Sunday evening about 6 o'clock. A spectator believed his name was Greaves. He was apparently about 33 or 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches tall and weighed about 170 pounds. He wore two Odd Fellows emblems. A silver watch and an advertisement of a Lowell clothing firm were found in his clothing. The watch had stopped at 6.33.

Medical Examiner Dow viewed the body and expressed the opinion that it had been in the water a day or two.



Nervous? Sleepless?

Knocked out by hot weather? Sanford's Ginger will put you on the track again. It overcomes exhaustion, allays nervousness, centers the blood at the stomach and promotes refreshing sleep.

Sanford's

Ginger quickly checks disturbances of the stomach and bowels due to excessive heat, unexpected change of temperature, and unripe fruit, bad water or unwholesome food. Delicious, refreshing, strengthening and always healthful.

Look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper, test you get a cheap, worthless substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. A delicious combination of ginger, anise and French brandy. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere.

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Factory and Salesroom, 124 Merrimack Street. TEL. 2100

DR. EDWARDS' DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free sample on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO. 15 Franklin street, New York. 35 cents a box at

MALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Brings The Bloom On The Loaf

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

THE BLACK HAND

Blamed for Murder of Policeman, Wife and Six Children

REGGIO DI CALABRIA, Italy, Sept. 6.

To the vengeance of the Black Hand society in New York is ascribed the revolting murder early yesterday of Policeman Rovolino and his wife and six children in the little village of Pollara eight miles south of Reggio, on the strait of Messina.

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning some of the townspeople of Pollara were awakened by the terrified shrieks of a child, and rushing to the cottage occupied by the Rovolino family found the three year old daughter of the policeman lying with her throat cut, before the open door of her home, screaming piteously.

Tenderly picking up the little child, the villagers carried her inside, where they were horrified to find the remaining members of her family

lying dead, all of them having been terribly mutilated by blows from axes.

The Rovolinos returned from the United States a short time ago and since then, it is said, two attempts have been made to poison them. Rovolino spoke of the possibility of vengeance being directed against him.

The crime was revolting in its barbarity. Beside the mother lay her four months' old babe with its skull crushed in.

Despite the efforts of the surgeon to save the life of the little girl, whose cries aroused the neighborhood, she succumbed to her injuries.

None of the townspeople saw or heard the murderers, who escaped from the village without leaving a clue as to their identity.

CARRIED OUT THREAT

Scarpia Returns and Slays Man Who Testified Against Him

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Domenico

Scarpia, a Bay Ridge cobbler just out of Sing Sing prison, where he had served five years for stabbing a woman, walked into a group of Bay Ridge gossip yesterday, shoved them gently aside and then shot the man he wanted, Felippo Crenetto, through the heart.

Crenetto's testimony had convicted him and during the trial Scarpia had warned him that he would return from prison to kill him. Crenetto laughed.

He was laughing yesterday as he had been in the court-room five years ago when Scarpia singled him out. He paled when he recognized his enemy and took one step backward, then came the first shot. It was fatal, but Scarpia fired twice more to make sure.

Then he walked from the horror-stricken group as leisurely as he had come and disappeared utterly. The police have no clues.

Scarpia was a model prisoner. He

was a silent man who went conscientiously through his work like one who still had a task to perform. He was released at noon Saturday and did not return to his old companions until yesterday when he appeared as if the earth had given him up.

OPENS HIS FIGHT

Ames Begins His Battle on Lodge

HAVERHILL, Sept. 6.—Congressman

Butler Ames opened his fight on Senator Henry Cabot Lodge for a seat in the United States senate in his speech at the twenty-third annual picnic held under the auspices of the Haverhill Central labor union at the Pines, Groveland, yesterday afternoon.

Congressman Ames said in part:

"There have been many clambakes and outings, 'beer parties,' as they are sometimes called, held in different parts of the state this summer, but the republican machine has taken great care that I should not be invited, lest the truth be told by a republican to republicans."

"I feel quite in sympathy with your work and endeavors. I am, and my family for some generations have been, manufacturers. I believe I am correct in saying that we have never had a strike in any of our mills."

"I feel I am fighting a political battle for you this fall. I hope that when this fight is over, it will be possible for any man, even if he be of humble circumstances and of few friends, to take an independent stand on any political question without fear of the heat of the machine. I hope it will be possible for any honest, reputable citizen to aspire to any office in the state without the necessity of bowing in slavery to the selfish desires of the boss of any political machine."

BURKE INSTITUTE

The regular meeting of the Burke Temperance Institute was held Sunday afternoon. President Francis P. Durkan occupying the chair. There was a large attendance and considerable routine business was transacted.

The officers submitted reports showing that the organization is in a prosperous condition.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

ONE BOY KILLED

By the Collapse of a Grandstand

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—One boy was killed and another seriously injured when the grandstand on the Boston college grounds on Massachusetts avenue, Roxbury, collapsed while a baseball game was in progress yesterday afternoon.

Both boys, it is said, were beneath the woodwork of the structure at the time it fell and it was also said that persons had been warned to keep off the stand.

Maurice Sweet, aged 7, of 101 Norfolk avenue, Roxbury, was killed, while Walter T. Leary, 6 years old, of 26 Woodward avenue, was so badly injured that it is thought he will die.

Several other persons were more or less shaken up, but left the grounds before the police could obtain their names or the extent of their injuries.

A game between the Hawthorne and Mt. Pleasant clubs of Roxbury was in progress at the time. There were about 150 persons present, but the majority of these were standing alongside the ropes on the sidelines.

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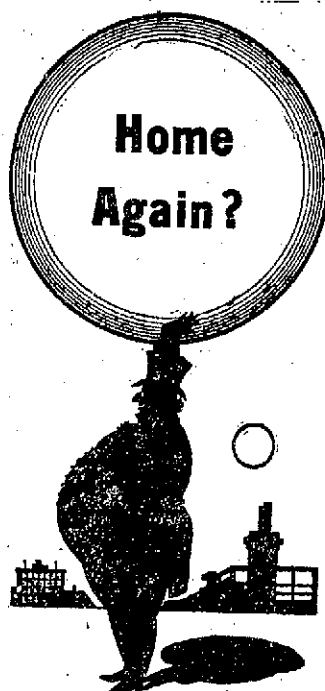
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See your newsdealer today and arrange to have the Boston Globe delivered at your home, this fall and winter.

Hank and Knobs, Vivian and Viola, Asa Spades appear every day in the Boston Globe.

Among the many features in Tomorrow's (Wednesday's) Globe will be:

Famous Gem of Humor "Gape-Seed," by George W. Bungray.

Favorite Poem

"To Tom Moore," by Lord Byron.

Recipes and instructions in bread, pie, cake, doughnut and cookie making will be found every day in the Household Department of the Daily Globe.

Make the Globe your Boston newspaper.

A Bargain in a Mahogany Pool and Billiard Table

J. E. Came Co. Vivex Cushions

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W. T. S. BARTLETT

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All summer we have been preparing to give you the best of fuel for this winter's use. We submit the following varieties of coal for your inspection:

Lackawanna Old Comp'y Lehigh
Wilkesbarre Jeddo Lehigh
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Shamokin Cannel

All Sizes and You Get What You Buy
NEW RIVER STEAM FOR STEAM
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WON THREE GAMES

Lowell Captured Triple Header From Lawrence Yesterday



Photo by Sackley.

VIEW OF THE CROWD ON THE BLEACHERS AND AT THE BALL GAME IN SPALDING PARK YESTERDAY

Over 4000 Fans Saw Two Snappy Games at Spalding Park Yesterday Afternoon—There Was a Slim Attendance at the Morning Game in Lawrence

Everybody up for Lowell. They're off for a great finish, starting the final week of the season by winning three straight games in one day, which, according to all authorities, is going some.

"We want three at least," said Manager Gray to his bunch and the bunch has started to give the manager what he wants.

They're still a little behind Worcester but they're going along and by the time that Worcester gets here next Friday they'll have passed old Jesse and his Grouch brothers. The cream of the big league couldn't have beaten Lowell yesterday.

Tout, Wolfgang and Parsons pitched the three games, and ten hits were all that Lawrence could show in the three games. Sullivan caught all three games with not an error. Both fields played fast ball in all three games and there was vim and snap to their work that showed interest and a desire to force ahead.

Wolfgang in the afternoon held Lawrence down without a hit for seven innings and then allowed only three scratch singles that didn't do any considerable amount of damage.

The Lowell team might as well have stayed at home in the morning but for the victory which was badly needed, for only about 150 people paid to see the morning game at Glen Forest, partly on account of the weather and partly because the fans are sore because their team hasn't made the first division.

Tout was on the slab for Lowell and up to the ninth inning the home team couldn't score.

Lowell scored for the first time in the fourth inning. Magee went out on a fly to Kruger. Tenney singled, and Fluharty followed with a grounder to short left. Carlstrom threw badly, letting Tenney around to third. Fluharty stole second. Bouttes worked the "squeeze," getting out at first, but landing Tenney at the plate with the run. Sully went out on a grounder.

The sixth brought Lowell two more. Magee singled and went to second when Tenney hit a grounder to Norton. Carlstrom threw badly, letting Tenney around to third. Fluharty stole second. Bouttes worked the "squeeze," getting out at first, but landing Tenney at the plate with the run. Sully went out on a grounder.

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(Morning Game)

Lowell	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Blakely, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	0
Conney, ss	4	0	1	0	0	0
Magee, 1b	4	1	1	0	0	0
Tenney, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	0
Bouttes, c	4	0	1	0	0	0
Sullivan, p	4	0	0	0	1	1
Tout, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	3	7	0	1	1

Lawrence	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Kyle, cf	5	0	2	1	0	0
Catterson, rf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Reynolds, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Crisham, 1b	5	0	0	1	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	5	0	0	1	0	0
Kruger, 3b	5	0	0	1	0	0
Norton, 2b	5	0	0	1	0	0
Sebastian, c	5	0	0	1	0	0
Finlayson, p	5	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	40	1	5	7	0	0

Norton, 2b 3 0 0 3 4 0
 Sebastian, c 3 0 0 1 1 0
 Maybom, p 3 0 0 0 0 0
 Totals 31 1 4 27 29 3

Two base hits—Reynolds. Sacrifices—Blakely, Bouttes, Kruger, Stolen bases—Blakely, Fitzpatrick, Fluharty, Carlstrom, 2b. Double plays—Maybom to Norton to Crisham. Left on bases—Lowell 6, Lawrence 5. First base on balls—Off Yount 1, off Maybom 3. First on errors—Lowell 2, Lawrence 1. Hit by pitched ball—Fitzpatrick. Struck out—By Tenney 5, by Maybom 1. Passed balls—Sullivan 2. Wild pitch—Yount 2, Maybom 1. Time—1:12. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

Afternoon Games

During the forenoon all we could hear in Merrimack square was: "Are they going to play?" while the sports ones were betting do's and don'ts on the rain. The sun refused to show but the rain held up and that was all that the fans cared about.

The street railroad provided an unusually good service and by 2 o'clock the management was forced to stop selling grandstand tickets as every inch of space was taken. Then the crowd found its way to the outfield and along the fence while quite a number climbed the fence and viewed the game from an elevated position.

Wolfgang was on the mound for Lowell in the first game and he not only pitched magnificently but felled like a charm. For seven innings just 21 men went to bat and only one got to second where he was nailed in a few minutes in a sharp double play. Three scratch hits followed in the last two innings.

Parsons pitched for the visitors and the home team got six nice hits off him, enough to clinch the victory.

Lowell's work in keeping Lawrence down was even more classy than its work in going ahead for sharp holding prevailed throughout.

Tenney, Bouttes and Wolfgang were conspicuous in sensational fielding plays and in the first three innings there was something doing every minute.

"Watch out, Jake," was Tenney's oft-repeated advice as Tommy Catterson came to bat. Jake was right on the watch, for Tommy crashed a sizzler at him and Jake gobbed it.

"Nice work, Jake," said Tenney.

"The only time in 7 innings that Lawrence stepped on the middle bag was in the second when Crisham drew a base on balls. Carlstrom sacrificed and Pat made second. Kruger cracked a grounder to Jake and the latter catching it started to run. Crisham backed to second, then turning and throwing to Kruger at first. Crisham stopped on the line second when Bouttes threw and Tenney, quick to see an advantage, snatched the ball to Fitz to get back. In the third Tenney and Wolfgang performed a combination flying play that got the spectators going. Parsons hit a hot grounder across first base which Tenney got with his bare hand about 20 feet beyond the sack. Parsons and Wolfgang beat it for first at top speed. Tenney caught it on the run and crossed the bag just ahead of Parsons. It was

one beautiful play.

Lawrence showed a little life in the eighth, by getting a lone run. Crisham hit one too hot for Jake Bouttes to handle right and it went as Lawrence's first hit. Carlstrom flied out to Conney.

Kruger got a single that sent Crisham to the third. Then a sacrifice fly to center by Norton brought in the only run. Although Parsons opened the ninth with a single, there was nothing doing for the other came easy.

Lowell started the scoring in the fourth. With one out Conney singled to left and stole second. Magee fanned making it two gone. Tenney was unable to first, and a wild pitch advanced both men. Fluharty then came along with a timely single and both runners scored. Fluharty was ambitious and tried to make it two and they winged him.

With one out in the fifth Sully got the ball in the short ribs and walked to first. Then Wolf flied out making two gone again. But Blakely hit to right centre for two bases and Sully returned home.

In the sixth Conney was there once more with the single and a stolen base. Magee bunted and Conney went to third. Tenney took another walk to first.

Fluharty sent a fly to centre and Conney came home.

The first game beat all records for time, the game taking an hour and 18 minutes, the quickest game of the season at Spalding park.

The score:

(First Afternoon Game)

Lowell	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Blakely, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	0
Bouttes, c	4	0	1	0	0	0
Sullivan, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Tout, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	1	6	27	15	0

Lawrence	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Kyle, cf	4	0	0	3	1	0
Catterson, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Norton, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	4	0	0	0	0	0
Finlayson, p	4	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	1	3	24	10	0

Two base hits—Blakely. Double plays—Bouttes, Tenney and Parsons. First base on errors—By Parsons 1. Left on bases—Lowell 4, Lawrence 2. Stolen bases—Conney 2. Sacrifices—Blakely, Carlstrom, Sullivan, Magee. Bases on balls—By Wolfgang 2, by Parsons 2. Wild pitch—Parsons 1. Hit by pitched ball—Sullivan. Time—1:15. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

The Second Game

After the usual 10 minutes intermission, the teams lined up for the third time with Parsons mulling broadly on the mound for Lowell and Finlayson, the best that Lawrence possesses, working for the visitors. Parsons couldn't lose that game, for things were coming his way for him, a son having been born to him the day before.

In this game Fred Tenney blossomed

(Second Afternoon Game)

Lowell	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Blakely, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	0
Bouttes, c	4	0	1	0	0	0
Sullivan, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Tout, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	1	6	27	15	0

Lawrence	ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Kyle, cf	4	0	0	3	1	0
Catterson, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Norton, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	4	0	0	0	0	0
Finlayson, p	4	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	1	3	24	10	0

forth as a base runner, stealing second and third. Left fielder Reynolds of the visitors made a phenomenal catch of Blakely's fly for which he received due credit from the crowd.

Seven innings were played by agreement, and it was almost dark when the last inning was finished.

Lowell got all four runs in the third inning. Blakely walked, and Fitz fanned. Conney swatted as Blakely ran, and the ball went to left, while Blakely went to third and Conney to first. Conney stole second. Magee hit a fly to short right and Norton snuffed the ball, upon which Blakely came home. Conney going to third. Magee stole second. Tenney hit a beauty on a line to right, and Conney and Magee came home, Tenney going to second on the throw to the plate. Fluharty hit to Carlstrom, who threw wide to Crisham, giving Tenney a chance to score. Bouttes and Sully ended the inning.

The visitors almost scored in the second. Crisham flied to Bouttes, Carlstrom singled to right, Kruger popped a fly to Tenney. Norton hit to left for a single. Carlstrom went to third, beating out Magee's throw to Bouttes. Norton tried for second on a line to right, and Conney and Magee came home, Tenney going to second on the throw to the plate. Fluharty hit to Carlstrom, who threw wide to Crisham, giving Tenney a chance to score. Bouttes and Sully ended the inning.

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LOWELL

ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Blakely, cf	4	0	1	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	4	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	4	0	0	0	0
Magee, 1b	4	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 3b	4	1	1	0	0
Bouttes, c	4	0	1	0	0
Sullivan, p	4	0	1	0	1
Norton, 2b	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	4	3	21	10

LAWRENCE

ab	r	h	bp	a	e
Kyle, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Catterson, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	4	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	4	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	4	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 3b	4	0	0	0	0
Norton, 2b	4	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	4	0	0	0	0
Finlayson, p	4	0	0	0	0
Totals	24	0	0	18	7

Lowell 0 0 4 0 0 0 1
 Lawrence 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 Two base hits—Blakely. First base on errors—By Lowell 1, by Lawrence 1. Left on bases—By Lowell 4, by Lawrence 4. Stolen bases—Tenney 2, Conney 2, Magee 2, Crisham 1, Fluharty 1. Sacrifices—By Parsons 1, by Finlayson 2. Bases on balls—By Finlayson 7. Attendance—1000. Time—1:40. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

DIAMOND NOTES

At Brockton today.

Manager Gray will attempt to have the double-header with Fall River transferred to this city on Thursday.

There were 150 paid admissions at the morning game yesterday and 4500 at the afternoon game—quite a difference.

And now for third place for a finish. We can do it.

Take off your lid to Sullivan. He caught three games in one day without an error, and with a sore finger at that.

Of course it's ancient history now, but those catches of Magee and Tyler Saturday will be talked about in years to come.

It is whispered in society that yesterday afternoon's games were a financial godsend to the Lawrence management.

Lowell closes the season here with games with Worcester on Friday and Saturday. The battle is for third place and those games will be worth seeing.

On Monday Fred Lake and the Doves will play Lowell at Spalding park, and Tyler will pitch his first game as a Dove.

Rorty and Duffy prove to be a very satisfactory combination of arbiters.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	55	33	.626
Boston	53	31	.630
New York	51	32	.613
Washington	48	30	.613
Cleveland	44	29	.603
Chicago	41	34	.548
St. Louis	36	36	.500

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	51	28	.643
Pittsburgh	48	29	.620
New York	48	33	.593
Philadelphia	46	30	.607
Cincinnati	44	32	.579
St. Louis	43	33	.566
Brooklyn	42	33	.560
Boston	41	32	.562

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
New Bedford	22	14	.610
Lynn	20	15	.571
Worcester	18	22	.450
Fall River	15	25	.375
Lawrence	13	23	.361
Brockton	12	24	.333
Haverhill	11	25	.303

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE

Lynn 4, Brockton 1.
New Bedford 2, Fall River 0.
Worcester 12, Haverhill 1.
Lowell 2, Lawrence 1.

Afternoon

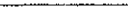
Lynn 1, Brockton 1 (6 innings).
Fall River 2, New Bedford 1.
Lowell 4, Lawrence 1, (first game).
Lowell 4, Lawrence 0 (second game).
Haverhill 2, Worcester 1 (first game);
Haverhill 4, Worcester 2 (second game).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Detroit 4, St. Louis 1.
New York 5, Philadelphia 2.
Washington 4, Boston 1.

Afternoon

Cleveland 5, Chicago 0 (first game.)
Chicago 10, Cleveland 5 (second



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BOXING GOSSIP

They are trying to revive the fighting game in San Francisco and it is predicted that within six months the lid will fly off in earnest. After waiting a month after Gov. Gillet drove the Jeffries-Johnson fight out of California the prize promoters began to feel their way. First three round bouts were put on the boards, then four round contests. The other night Owen Moran and Frankie Burns boxed ten rounds in Frisco without a decision, although the referee went to the newspaper offices an hour later and said he "thought Moran won." Moran and Burns, according to the Frisco authorities, engaged in a "boxing contest," and the governor of California has not been heard from there 10 round bouts will follow. If there is no rampus between now and December 1 it is planned to put on twenty round battles. But it will be a long time before heavyweights will be allowed to fight on the coast.

THREE OF WORLD'S GREATEST ATHLETES ENTERED IN CHAMPIONSHIP EVENTS



SHERIDAN SHEPPARD BONHAG

game.)
 Boston 5, Washington 0.
 Detroit 4, St. Louis 3.
 Philadelphia 2, New York 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

fall River at New Bedford.

American League
Philadelphia at New York.
Chicago at St. Louis.

National League
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

Sept. 10. Judging by the number of cracks entered, it surely looks as if many records will topple before the meet is over. All the great stars in this vicinity are working hard in preparation for the coming contests. Among the entries are Melvin Sheppard, Wilton Pauli, Harry Gissing,

Captured Butler and Parker Cups

The shoot for the Butler and Parker cups at the Dracut rifle range Saturday

GAMES TODAY

N. E. League

Team	Score
Lowell at Brockton.	
Lawrence at Worcester.	
Haverhill at Lynn.	
Fall River at New Bedford.	

American League

Team	Score
Philadelphia at New York.	
Chicago at St. Louis.	

National League

Team	Score
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.	
Cincinnati at Chicago.	
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.	

EASTERN LEAGUE RESULTS

At Providence: (Morning game) Newark 4, Providence 0, (called end of fifth); (afternoon game) Newark 4, Providence 0.

At Rochester: Toronto-Rochester morning game postponed—rain; (afternoon game) Rochester 5, Toronto 0.

At Buffalo: Montreal-Buffalo morning game postponed—wet grounds; afternoon game, Buffalo 4, Montreal 3.

At Baltimore: (morning) Baltimore 5, Jersey City 3; (afternoon) Baltimore 12, Jersey City 2.

AMATEUR GAMES YESTERDAY

At Graniteville—Graniteville 7, No. Chelmsford 3. The lineup: Graniteville: Defoe 1f, Buckingham of 3b, Hughes ss, Gilson 2b, Hemen 1b, Healy rf, Elliott cf, Hanson 3b, Ledwith c, McCarthy p.

North Chelmsford: Trainer 1f and c, McTeague rf, Grady ss, Thatcher 2b, Donnelly 1b, Stanley cf, McEneaney 3b, Davis c and lf, Curtin p.

Score: Graniteville 2 1 0 0 1 1 0 2 7 9 3
 N. Chelms 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 6 3

Two base hits—McTeague, Curtin, Gilson. Hit by pitcher—Stanley. Base on balls, off McCarthy 1; off Curtin 4. Struck out—By McCarthy 8, by Curtin 6. Triples play—Curtin, Donnelly and Thatcher. Wild pitch—Curtin 2. Umpires—Pope and Riney. Time of game—1:50.

At Chelmsford—Chelmsford 10, High School 3.

At Andover—Crescents of Lowell 10, Royals of Andover 9, 10 innings.

The Lincolns added another to their long string of victories by defeating the Lincoln A. C. of Everett in that city yesterday by a score of 5 to 1.

LONG MEADOW GOLF

Henry J. Farrell won the qualifying round for the club cup at the Long Meadow Golf club Saturday.

CALLED A "LIAR"

Man Made an Attack on Colonel Roosevelt



COL. ROOSEVELT SEIZING AN IMPERTINENT QUESTIONER TO PREVENT POSSIBLE ASSAULT

The Ex-President Grabbed Him and Helped Eject Him—An Exciting Incident at the Speakers' Stand—The Colonel Explains Just What His Labor Platform is—He Says That Organization is Essential and Urges Legislation for Protection of Workers

FARGO, N. D., Sept. 6.—A man who fought his way to Ex-President Roosevelt and called him a liar caused a bad scare yesterday at Island park in this city. Col. Roosevelt seized the man and helped to eject him from the platform.

A Good Digestion

means a man or woman good for something—good work or pleasant times. Whoever has distress after eating, sick headaches, nausea, bad taste, unpleasant breath, cannot find good in anything, or be of much use in the world.

But these symptoms are only signs that the stomach needs a little care and attention and the aid that

Beecham's Pills

can give. Safe, reliable, thoroughly tried, this family remedy has wonderful reviving power. They tone the stomach, liver and bowels—all organs of digestion. With these organs in good order, the whole system is better and stronger.

Try a few doses and see for yourself what a splendid bodily condition Beecham's Pills

Can Create

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

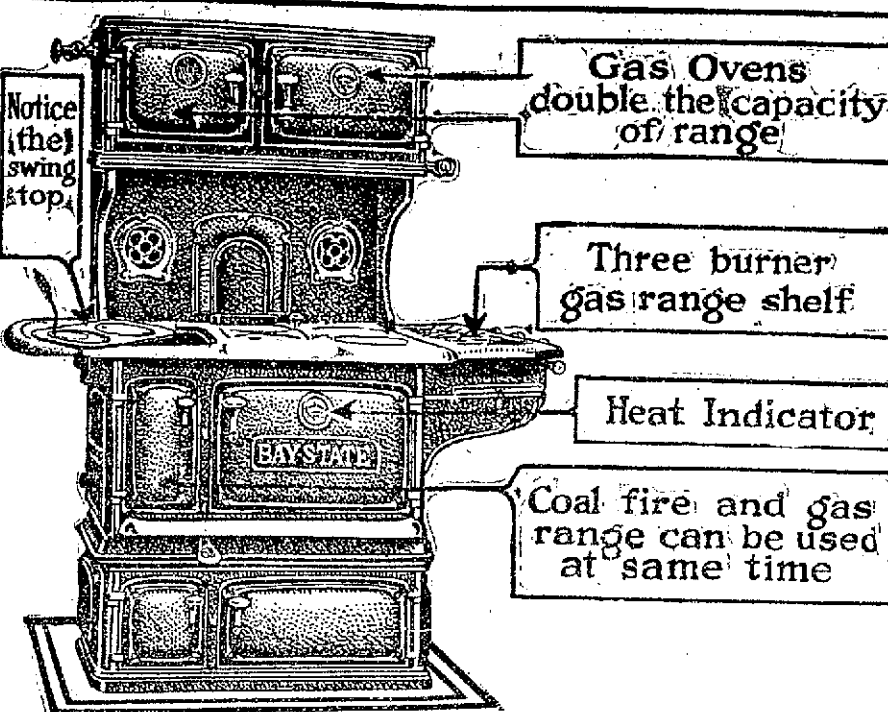
A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828



Gas Ovens double the capacity of range.

Three burner gas range shelf

Heat Indicator

Coal fire and gas range can be used at same time

New Swing Fire Top: (See Illustration.) Makes entire surface of fire available for broiling or toasting. Also enables an even and easy distribution of coal or the use of large chunks of wood. No other range has this feature.

Simplicity Damper: Works with a touch—almost automatic. Cannot be burned out or affected by heat.

Three Styles of Grates: Adapted to one style of frame. Grate and frame freely

drawn out through the fire door opening for cleaning or renewing.

Patented Extension Tea Shelves: Found only on our ranges—give ample space for large dishes.

An Aluminum Plated Oven Rack: Adjustable at two heights. A simple locking device keeps this rack in rigid position when pulled all the way out.

A Model Heat Indicator: Of scientific construction and a Twentieth Century Simmering Cover sent free with each range.

NELSON'S COLONIAL DEPARTMENT STORE, Agents For Barstow Bay State Ranges

BARSTOW Bay State Ranges

are unique—they stand alone in the Range Market. They have over 70 years of experience and honest endeavor behind them—thereby giving you the greatest possible value and convenience at the lowest price which can be set.

The BARSTOW STOVE COMPANY have made it a point always to unite the highest grade materials with the most expert workmanship. Experience has shown that this is always the cheapest way to manufacture in the long run and the only way by which a firm becomes solidly planted in the regard of its patrons.

Thus you will find in BARSTOW BAY STATE RANGES highest quality of materials, integrity of workmanship, beauty of design and greatest convenience in arrangement. And also many time and labor saving devices to be had on no other ranges.

We have enumerated some of these improvements—but they can only be fully appreciated when seen and demonstrated. Make it a point to inspect them critically—you will find them faultless.

velt."

The men and women on the stand grew silent. Col. Roosevelt turned and faced him. Waving one arm the man shouted:

"I want to know who is paying the expenses of this trip of yours about the country?"

"You Lie," He Tells Roosevelt

The question angered Col. Roosevelt and his face showed it. He advanced a step toward his interrogator and shot back his answer.

"I consider that to be an impertinent question," he said. "However, I have no objection to telling you," he said, "that the expenses of the party are being paid by the magazine of which I am one of the editors."

"You lie," the man shouted, so loudly that hundreds of persons in the crowd could hear him.

As he spoke the words Col. Roosevelt stepped forward quickly and seized him just above the elbow. He explained later that he did not know who the man was or what his intentions were, and that he had taken hold of his arm as a measure of self-protection.

He pushed the arm forward turning the man half around so that he was powerless to use the arm. It was an old trick of self-defense which he had learned years ago, the colonel said.

His vigorous action did not deter the man from finishing what he had to say.

He shouted out:

"Your expenses are being paid by the people of the United States."

Ejected From Platform

Although Col. Roosevelt was the first to act others ran quickly to assist him and even before the man had finished his remarks two men seized him. The colonel did not release his grasp until the stranger was moving rapidly from the stand. He was ejected from the platform and was swallowed up in the excited crowd.

So far as is known there was no cause for alarm, but the story of the incident spread quickly through the crowd and produced considerable excitement.

Col. Roosevelt managed to get to his automobile and was driven rapidly away. He said later that he had no idea who the stranger was.

Members of the labor organizations here came to me and told me that they did not know him," he said. "They said that he had come from out of town."

An effort was made to find the man, but all traces of him were lost. Col. Roosevelt said he was not at all alarmed by what had happened.

Roosevelt's Address

In an address yesterday at Island park to workmen of North Dakota, Col. Roosevelt outlined his belief as to what should be done for the benefit of the laboring classes of America. He said in part:

"It is indispensably necessary, in order to preserve to the largest degree our system of individualism, that there should be efficient and organized collective action. The wage earners must act jointly, through the process of collective bargaining. Only thus can they be put upon a plane of economic equality with their corporate employers. Only thus is freedom of contract made a real thing and not a mere legal fiction."

"I believe this practice of collective bargaining, effective only through such organizations as the trade unions, to have been one of the most potent forces in the past century in promoting the progress of the wage earners and in securing larger social progress for humanity. Wherever there is organized capital on a considerable scale I believe in the principle of organized labor and in the practice of collective bargaining, not merely as a desirable thing for the wage earners, but as something which has been demonstrated to be essential in the long run to their permanent progress."

Not a Blanket Indorsement

"This does not mean that I unequivocally indorse any or all practices that labor organizations may happen to adopt, or any or all principles that they may choose to enunciate. Labor organizations have the weaknesses and defects common to all other forms of human organizations. Sometimes they act very well and sometimes they act very badly, and I am for them when they act well, and I am against them when they act badly. I believe that all of them occasionally make mistakes, and that some of them have been guilty of wrong-doing."

Just in so far as they are strong and effective they tempt designing men who

seek to control them for their own interests, and stimulate the desires of ambitious leaders who may be clever, crooked men, or who may be honest but visionary and foolish. In other words, in treating of labor unions, as in treating of corporations, or of humanity generally, we will do well to remember Abraham Lincoln's saying, that 'there is a deal of human nature in mankind.'"

"Outside critics should appreciate the necessity of organized labor, and understand and sympathize with what is good in it. Instead of condemning it indiscriminately. On the other hand, those within its ranks should fearlessly analyze the criticisms directed against it and ruthlessly eliminate from the practices of its organization those things which justify such criticism and attack."

"This is the path, not only of right, but of wisdom and safety."

Field for Legislation

It is not merely the duty of the wage earner, but it is also the duty of the general public, to see that he has safe and healthy conditions under which to carry on his work. No worker should be compelled, as a condition of earning his daily bread, to risk his life and limb or be deprived of his health or have to work under dangerous and bad surroundings.

Society owes the worker this because it owes as much to itself. He should not be compelled to make this a matter of contract; he ought not to be left to fight alone for decent conditions in this respect. His protection in the place where he works should be guaranteed by the law of the land.

In other words, he should be protected during his working hours against greed and carelessness on the part of unscrupulous and thoughtless employers, just as outside of those working hours both he and his employer are protected in their lives and property against the murderer and the thief.

This opens a vitally important field of legislation to the national government and to the state alike. It is humiliating to think how far we of this country are behind most of the other countries in such matters.

Practically all civilized countries have for more than a decade, prohibited by the strictest regulations, the poisonous match industry; yet we had not done anything at all until very recently to protect the laborers against this horrible danger. The national government made an investigation a year ago into this industry, which showed a condition of things unspeakably shocking and revolting.

Legislation to prevent these abuses was introduced in congress which was not passed. Since then the companies in fault have done away with the objectionable conditions. I hope so; but whether they have or not, a law should be passed in stringent form to prevent any possible backsliding.

Employer's Liability

So it is in the matter of injuries to employees. In what is called 'employer's liability' legislation other industrial countries have accepted the principle that the industry must bear the monetary burden of its human sacrifices, and that the employee who is injured shall have a fixed and definite sum.

The United States still proceeds on an outworn and curiously improper principle, in accordance with which it has too often been held by the courts that the frightful burden of the accident shall be borne in its entirety by the very person least able to bear it.

Fortunately, in a number of states—Wisconsin and in New York, for instance—these defects in our industrial life are either being remedied or else are being made a subject of intelligent study with a view to their remedy. In New York a bill embodying moderate compensation for accidents has already been passed. Other states will undoubtedly follow in the same path.

The federal government has, so far as its own employees are concerned, been the first to recognize and put into shape this principle. However, this pioneer law was not made comprehensive enough; it does not cover all the employees of the federal government that ought to come within its provisions, and the amount paid for permanent disability or death is entirely inadequate.

Nevertheless, it was a great step in advance to have this principle of workmen's compensation accepted and embodied in the federal statutes, and the recent action of congress in providing for a commission to study and report upon the subject gives promise that the same principle will soon be applied to private firms that come within the jurisdiction of the federal government.

Women and children should, beyond all question, be protected, and in their cases there can be no question that the government should act.

On my recent trip in the neighborhood of Scranton and Wilkes-Barre, everyone I spoke to agreed as to the immense improvement that had been wrought by the effective enforcement of the laws prohibiting children under the age of 14 from working, and prohibiting women from working more than 10 hours a day. Personally, I think 10 hours too long, but, be this as it may, 10 hours a day was a great advance.

His Labor Platform

Among the planks in the platform of the American Federation of Labor are some to which I very strongly subscribe. They are:

1. Free schools, free textbooks and compulsory education.

2. A workday of not more than eight hours.

3. Release from employment one day in seven.

4. The abolition of the sweat-shop system.

5. Sanitary inspection of factory, workshop, mine and home.

6. Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.

(I regard the demands in this form as inadequate. What we need is an automatically fixed compensation for all injuries received by the employee in the course of his duty, this being infinitely better for the employee and more just to the employer. The only sufferers will be lawyers of that undesirable class which exists chiefly by carrying on lawsuits of this nature.)

7. The passage and enforcement of rigid child labor laws which will cover every portion of this country. Similar laws limiting women's labor should be enacted.

8. Suitable and plentiful playgrounds for children in all the cities.

Inasmuch as prevention is always best, especial attention should be paid to the prevention of industrial accidents by passing laws requiring the use of safety devices.

It would be a good idea to establish in every city a museum of safety devices from which the workers could get drawings of them and information as to how they could be obtained and used.

The matter of compensation for injuries to employees is, perhaps, more immediately vital than any other. In all dangerous trades the employer should be forced to share the burden of the accident, so that the shock may be borne by the community as a whole.

This would be a measure of justice in itself, and would do away with a fruitful source of antagonism between employer and employee.

Our ideal should be a rate of wages sufficiently high to enable workmen to live in a manner conformable to American ideals and standards, to educate their children, and to provide for sickness and old age; the abolition of child labor; safety device legislation to prevent industrial accidents; and automatic compensation for losses caused by these industrial accidents.

Our Apologies--Our Thanks--Our Appreciation

Are Offered in Unison Today to Our Store Friends Who Made Our Birthday Such a Happy Occasion, Last Saturday

We Apologize

For any inconvenience we may have caused our customers by failing to provide sufficient sales-people to attend to them promptly, and the only explanation we can offer is simply that, notwithstanding we prepared to handle a good big crowd, we didn't anticipate one-half the response we received—particularly was this the condition in our Bed and Bedding Department, where one of the leading bargains was Bed Blankets at 29c each, and on which we were obliged to take orders for delivery one hour after the opening of sale. We are pleased to announce this morning that as a result of telephoning the mills Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, 500 pairs were shipped by American Express, delivered Saturday evening, and all orders will be filled Tuesday. If you didn't get in Saturday on this unusual bargain we will help you out by continuing 29c Blankets on sale all day Tuesday. Also the 89c Comforters and 98c Comforters, which were sold out at 4 P. M., will be replaced early Tuesday morning, and we will agree to furnish any quantity you desire if you will come in and place your order Tuesday.

We Thank You

For the most prosperous day's business this store has ever known. Not only did the total volume of business show a phenomenal increase, but very many more customers were served than in any previous day. Thus we have gained in two most important ways: gross business done and public estimation. The inference is plain that the greater the number of satisfied customers, the stronger the bond between the people who buy and the store which sells. This state of things is to us a source of great satisfaction, and we offer our thanks in this public manner.

In Appreciation

We decided to repeat this ANNIVERSARY SALE Tuesday, after Labor Day, so that everybody may have an opportunity to benefit by the unusual offerings. As many as possible of the lots sold will be replaced early Tuesday. For instance: Kitchen Aprons at 10c each; the large size Kitchen Aprons, fitted over shoulders, at 19c; the Boys' Sweaters at 39c; the 10c Outing Flannels at 6 1-4c; and many other lots sold out at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon will be duplicated for Tuesday's sale. Many housekeepers complained that Saturday was a bad day for them to get out. Therefore this continuation Tuesday to give them a chance.

It is always our policy to give the right goods at the right time and at the right price, and we shall continue to do this, for in that way lies success of the broadest sort. We'll await your coming TUESDAY.

O'DONNELL DRY GOODS CO.

Per J. H. KELLEY, Pres.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

In the presence of Col. Roosevelt all other national lights are cast into the shade. Where will Roosevelt's crusade wind up? Committeeman Barnes of New York says the disruption of the republican party is threatened, and so it is. We venture to say that the party will show its strength in opposing Roosevelt's elevation in the New York convention.

LOWELL'S POPULATION

We are exceedingly disappointed at the estimate of our population as given out by the census bureau. We were disappointed ten years ago when told that our population was 94,969, and still more are we disappointed when now told that we are but 95,109. As this is given out as but an estimate of our population, we have some hopes that the final figures will give us at least 96,000. It would seem that there must have been some mistake somewhere as the Board of Health has for some time past estimated our population at 96,380.

MANY STREET IMPROVEMENTS IN PROGRESS

It is highly creditable to the city of Lowell to have so many street improvements in progress. Not for a dozen years has there been so much doing in this line. The addition to our smooth-paved streets this year will be highly appreciated. The smooth paving of all our principal business streets will be a great public improvement and a step in the direction of the city beautiful.

The work of removing four of the most dangerous grade crossings in Lowell is another improvement that will not only add to the public convenience on the streets in question but will also prevent the accidents that have been so common at crossings where trains pass at high speed.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT

The juvenile court which has proved so popular and useful is to be supplemented, at least in New York, by a "Domestic Relations Court" to settle family jars, ruptures between husband and wife that if allowed to proceed would result in the breaking up of homes and the life-long injury to the children depending upon the parents in such cases. The idea is a good one. Such cases should not be mixed with the ordinary police court cases. Neither should these family broils be subjected to so much publicity as the ordinary police court case. It often happens that a husband and wife having a respectable family will make a disgraceful exhibition of themselves in court. If the case be reported in the press the whole family will be humiliated, all over a wrangle between father and mother resulting. It may be, from the fact that the husband drinks and when intoxicated abuses his family. The causes are varied, of course, but in the majority of cases they are too trifling to lead to a separation of man and wife and the breaking up of a home.

If the Domestic Relations Court will settle these family troubles quietly and without publicity a great deal of good will be accomplished. Let this new court be tried. The New York suggestion will take root as there is a field for such a court in every city in the land, but particularly in factory cities, the population of which is made up of a great many foreign nationalities.

PERSISTENT HAMMERING BRINGS REFORM

It is to be regretted that the public needs have to be so often referred to before the average official is willing to concede their necessity. We have been shunting the evils of the smoke nuisance until something practical has been done. For years we had been advocating smooth-paved streets and now everybody concedes that smooth paving is the right thing. Many of those who originally opposed smooth paving are now asking: "Why didn't we find out the value of smooth paving long ago?"

We have been harping on the need of more parks and better with the need of supervised playgrounds, and today we believe every citizen will admit that the money wisely spent on parks and playgrounds will vastly benefit the whole people.

Persistently have we been advocating public baths, and at present the city council appears to be so convinced of the necessity of public baths that a special committee has been appointed to devise some method of meeting this popular demand.

The need of a public hall has also been frequently urged in these columns, and we are in hopes that the commission chosen to meet that public necessity may eventually do something practical.

A new city charter is also among the reforms urged by The Sun in order to secure better city government, and although the progress in this direction has not been very great, on account of the difficulty of harmonizing the views of conflicting elements, yet we believe that public sentiment will soon crystallize into some definite form on the matter of a city charter and thus relieve our city from the antiquated methods prescribed by the old charter.

It may be that some of our readers are of the opinion that we refer to these matters too often, but we would remind them that it is only by repetition that any valuable reform can be carried by a newspaper. We see examples of this all over the country in cases where important municipal reforms are brought about by persistent hammering by newspapers on the simple demands of public necessity and by the exposure of abuses that stir the people to action.

The public mind must first be convinced that the thing advocated is right. After that the paper working for any public reform must overcome the inertia of the popular mind, the unwillingness of the city council to assume the responsibility and perhaps a vigorous opposition into the bargain.

All this calls for repetition, repetition, and without repetition no important municipal reforms can be brought about through the public press.

SEEN AND HEARD

Of course you can't be wholly sure that a young man is an actor, just because he has a clean shaven face and a tendency to roll his "rs."

Bright red is man's favorite color, excepting sometimes when it comes to hair.

If any girl thinks that young Theodore Roosevelt put down the new carpets when he went to housekeeping, just because he has been working in a carpet factory, she is probably mistaken.

Throw a ten-cent piece on the table before a bunch of millionaires, and they will all grab for it like streetboys.

After a man gets to be fifty-five, he no longer looks surprised when he feels a sudden sting of pain.

A man always hesitates before undertaking to pronounce "catsup" after he knows how it is spelled.

Sometimes a man takes pride in being independent, when really he is only blindly obstinate.

Cucumbers are still ten cents an order at the restaurant though the farmers are selling them for a cent apiece.

It is always a great compliment to a man's disposition when his wife looks almost younger than her daughters.

When you buy sea salt at the seashore, you are sure that it comes from the ocean, because it says so on the label on the box.

If a girl is homely and has to ask a favor of a man she has never seen, it is better for her to do it by telephone—or by letter, if her handwriting is good.

None of the critics can explain to the satisfaction of the reading world where Shakespeare got his perfect and exact knowledge of human nature—unless he asked his wife.

One thing the average woman finds out very soon after she gets married is that man isn't made of gold dust.

"With all your faults, I love you still," dreamily thought the husband as his energetic wife settled down to sleep, after giving him a certain lecture.

When a man is rich enough to keep a touring car and a chauffeur, he isn't wholly happy until somebody asks him how much it costs him a year to run it.

THE BRIDE

She stands beneath the floral bell, in modest, blushing pride. Her friends agree that nobody ever saw a fairer bride.

Her age and beauty make her fit Her wedding vows to take— But can she cook a leg of lamb, And can she broil a steak?

The wedding veil enfolding her Her loveliness reveals. Her maiden grace—her modesty— To every one appeals.

The bridegroom all congratulate Upon his great good luck— But can she make a loaf of bread, And could she roast a duck? —Somerville Journal.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

A temperance campaign in Ireland is known as the "Catch-my-Pal" movement. Rev. P. J. Patterson, the clergyman at the head of the movement, has

HOW TO TREAT SKIN DISEASES

A Simple Remedy That Can Be Tried For 10 Cents

Many skin diseases like Eczema and Salt Rheum are due to an external cause that is little understood, and are not the result of impure blood. The taking of internal remedies is a waste of time and money, as many sufferers can testify. The simplest and safest remedy is Cadum, the new medical preparation. Cadum, when applied, excludes the air and all external agents that cause inflammation and irritation. It stops the itching at once, and the healing process begins immediately. Wonderful cures are reported not only of Eczema and Salt Rheum, but of less serious troubles like Psoriasis, Ring worm, Acne, Herpes, Scaly Skin, Scabs, Pimples, Rash, Eruptions, Blisters, Blackheads, etc. Trial box, 10c. Large box, 25c. All druggists.

Bay State Dye Works

You will soon be going away on your vacation and will need all the ready money that you will get. Get hold of, and at the same time you will want to have your wardrobe in good shape. At a small outlay you will put your clothing in almost as good shape as when it was new. So this is one way that you can save the use of more ready money for your vacation. We do all kinds of work, dyeing, cleaning, pressing and pressing, at lowest prices and the very best work at short notice.

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84 PRESCOTT STREET.

COKE

Otto or Lowell Coke, \$4.75 per chaldron, \$2.38 per half-chaldron.

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SAVE TIME AND MUSCLE

Goodale's Wash Clean

Will do it. We have customers who have used it for years and say it does not injure the clothes and saves 50 per cent of the labor on wash day.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE,

217 CENTRAL STREET

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 20c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

For Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

announced that in 18 months there will be a convention at Belfast, at which temperance workers from the United States and China, and Japan, as well as from the British countries, will be gathered.

George Gifford is raising successfully a rare variety of sheep on Hesper Island in Puget sound. They are Karakuls, the sacred sheep of Asia. Mr. Gifford was a missionary in Central Asia when some of the sheep were given him in return for a favor to a nobleman of Bokhara, and it occurred to the American that if more were secured there might be profit in raising them in his own country. When he had succeeded in getting possession of a flock of 30, he brought them to Seattle, Wash., and chose Hesper Island as the place for raising them because of its luxuriant shrubbery and the similarity of its climate to that of the habitat of the sheep in Asia.

Sir Cheng Tung, the Chinese minister in Berlin, who was formerly minister at Washington, will send his two sons to America on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Sept. 9, to enter Anshurst college in the fall. Sir Cheng was partly educated at Anshurst after being fitted at Andover. He has dropped his title here and calls himself Mr. Chang Cheng. He says the Europeanization of China is making rapid strides. Even the young women have been infected with the idea and have developed a fad for piano playing, resulting in a remarkable importation of pianos.

J. O. Terrell of San Antonio, whom the republicans of Texas have named for governor, belongs to an old pioneer family of that state. In his time he has played the roles of plowboy and cowboy, editor and lawyer. He is now president of two of the strongest financial institutions in the Lone Star state.

Literature and art cannot be said to have greatly flourished during the last decade or so, but it will certainly not be the fault of the king and of Queen Mary, says the Lady's Pictorial of London, if learning is not regarded as better than lands and art does not reach a higher level. The queen is an omnivorous reader. It is understood that she will have no ladies in her entourage who are not what may be described as intellectual women, and she is deeply interested in all literary matters.

The library at Windsor has already engaged his attention, and it will not be a matter of surprise if in future honors lists the names of those who have distinguished themselves by their pen appear more frequently than has hitherto been the case.

King George, unlike his royal predecessor, who did not care for "poetry and painting," is extremely fond of pictures, and there is no exhibition of paintings in which the queen does not take some interest.

James E. Martine, known through New Jersey as the "farmer orator" and a follower of the political fortunes of William J. Bryan, has formally declared himself a democratic candidate for the United States senate, to succeed John Kean. He expects his name to go on the ballot in the state primary this month.

Rev. Simon Blunt, rector of the church of the Redeemer, Chicago, will be the successor of Rev. Charles Mockridge, rector of All Saints' Episcopal church in Ashmont, Dorchester, who died last spring in Louisville, Ky. Rev. Mr. Blunt will begin his work in Ashmont in October. He was formerly a curate at St. Stephen's church, Providence, R. I. All Saints' parish is one of the largest and wealthiest in the Episcopal church in this state.

The fifth woman to hold the office of church warden in England has recently been appointed. She is an inhabitant of Walsingham-on-Stowe in Wiltshire. Lincolnshire has a woman sexton in whose family the office has been for 200 years.

The new chairman of the republican territorial committee of Arizona is Albert M. Sames, a prominent young attorney, who has practiced in Douglas since his graduation from the Columbia Law school ten years ago.

CURE OF ECZEMA AND DANDRUFF

By One Box of Cuticura Ointment and One Cake of Cuticura Soap. Head Perfectly Clear.

"I am pleased to inform you that I have been cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Since I was a boy I have suffered with dandruff, not only from the itching but from its unsightly appearance in a scaly form all over my head. I had to brush it off my clothes all day long. I used every kind of preparation supposed to cure dandruff, also to soaps and shampoos, but it seemed to me that, instead of improving, with these remedies, the dandruff increased, even my hair began to fall out and the result was that two months ago eczema developed on my scalp.

I suffered so from this that as a last resort I bought a box of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. They have given me the most gratifying results for I had used only one box of Cuticura Ointment and a single cake of Cuticura Soap when I was cured, the eczema and dandruff were gone and my head perfectly clear. I can assure you that as long as I live no other ointment than Cuticura will be used by me and all those near to me. I will also add that I will always use Cuticura Ointment as a dressing for the hair. I feel that you should know of my cure and if you desire you may use this as a true testimonial which comes from a sufferer of thirty years' standing. I will be happy to tell any one of my experience in order to assist those who may be suffering from the same disease. J. A. A. ALLEN, General Commission Merchant, 180 West St., New York, Apr. 21, 1910."

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for itching skin. A cake of Cuticura Soap (2c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold through all druggists. Foster Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors, 135 Columbus Ave., Boston.

6-12-10-12-14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30-32-34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100-102-104-106-108-110-112-114-116-118-120-122-124-126-128-130-132-134-136-138-140-142-144-146-148-150-152-154-156-158-160-162-164-166-168-170-172-174-176-178-180-182-184-186-188-190-192-194-196-198-200-202-204-206-208-210-212-214-216-218-220-222-224-226-228-230-232-234-236-238-240-242-244-246-248-250-252-254-256-258-260-262-264-266-268-270-272-274-276-278-280-282-284-286-288-290-292-294-296-298-300-302-304-306-308-310-312-314-316-318-320-322-324-326-328-330-332-334-336-338-340-342-344-346-348-350-352-354-356-358-360-362-364-366-368-370-372-374-376-378-380-382-384-386-388-390-392-394-396-398-400-402-404-406-408-410-412-414-416-418-420-422-424-426-428-430-432-434-436-438-440-442-444-446-448-450-452-454-456-458-460-462-464-466-468-470-472-474-476-478-480-482-484-486-488-490-492-494-496-498-500-502-504-506-508-510-512-514-516-518-520-522-524-526-528-530-532-534-536-538-540-542-544-546-548-550-552-554-556-558-560-562-564-566-568-570-572-574-576-578-580-582-584-586-588-590-592-594-596-598-600-602-604-606-608-610-612-614-616-618-620-622-624-626-628-630-632-634-636-638-640-642-644-646-648-650-652-654-656-658-660-662-664-666-668-670-672-674-676-678-680-682-684-686-688-690-692-694-696-698-700-702-704-706-708-710-712-714-716-718-720-722-724-726-728-730-732-734-736-738-740-742-744-746-748-750-752-754-756-758-760-762-764-766-768-770-772-774-776-778-780-782-784-786-788-790-792-794-796-798-800-802-804-806-808-810-812-814-816-818-820-822-824-826-828-830-832-834-836-838-840-842-844-846-848-850-852-854-856-858-860-862-864-866-868-870-872-874-876-878-880-882-884-886-888-890-892-894-896-898-900-902-904-906-908-910-912-914-916-918-920-922-924-926-928-930-932-934-936-938-940-942-944-946-948-950-952-954-956-958-960-962-964-966-968-970-972-974-976-978-980-982-984-986-988-990-992-994-996-998-1000-1002-1004-1006-1008-1010-1012-1014-1016-1018-1020-1022-1024-1026-1028-1030-1032-1034-1036-1038-1040-1042-1044-1046-1048-1050-1052-1054-1056-1058-1060-1062-1064-1066-1068-1070-1072-1074-1076-1078-1080-1082-1084-1086-1088-1090-1092-1094-1096-1098-1100-1102-1104-1106-1108-1110-1112-1114-1116-1118-1120-1122-1124-1126-1128-1130-1132-1134-1136-1138-1140-1142-1144-1146-1148-1150-1152-1154-1156-1158-1160-1162-1164-1166-1168-1170-1172-1174-1176-1178-1180-1182-1184-1186-1188-1190-1192-1194-1196-1198-1200-1202-1204-1206-1208-1210-1212-1214-1216-1218-1220-1222-1224-1226-1228-1230-1232-1234-1236-1238-1240-1242-1244-1246-1248-1250-1252-1254-1256-1258-1260-1262-1264-1266-1268-1270-1272-1274-1276-1278-1280-1282-1284-1286-1288-1290-1292-1294-1296-1298-1300-1302-1304-1306-1308-1310-1312-1314-1316-1318-1320-1322-1324-1326-1328-1330-1332-1334-1336-1338-1340-1342-1344-1346-1348-1350-1352-1354-1356-1358-1360-1362-1364-1366-1368-1370-1372-1374-1376-1378-1380-1382-1384-1386-1388-1390-1392-1394-1396-1398-1400-1402-1404-1406-1408-1410-1412-1414-1416-1418-1420-1422-1424-1426-1428-1430-1432-1434-1436-1438-1440-1442-1444-1446-1448-1450-1452-1454-1456-1458-1460-1462-1464-1466-1468-1470-1472-1474-1476-1478-1480-1482-1484-1486-1488-1490-1492-1494-1496-1498-1500-1502-1504-1506-1508-1510-1512-1514-1516-1518-1520-1522-1524-1526-1528-1530-1532-1534-1536-1538-1540-1542-1544-1546-1548-1550-1552-1554-1556-1558-1560-1562-1564-1566-1568-1570-1572-1574-1576-1578-1580-1582-1584-1586-1588-1590-1592-1594-1596-1598-1600-1602-1604-1606-1608-1610-1612-1614-1616-1618-1620-1622-1624-1626-1628-1630-1632-1634-1636-1638-1640-1642-1644-1646-1648-1650-1652-1654-1656-1658-1660-1662-1664-1666-1668-1670-1672-1674-1676-1678-1680-1682-1684-1686-1688-1690-1692-1694-1696-1698-1700-1702-1704-1706-1708-1710-1712-1714-1716-1718-1720-1722-1724-1726-1728-1730-1732-1734-1736-1738-1740-1742-1744-1746-1748-1750-1752-1754-1756-1758-1760-1762-1764-1766-1768-1770-1772-1774-1776-1778-1780-1782-1784-1786-1788-1790-1792-1794-1796-1798-1800-1802-1804-1806-1808-1810-1812-1814-1816-1818-1820-1822-1824-1826-1828-1830-1832-1834-1836-1838-1840-1842-1844-1846-1848-1850-1852-1854-1856-1858-1860-1862-1864-1866-1868-1870-1872-1874-1876-1878-1880-1882-1884-1886-1888-1890-1892-1894-1896-1898-1900-1902-1904-1906-1908-1910-1912-1914-1916-1918-1920-1922-1924-1926-1928-1930-1932-1934-1936-1938-1940-1942-1944-1946-1948-1950-1952-1954-1956-1958-1960-1962-1964-1966-1968-1970-1972-1974-1976-1978-1980-1982-1984-1986-1988-1990-1992-1994-1996-1998-2000-2002-2004-2006-2008-2010-2012-2014-2016-2018-2020-2022-2024-2026-2028-2030-2032-2034-2036-2038-2040-2042-2044-2046-2048-2050-2052-2054-2056-2058-2060-2062-2064-2066-2068-2070-2072-2074-2076-2078-2080-2082-2084-2086-2088-2090-2092-2094-2096-2098-2100-2102-2104-2106-2108-2110-2112-2114-2116-2118-2120-2122-2124-2126-2128-2130-2132-2134-2136-2138-2140-2142-2144-2146-2148-2150-2152-2154-2156-2158-2160-2162-2164-2166-2168-2170-2172-2174-2176-2178-2180-2182-2184-2186-2188-2190-2192-2194-2196-2198-2200-2202-2204-2206-2208-2210-2212-2214-2216-2218-2220-2222-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A QUIET HOLIDAY AVIATION FEATS

Little Excitement in Lowell on Labor Day

Inclement Weather Kept Many at Home—Hundreds Went Out of Town—The Ball Game and Theatres Were Well Attended

Labor Day passed into history uneventfully, for there was no formal celebration by organized labor and weather conditions were such as to keep people at home.

The Loomfixers held an outing and some of the carpenters went to Lawrence as the guests of the Carpenters' union of that city, but none of the other organizations held any observances.

It had been previously decided by the Trades and Labor council not to hold a formal celebration in view of the fact that the mills had been closed for two weeks and working on short time prior to two weeks ago.

A heavy rain fell during Sunday night while the morning dawned with lowering skies. Baseball was to be the principal attraction of the day and in the morning the fans entertained grave doubts as to whether the games would be played or not on account of the weather conditions and none from this city attended the morning game at Glen Forest. The rain held off, however, and though the afternoon was damp and dark 4500 people were in attendance at Spaulding park.

Several thousand French-Americans from this city went to Manchester early in the day for the celebration of the French societies which included a big street parade and military competition. There was an exodus of Lowell people to Boston to witness the flights of the bird-men. Many went to City Point to see the fun and were disappointed as the weather was heavy and the air-ships not visible from that point owing to the dense fog.

Those who remained at home attended the theatres, the Opera House and the Hathaway opening for the season. Both drew crowded houses and presented strong attractions. The picture theatres did their usual holiday business, presenting special programs. The depot was a busy place last night when the Canadian trains pulled in for a large number of Lowell people departed for Montreal to attend the Bicharistic convention, and hundreds accompanied them to the cars with messages for friends in the north country.

Opera House. The opening of the theatrical season in this city yesterday afternoon was marked by large attendance at the several show houses. The bills booked for the opening performances were very good, despite the fact that there is a claim that managers are liable to book second-class shows, feeling that the houses will be packed on a holiday.

There were two large attendances at the Opera House, the house being taxed to its capacity both during the afternoon and evening. The interior of this popular playhouse underwent a renovation during the summer months and everything is now spick and span, comfortable and pleasing to the eye. The attraction yesterday afternoon

and evening was "The Black Fox" in which Daniel Ryan appeared. This play deals with life in the Canadian woods and the characters are French Canadians. Mr. Ryan as usual was very good as was Miss Harriet Duke who took the leading female part. The supporting company included the following:

"Alex Devanne," Sr. and Jr., by W. H. Shelly; "Grand-pere," George Fisher; "Napoleon Dore," Francis R. Prosser and "Virgilio," Harriet Duke.

Hathaway Theatre. Yesterday was opening day at Hathaway's theatre and seats were at a premium at both performances. The theatre has been "touched up" throughout and several new sets of scenery have been added.

Laddie Cliff is the pick of the opening and he is a corking entertainer. He made a bit of a speech yesterday in which he stated that he is very favorably impressed with Lowell, and he said that just as soon as he gets back to London he will tell King George about it and that means, of course, that Laddie Cliff is an English lad; but even that can be forgiven him. Cliff is a good singer, a good talker and all round entertainer. As a dancer there is none to compare.

It must not be understood, however, that Laddie Cliff is the whole show. He's one "big un," but there are others, and the others include Jarvis and Martin, a pair of comedy jugglers; Thea Lightner, in a refined pianola; the Van Der Koors, called "quack illusionists"; Burkhardt, Flynn and Parker "Just Us Threes," are the best singers heard here for some time; Miss Ridgely and company furnish a very pleasing dramatic playlet, "The Other Woman." The bill concludes with the Woods and Woods trio in an original comedy pantomime entitled "An Epitaph on Wire."

Performances of the foregoing acts will be given every afternoon and evening during the remainder of the week.

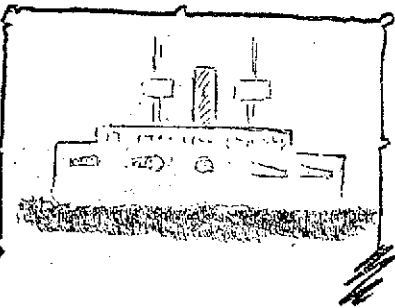
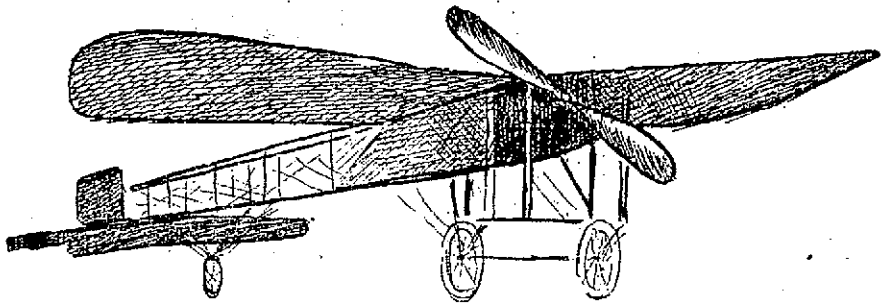
Academy of Music.

There is a great show at the Academy the first three days of this week, and yesterday the theatre was packed, both afternoon and evening. The McAlvey Marvells are truly wonderful jumpers, while Emerson and Dupree kept the audience in a roar of laughter from start to finish, and the Four Magnanis, the Musical Barbers, have an act worth going miles to see. The pictures are new and the best in the market. Prices 5 and 10 cents.

BROKE HIS ANKLE

Edward Williston, residing at 8 Tyler street, fell and broke his right ankle at an outing yesterday afternoon. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell hospital, where he received treatment.

AVIATION FEATS



CLAUDE GRAHAME-WHITE, THE CELEBRATED BRITISH AVIATOR, HIS MACHINE IN FLIGHT AT ATLANTIC AND THE MODEL BATTLESHIP INTO WHICH BOMBS WERE DROPPED

About 30,000 People Witnessed Thrilling Manoeuvres of Man Birds at Atlantic Yesterday

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Claude Grahame-White, of England, proved himself to be the wizard of all the aviators at the second day of the Harvard-Boston aero meet before 30,000 people at Atlantic yesterday, when he took place in every one of the five classes which were competed for. Beyond this, while repeatedly drew forth the plaudits of the thousands of spectators, flights he demonstrated in a thrilling manner all the hazardous feats of the men of the air, dodging first over the grand stand and down almost upon the heads of the spectators, to soar up and swoop down again into the automobile section. On one of his flights, he took up Miss Mary Campbell, of New York, and after twice circling the course with her in an easy manner, gave her the thrill of her life in a 200 feet slide down the wind to within ten feet of the ground from which elevation he lightly dropped his Farman onto the turf.

Miss Ladd Taken Up. Charles Foster Willard, of Melrose, took up the first newspaper woman to make an ascension in this country, Miss Eleanor Ladd, of Boston following with another flight in which he took up J. C. Foye, of another Boston newspaper.

The best time of the day, made by White, was 5 1/4 miles, in 6 minutes 1 second, with a Bleriot. While the distance record of the day was 45 miles, 617 feet, on which trips was one 16 minutes and 7 seconds.

Only Serious Accident

The only serious accident of the day occurred in the amateur class early in the morning, when Horace F. Kearney of Kansas City, Mo., while running over the ground at the get-away, shot into the wire fence in front of the grand stand and crumpled up the front control of his Piltzner monoplane. The aviator narrowly escaped death from the jagged shafts which seemed to stick out from all sides of him squeezed in between his engine and the messes of the wire fence. He escaped unhurt, however. Later in the afternoon, A. V. Roe of England had a little difficulty in landing on his first real attempt to get into the air, when, on alighting at the end of the roadway his wheels buckled, setting the triplane up on end and digging her nose into the turf. But little damage resulted. White's distance and duration flights were broken off by the smashing of an inlet valve of the engine, which compelled him to come down after making his 45 mile flight while the Wright machine, operated by Johnstone, also had a contrary kink and the aviator landed behind his hangar.

Cromwell Dixon came out with his dirigible, intending to fly to Boston

common, but suffered a twisted shaft and gave up the attempt.

Altogether, there were 22 events pulled off in the five classes in which there were competitions yesterday. Owing to a heavy fog, which prevailed

was in the air 48 minutes.

The five contestants in the distance events were obliged to allow first place to White, who made 45 miles, 617 feet. Johnstone being second, with 26 miles, 3107 feet.



all day, and a pouring rain for an hour in the afternoon, it was impossible to start any machines in the altitude contest or on the flight to Boston Light and return. White, in a Bleriot, Curtiss, in his own machine, and Willard, in another Curtiss, competed in the speed contest of three laps of the mile and three-quarters course. White did it in six minutes, one second, Curtiss in six minutes, 31 seconds, and Willard in seven minutes, 38 1/2 seconds.

There were eight entries in the duration contest, White winning out by remaining up one hour, 16 minutes and seven seconds, while Johnstone, who

The Englishman was the only man to compete in the get-away, but did not do anything surprising, requiring 110 feet and 3 inches to get his Bleriot monoplane off the ground, and 177 feet 2 1/2

inches to raise the Farman.

Bomb Dropping Contest

The bomb dropping contest over the model battleship still retains its popular interest with the crowd, and again White proved himself the star performer of the day. In his trial he dropped two of his ten bombs directly into the funnel of the battleship, while all of his other shots hit some part of the deck. Willard was only able to land his shots on the remote parts of the decks, while Curtiss in two trials, made a bulb bulls eye on the funnels and seven hits on the deck out of eight shots on one entry and struck the battleship nine out of ten times on his other attempt.

Summary of Points

The summarizing of points in all events in which points are kept up to date gives Claude Grahame-White 68 points, Glenn H. Curtiss, 27; Charles F. Willard, 13; Ralph Johnstone, 6, and Walter Brooks, 2.

During the day announcement was made that John Barry Ryan, son of Thos. F. Ryan of New York, has offered, through the Harvard Aeronautical society, a \$500 cup to be competed for at this meet and future meets in the bomb dropping contest. The cup will carry a bronze statue of the famous Commodore Barry.

A PRETTY PARTY

Held by Stationary Firemen Last Night

Associate hall was the scene of a pretty dancing party last night, the occasion being the annual concert and ball of the Lowell lodge of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen. It was the 14th annual and the most successful social affair ever conducted by the organization. There was a large attendance and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner.

The success of the party was due to the efficient work of the following officials:

General manager, John T. Hendricks, president; assistant general manager, Jas. Hammond, vice president; floor director, John W. Downing, recording secretary; assistant floor director, Chas. Miller; chief aid, John Callaghan.

Aids, M. P. Conneally, Samuel Oldfield, Frank Martin, Joseph F. Butler, T. Reynolds, James Malloy, William Green.

Reception committee: John P. Dean, A. Shaffer, Onnie Zesvick, John Seelhan, J. F. Barros, John Gooley, Hugh J. Gallagher.

A well attended meeting of the local lodge of the Brotherhood was held Sunday. Remarks were made by different members relative to the progress made by the local during the 11 years of its existence. The present officers of the local are: President, John T. Hendricks; vice president, James Hammond; financial secretary, T. J. McGee; recording secretary and treasurer, J. W. Downing; sergeant-at-arms, Patrick Reynolds; trustees, John P. Dean, William Green and Samuel Oldfield.

BIG RACES POSTPONED

HARTFORD, Sept. 6.—A further postponement of the Grand Circuit races at Charter Oak park in connection with the Connecticut fair was announced this forenoon, owing to the condition of the track.

A Tonic Stimulant

The active business man, the brain worker, and all this class of people could not stand the constant strain on their brain and nerves were it not for the timely use of a pure, gentle, invigorating tonic.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

the standard of purity and excellence for over half a century, is one of the greatest tonic - stimulants and strength-givers known to science.

It has been extolled throughout the world for what it has done for suffering humanity. Its success in curing disease has caused many unreliable dealers to put up substitutes and imitations with which to fool the people, claiming that their substitutes are "just as good as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey," but they are thinking of their profits only. Insist on the genuine. Sold in SEaled BOTTLES ONLY. All druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a large bottle. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

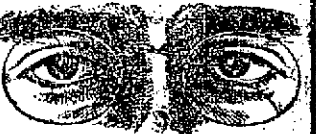
LOSS IS \$60,000

Large Saw Mill Destroyed by Fire

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 6.—The large saw mill of G. W. Barker and son in Millford was totally destroyed by fire last night, causing a loss of \$60,000. The mill, which employed 175, manufactured 60,000 feet of long lumber daily.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Good for \$2



PRESENT THIS COUPON
Every reader of this paper will receive a rebate of \$2.00 on any pair of my \$3.00 glasses if presented any day this week except Wednesday.

EYES EXAMINED FREE
All troubles arising from the eyes, such as headaches, nervousness, dizziness, spots, are corrected by my skilled fitting of proper glasses.

J. W. Grady

GRADUATE OPTICIAN
Rooms 115, 116, 419 and 420 Wyman's Exchange Building, cor. Central and Merrimack Sts. Telephone 1644

LABOR'S DAY OF REST



Yesterday in Lowell and elsewhere was labor's great "day off," when the printer, the steel worker, the miner and the thousands of other workmen in all trades enjoy a day of celebration. This year is marked in the history of American labor as being particularly free from trouble between employers and employees, there being but few disagreements between the two great armies in the entire nation.

Enter the Aeroine—Heroine of the Air



By CHARLES N. LURIE.

SAID I to my friend the woman hater:

"Well, why shouldn't women fly if they wish to do so?"

Said my friend the woman hater: "No reason in the world. They go up in the air often enough."

So they are going up in the air, as the pictures show, but not in the sense in which the misogynist used the words. Aviation for women has reached the point where the Parisian costumers are designing special costumes for the sport or pastime or vocation or avocation. That means that it is fast becoming an "institution." One of the lady aviators is shown in the picture garbed for a flight.

What Shall We Call the Lady Flier?

"Lady aviator" brings up another point. What shall we call the women who are ascending in aeroplanes and balloons? Shall we refer to them as aviatrices (plural of aviatrice, of which the masculine is aviator), or shall we adopt the suggestion of an English magazine and refer to the flier as "aeroine"? The latter suggestion has merit, but the word has one fatal defect—it is difficult of pronunciation. From some mouths it will emerge with so close a resemblance to "heroine" as to be mistaken for that word. Perhaps it is well to suggest a relationship between "aeroine" and "aeroine," since the latter is undoubtedly worthy of enrollment in the list of the former. At this stage of the flying game any woman who accomplishes a flight is surely a heroine.

Up to the date of writing there had not been many woman aviators. Italy had the Duchess of Aosta, cousin by marriage of King Victor Emmanuel.

France, in some respects the leader in aviation and in many respects the world's mentor in "feminism," had only three prominent lady fliers—Baroness de la Roche, incapacitated for an indefinite length of time by very serious

injuries due to a fall; Mme. Franck, also injured just after she had announced her intention of making a flight across the English channel, and Mme. Paulhan, wife of the famous Louis. There have been a few others, but their exploits have attracted little attention. England has two or three women fliers in heavier than air machines. Germany has produced no women fliers of note—none, that is, in aeroplanes. The Zeppelin, Parseval and Gross dirigible balloons have had female passengers in some of their famous flights. In America we have had Miss Katherine Wright, Mrs. Harri O. Berg, Mrs. Cortland Field Bishop, Mrs. Clifford B. Harman, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and a few others as passengers with the "man birds" when they made flights above the earth. Mrs. Bishop was the first woman to fly in America. But no American woman so far as known has been daring enough to go aloft as an aviator. That will come in time, no doubt, and in the meanwhile we may rest content with the fact that we have the only genuine bona fide woman airship inventor on earth. She is worth a separate paragraph.

Only Woman Airship Inventor.

The name of the lady is Miss E. Lillian Todd, and her postoffice address is New York. She is called "probably the first woman in the world to design and build an aeroplane" all by herself. The Todd machine was a collapsible or folding aeroplane, and the fact of its existence was first made public two years ago. Since that time Miss Todd has kept busy designing and making improvements to her aeroplane. She is a member of the Aero Club of America and one of the founders of the Junior Aero club, which aims at teaching the young American idea how to fly. Miss Todd has the added distinction of being the builder of her flying machine as well as its inventor. Recently she had the good fortune to attract the notice of Mrs. Russell Sage, and it was announced

that there was a fair chance of some of old Mr. Sage's carefully hoarded money being turned up to gasoline and oil to run the Todd machine.

Commenting on the possibility of the woman flier becoming a common sight, a leading English periodical said recently:

"It may perhaps be said that the flying man has become a commonplace of the sky of the continent, even if he is still a rare bird in this country. The flying woman is a novelty abroad and altogether a novelty here and as such and because of her own attractions is arousing much curiosity. It has been said that and again that women are more apt to be daring than men, inasmuch as they do not always realize the extent of the risks they take. Such an argument, however, cannot possibly be advanced in connection with some famous aviatrices. (Notice the coolness with which the Englishman assumes that that is the proper word to use!) Considerable experience in the art they are favoring and considerable knowledge of the feats of flying men—and of the fate of

some of them—have taught them that followers of the newest of new sports take lives in their hands every time they leave the surface of the earth in company with man-made wings. Despite this, they persevere, which says much for their skill and their courage. It should perhaps be said that but one of them, the Baroness de la Roche, is in the habit of making flights by herself. The others have made their ascents in company with men, who have acted as pilots of the machine. This nevertheless does not lessen the interest in them, for, whether they have been at the wheel or not, the mere fact that they have flown is enough to place them among the 'aeroines' of aviation."

Must Be a Heroine as Well as Aeroine.

In one respect, above all others, the "aeroine" must be a heroine when she goes aviating. Even to a greater extent than the woman automobilist she must renounce all her pretensions to coquetry. Aviation is not conducive to the preservation of one's good looks, and the woman aviator, dressed for

the occasion, is as much a "sight" as her machine or her flight in the air. Her garments get little chance in the aeroplane, set as she is in the midst of spraying oil and the fumes of gasoline. The most favored material for women aviators' garments is leather, cut in as few pieces as possible and with very few seams. In the air there is no dust—that bete noire of woman automobilists—but there is more than a sufficiency of oil and gasoline fumes to make up for it. "Grimey" is the word that must be applied to the woman flier descending from the clouds.

But there is this supreme consolation—it is worth it, according to the testimony of all of the women who have tried the novel experience.

"I never had a more delightful experience," said Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., recently upon her return from an aerial journey with Clifford B. Harman, "and I would never ride any other way if I could help it. It's a most restful feeling—no exertion, no care. I never thought of falling."

It is the almost unanimous opinion of the leading men aviators of the

world that, for the present at least, women should not think of flying in machines by themselves. Less objection is raised, of course, against having women as passengers in the aeroplanes, although some demur is made even against this slight concession to the demand of the fair sex for novelty and new sensations. According to the "man birds," women are temperamentally unfitted to cope with the problems which confront the aviator. One of the most outspoken of the objectors is Charles K. Hamilton, the famous hero of the New York to Philadelphia and return flight. Among the others who have expressed themselves as opposed to the flying of women are Captain Thomas S. Baldwin, probably the oldest and most experienced of American aeronauts, who says:

"A woman may be able to run a bicycle or a motorboat or an automobile. Compared with an aeroplane either is as easy to manage as a baby carriage. It takes out and nerve to run an aeroplane. The operator must cast all fear aside and have no thought for

the consequences. Had a man been in the machine instead of its occupant being Mme. de la Roche I don't believe there would have been any accident. But she lost her head and then lost control of the machine also."

Dangers to Fliers and Spectators.

It will be recalled that the baroness was very severely injured at the recent aviation meet at Rheims, her arms and legs being fractured and her body sustaining other severe injuries. She was flying along smoothly when two other aeroplanes passed over her. The rush of air confused her so that she cut off her ignition and lost control of her machine. Instead of gliding safely to the earth in normal fashion her biplane turned over and dropped to the ground with its occupant.

The danger to the spectator from the falling of an aeroplane also enters the minds of the experts. Without any intention of jesting with so serious a subject it may be asserted that it will hurt just as much to have a woman aviator drop on one, almost literally from the clouds, as it will to have a man do so.

SENATOR DICK, SOLDIER AND STATESMAN

WHEN the government of the United States wants information on military matters to whom does it turn? To the same man to whom the state of Ohio looks for advice and guidance in regard to its citizen soldiers. And that man is Major General Charles William Frederick Dick. Don't recognize the name? Well, you are not to be blamed. When the name of the senior senator from Ohio is printed in its usual form the two middle sections are cut out and the name pro-

vided for senatorial military honors is Du Pont of Delaware, whose record in the civil war requires nearly a page of the Congressional Directory for its proper setting forth. But Du Pont never got as high as the wearing of a major general's stars, so Dick would outrank him if it ever became necessary for the president to call out the senate in defense of the country. There are a few of the older senators who saw service in the civil war on one side or the other, but so far as patient research can disclose, Senator

As Senator Dick's colleague in the upper national house, Senator Burton, knows everything there is to be known or guessed about rivers and harbors, so Senator Dick has a most comprehensive knowledge of things military. Full evidence of his grasp of the subject was presented a few years ago in the Dick militia or national guard bill, now known as the Dick law. It formulated the present system under which the relations of the federal government with the national guard of the various states are

for active service and the army men who remember the almost equally discouraging conditions in 1898 give their unqualified approval and unadmitted praise to the provisions of the Dick law, introduced and pushed with vigor to a successful conclusion by the legislator who served against Spain as lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Ohio volunteers. Subsequently lieutenant colonel Dick became colonel of the regiment.

Major General-Senator Dick possesses one indispensable characteristic of the good soldier and the successful politician—that is, he never knows when he is licked. Not that he has been licked so many times since he took up the career of a leader of Ohio's Republican destinies; but, of course, like most of the prominent men of the exceedingly lively political commonwealth, he has known what it means to have a sickle following turn one down. But he has always "come back," and today there is no keener, shrewder, harder political fighter within the boundaries of the state. In one detail alone Dick has made a reputation second to none—that is, as a political prognosticator. He has been known to take a given township in a given county in any part of Ohio and predict with amazing, almost uncanny, certainty how it would go in a primary or general election.

Dick's power of political prediction, joined to his industry and persuasiveness, was the quality in all probability that first brought him to the notice of the great ones in Ohio politics. The two men with whom he was most closely connected before his own star blazed forth on the state skies were President McKinley and Senator Hanna. The former placed Mr. Dick—he was young Mr. Dick then, only thirty-four years old—in charge of the Ohio campaign in 1892 after he had demonstrated his ability in Akron, his home city. Later Senator Hanna made Dick his lieutenant, and it is the senatorial toga of the "kingmaker" which Dick is wearing now.

Senator Dick was born in Akron, Nov. 3, 1858. His father was a German miller. After receiving a public school education and working at the banking and grain commission businesses Mr. Dick turned his attention to the law and was admitted to the bar in 1882. Before that time he had engaged in politics, receiving an election as auditor of Summit county in 1886 and continuing in that office until 1891. The former placed Mr. Dick—he was young Mr. Dick then, only thirty-four years old—in charge of the Ohio campaign in 1892 after he had demonstrated his ability in Akron, his home city. Later Senator Hanna made Dick his lieutenant, and it is the senatorial toga of the "kingmaker" which Dick is wearing now.

TURNING TO THE HOLY LAND FOR FOOD

FOR many decades we Americans have drawn spiritual sustenance from the tales and traditions, the legends and the precepts that sprang from the soil of the Holy Land. Now it appears that we are to derive from the same soil the means of bodily nourishment. In pursuit of the policy of ransacking the earth for varieties of plants and animals that may be adapted to profitable reproduction in the United States the department of agriculture recently

turned its searchlight on Palestine. The result of its researches was made known recently in a pamphlet entitled "Agricultural and Botanical Explorations in Palestine," from which most of the facts detailed herein are taken.

In presenting to the public the results of its explorations the department draws some very interesting analogies between Palestine and California. It is stated that the topography of the American state and the ancient historic land is similar to a very high

out by the researches and the conclusions of Aaron Aaronsohn, the department's investigator, who is director of the Jewish agricultural experiment station at Haifa, Palestine. "This analogy of the flora of Palestine with that of California justifies the expectations of the best results from their introduction into the last named state," says Mr. Aaronsohn.

Especially interesting in this connection is Mr. Aaronsohn's account of his delvings into the history and cultivation of the wild emmer, believed by scientists to be the ancestor of modern wheat, the greatest of the world's cereals, and its important relatives, such as rye, barley, etc. From time dating back before the dawn of history emmer has grown on the rocky slopes of the Palestinian mountains and hills, affording the natives a large percentage of their foodstuffs. There seems to be no doubt, says Mr. Aaronsohn, that by the selection and crossing of this wild cereal, which prefers poor, rocky, shallow, dry soil and thrives without any cultivation, we shall be able to produce new races which will be very persistent and very hardy. In this way we can extend the cultivation of wheat to regions where it is at present impossible on account of the low quality of the soil and the severity of the climate. "The world's total production of wheat will be very materially augmented," says the report.

Mr. Aaronsohn has not confined his investigations in Palestine to the wild emmer. His researches have extended into every variety of plant life in the Holy Land, with a view to its adaptation to American soil and climate. Among other good things he found there is the chick pea, which he calls "one of the most valuable legumes grown in Palestine." In good years this yields twelve bushels to the acre and sells for as much as wheat, and often more. It is there, says the report, a remunerative crop and excellently adapted for use as a rotation crop before wheat. It is asserted that the chick pea will do well in the dry farming regions of the United States.

In a division of the report entitled "Economic Plants Worthy of Introduction into the United States" many varieties of fruit are enumerated. There are, it is said, many wild types which are excellent for stock and may yield some valuable results by hybridization and selection, but also some cultivated fruit varieties which would be worth trying in the United States. Among them are the almond, the apricot, the quince, the pomegranate, the olive and the fig.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.



MAJOR GENERAL DICK AND STAFF.

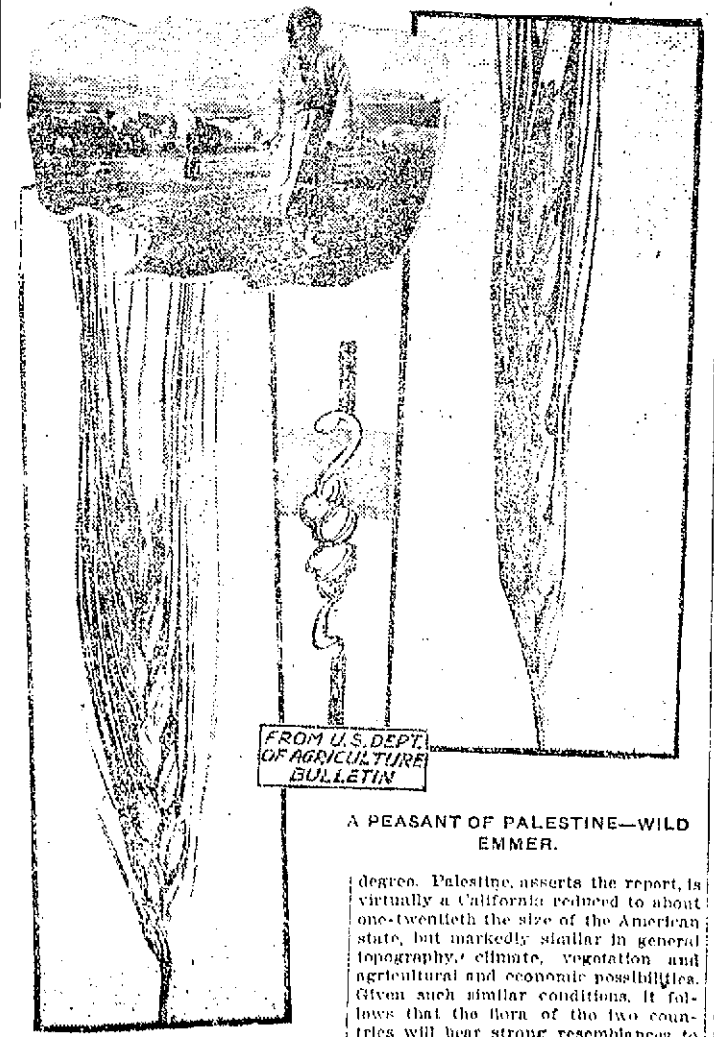
ceeds on the main line as Senator Dick is the only one of the ninety-two Charles Dicks of Ohio. If Dick were who saw service in the war with an Englishman he would be known as Spain. But he was only a lieutenant. Major General the Honorable Charles Dick, not a major general, a William Frederick Dick. But he is not. For one man to be at the same time a Britisher, only a plain very plain, a lawyer and an armed upholder of the law is not a frequent occurrence. That is what makes Senator Dick's recent action in donning a uniform and leading his troops in person during the Columbus street car trouble so interesting an event. He is no Dick is the only one at present now in power "in soldier" either. He known active service, and his title is only a title about the handling of men from militia one, after all. Treating him long experience.

governed. It substituted for the ship-shod, loose system that formerly prevailed a method of co-ordination aimed at making the national guard a really efficient, dependable part of the national defense. It brought the militia organizations into close relations with the war department and provided for some equipment, drilling of the citizen soldier, by means approved by the army authorities and raised the standard of the state militia almost immeasurably. It was enough to recall the heart-breaking task of fitting the civil war volunteers

for active service and the army men who remember the almost equally discouraging conditions in 1898 give their unqualified approval and unadmitted praise to the provisions of the Dick law, introduced and pushed with vigor to a successful conclusion by the legislator who served against Spain as lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Ohio volunteers. Subsequently lieutenant colonel Dick became colonel of the regiment.

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FROM U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE BULLETIN

A PEASANT OF PALESTINE—WILD EMMER.

degree. Palestine, asserts the report, is virtually a California reduced to about one-twentieth the size of the American state, but markedly similar in general topography, climate, vegetation and agricultural and economic possibilities. Given such similar conditions, it follows that the flora of the two countries will bear strong resemblances to each other. This inference is borne

JUDGE McPHERSON GRAND OUTING

Was Held by Wolf Tone Guards

Denied Application for Injunction Against Labor Officials

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 6.—The opinion of Judge Smith McPherson, who yesterday denied the application of C. W. Post of Battle Creek, Mich., for an injunction to restrain American Federation of Labor officials and the Bucks Stove & Range Co. of this city from entering into a closed shop agreement, was filed in the United States circuit court here today.

The tentative agreement, the ratification of which Mr. Post opposed, the court said, was reached some six weeks ago. Judge McPherson continues: "Complainant then knew of it. He has remained silent until the last few days when he filed his bill of complaint asking for the injunction. He has given notice of this hearing to no defendant. Many of them are accessible as no doubt would have been present had they been notified."

"Restraining orders should not be issued except on notice to the defendants and then only when irreparable harm will result if such restraining order is not issued. I utterly fail to see wherein the harm can come if the restraining order is not issued."

The court says every employer of labor has the right to determine for himself whether his business shall be operated as a closed shop or an open shop, adding "whether it is for the better to have a closed shop or an open shop men differ." In this particular case Judge McPherson found the board of directors of the Bucks Co. had decided to make the settlement with union labor.

THE HAGUE DECISION

United States Will Gain by it, Says Choate

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—United States Senator Elihu Root, commissioner for the United States in the fisheries dispute before the Hague tribunal returned today on the steamer Wilhelm Grosse. Senator Root was distinguished to talk politics, saying that he was tired out and wanted a rest.

Asked what the results of his mission at The Hague would be Senator Root replied: "I can say that the United States will be in a better position than ever before. The decision which will be given about September 15 would be a definite settlement as to boundary lines. The matter is not one

of a large amount of money involved but upon the American success depends in good part the existence of the New England seacoast fishermen.

"It is for them we are fighting more than any great revenue."

"You spoke for five days at the Hague?"

"Six," he laughed.

"But that wasn't the longest address," he continued, "Sir Robert Finlay spoke for eight days, as also did the representative of the United States at the opening. Then the attorney general of Great Britain spoke for six days at the closing, as I did."

Mrs. Root accompanied her husband.

NEW CAR LINE

Will be Formally Opened Thursday

The new electric car line of the Boston & Northern Street Railway company, which starts at the junction of Lakeview and Aiken avenues and passes through Aiken avenue, Lily avenue and Hildreth street to Hovey square, Dracut, will be formally opened Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock when a special car containing officials of the railway and newspapermen will make the initial trip over the new route.

The new line will be a great accommodation to the residents of West Centralville and if the people who live in that section of the city are as enthusiastic over patronizing the line as they are in agitating its construction, the extension will prove to be a paying investment for the Boston & Northern.

After the first trip is made tomorrow morning cars will be run over the line every half hour until 11:22 o'clock. Starting Friday morning and every other morning thereafter (with the exception of Sunday morning) the cars will be run every half hour from 5:52 a. m. till 11:22 p. m.

The cars on the new route will be run in connection with the Broadway cars. At the present time the Broadway cars run on 16 minute time the cars alternating between running to Merrimack square and Andover street. Under the new arrangement four cars will be run every hour on the Broadway line and the cars will alternate running between Andover street and Hovey square. The cars from Broadway which reach the square at seven and 32 minutes after the hour will go to Andover street, while the cars which reach the square at 22 and 52 minutes past the hour will go over the new route to Hovey square.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Empire colony, U. O. P. F., held a well attended meeting last night and transacted considerable routine business. The nomination and election of officers will take place at the next regular meeting on the night of Sept. 18.

Loyal Victoria Lodge
Loyal Victoria lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. L., M. U., held its meeting in Grafton hall, where the regular business was transacted. Next meeting night the Martha Washington lodge of Boston presents Loyal Victoria lodge the traveling emblem.

LIGHTEST IN YEARS
BELLFLOWERS FALLS, Vt., Sept. 6.—The absence of any local contests made the voting in the state elections today the lightest in recent years. Up to noon only 225 voters had deposited their ballots while two years ago at the same hour more than 600 votes had been cast.

HEAVY VOTE POLLED
BENNINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—An unusually heavy vote was polled in Bennington today. Local contests for the legislature furnished the chief interest, the governorship apparently being a matter of secondary importance to most of the voters.

COMPARATIVELY LIGHT VOTE
BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—Up to noon today the voting in this city had been comparatively light; but when the stores and shops allowed the employees an opportunity for luncheon there was a rush to the polling booths. The chief interest in this city was in the contests for seats in the legislature.

INTEREST IN LOCAL CONTESTS
RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 6.—An average off-year vote was cast here today. During the early part of the day the balloting was light but after noon it increased considerably in volume. There seemed to be more interest manifested in local contests than in the vote for governor.

DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Every one admits it to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

MACHINE BURNED

Auto Caught Fire in Dunstable

There was a small fire in Dunstable Labor Day morning. It didn't last long but it cost something. The fire was in an automobile and the machine, a touring car, was destroyed. The license number was 7901 (Massachusetts) and it was said that the car was owned by Mrs. Margaret M. McDonald, of West Roxbury. The accident occurred near Frank Parker's farm and the machine was almost a total wreck.

JAMES R. KEENE IMPROVED
LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 6.—James R. Keene of New York, who is ill with pneumonia at the Good Samaritan hospital in this city, passed a fairly good night and was a little improved this morning.

GOLF TOURNAMENT
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 6.—Only one of the former titleholders appeared when the state golf championship tournament was begun today on the links of the Wampanoag country club. Although a large number of golfers appeared this morning for the qualifying round, only one winner of the championship was present. A. S. Venerbush of Metacomet, the titleholder in 1908. The first and second rounds are to be played tomorrow and the semi-finals Thursday, leaving Friday for the final match.

SONDER RACES

EIGHT OF THE YACHTS HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED

MARION, Sept. 6.—The contest committee in charge of the trial races in Buzzards bay to pick the American contestants for the German-American sonder yacht races at Kiel next June announced today that eight of the sixteen yachts which have been competing since Saturday have been eliminated. These boats are the Alarm, Bandit, Joanita, Sally VII, Sally XI, Spokane II, Toboggan II and Tomboy II. For the fourth race of the series today the committee sent away the eight remaining yachts in a light northeast wind, under a cloudy sky. Some of the yachtsmen here today expressed disappointment that any of the competing yachts had been eliminated before the race had been sailed in heavy weather such as is likely to be experienced at Kiel. Although Buzzards bay was selected for the trials as being more likely to produce Kiel conditions of wind and water than any other point along the Atlantic seaboard, the wind has remained persistently light since the races started.

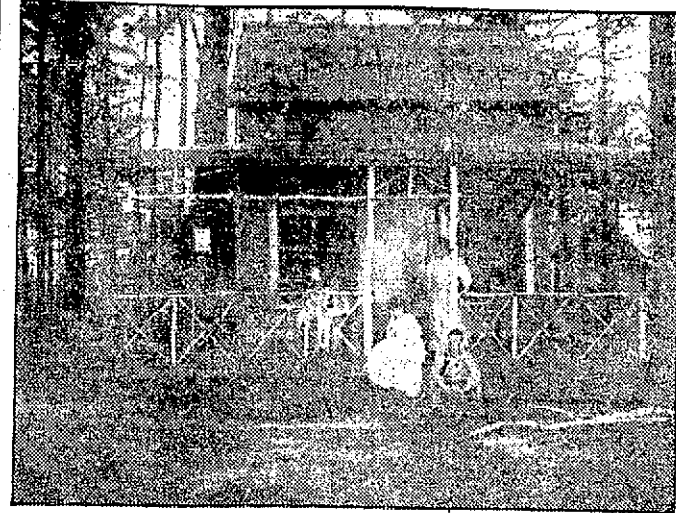
IN MANCHESTER

THE FORENOON VOTE WAS BELOW THE NORMAL

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—The forenoon vote in the state primary election here today was about 25 per cent below the normal state election vote up to noon. The principal activity was shown by the republicans on account of the numerous contests. It was believed that Messrs. Bass and Ellis were running about even in the fight for the gubernatorial nominations and indications at noon were that Congressman Salloway was running somewhat ahead of his opponent, Mr. Burrows. There was much activity among the leaders of the opposing republican factions and carriages and automobiles were used to convey voters to the polling places.

Prof. Phil Lederman of this city, formerly musical director of the Academy of Music, but for the past few years at the Congress theatre, Portland, Me., has returned to town to take charge of the orchestra at the new Seaside theatre in Boston street. "Tom" Makule, formerly at the Voxons theatre will preside over the piano.

LOOMFIXERS' OUTING ROOSEVELT DAY



THE LITTLEFIELD CAMP ON THE MERRIMACK RIVER

Enjoyable Gathering at Littlefield's Camp Up River

Yesterday, by invitation of Charles A. Littlefield, the Loomfixers union of Lowell, held an outing at Littlefield's camp. There were about a hundred members and guests present at the festivities. The camp is situated upon the Trugboro side of the Merrimack river, a short distance below Tyngs Island, and is surrounded by a



MR. CHARLES A. LITTLEFIELD, Inventor and Member of the Loomfixers Union

grove of stately pines. It is in fact one of the most beautiful camp-sites upon the river.

The party took electric cars at Merrimack square and disembarked at the electric cars for Hitchburg. From there a short walk through the woods brought them to the banks of the Merrimack river. Here they were met by several motor boats. In these they were soon landed upon the grounds

surrounding Littlefield's camp. After partaking of varied refreshments the party adjourned to the pasture of J. D. Williams, situated upon the opposite side of the boulevard from the camp, where a game of baseball was played between two nines composed of certain married men on one side, and certain single men upon the other. After a most desperate struggle which developed many brilliant plays upon both sides, the married men proved that in "union their strength." The score was thirteen to nine in favor of the married men.

At the conclusion of the ball game the party adjourned to the camp where the main feast was served. This consisted of freshly picked green corn—these were prepared by the noted chef, C. A. Littlefield. After the corn and trimmings had been surrounded, there were pulled out a number of athletic events with substantial money prizes as a reward to the winners. These consisted of a fat man's race, three-legged race, one hundred yard dash, hop, step and jump. After these events had been enjoyed the members of the union and their guests assembled in front of the camp where from both French and English by several speakers. The French speaker was Mr. J. E. Jernery, vice president of the union. The other speakers were President Worthington, president of the outing committee; George W. Shields, and last but not least, Mr. D. J. Morrow. The several addresses were received with hearty cheers and seemed to give satisfaction to all. After the close of the several addresses these who desired to ride upon the crest of the wave were taken upon short excursions up the river and around Tyngs Island and return. There were but few who failed to enjoy this experience.

As the shades of night were falling the well satisfied members of the union and their guests were transported across the river and from there went their several ways, one and all declaring that it had been one of the best managed and most enjoyable outings ever held by the Loomfixers' union of Lowell.

The officers of the Loomfixers' union of Lowell are as follows: President, John Worthington; vice president, J. E. Jernery; secretary, Robert Richardson; treasurer, M. Dagley; chairman of the outing committee and chairman of the board of trustees, George M. Shields.

Was Observed in the Twin Cities Today

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—This is Roosevelt day in the Twin Cities. Col. Roosevelt arrived in Minneapolis from Fargo at 7 o'clock this morning and after taking breakfast was escorted to St. Paul, where he was scheduled to make two addresses, one before the national conservation congress in the morning and one at the state fair grounds in the afternoon. Col. Roosevelt and party were met at the Minneapolis Union station by a committee of Minneapolis and St. Paul citizens. Escorted by mounted police, he was taken in an automobile to the Raddison hotel, where he was the guest of the committee at an informal breakfast. At 9 o'clock the former president and the members of the committee left for St. Paul in automobiles. Gov. Elberhardt, Frank B. Kellogg and H. A. Tuttle occupied the car with Col. Roosevelt. Arriving at the east end of the Marshall avenue bridge, the Minneapolis police escort gave way to similar escort from St. Paul in addition to the St. Paul battery of National guard which gave the presidential salute of 21 guns when the colonel reached the city limits.

Col. Roosevelt was greeted by crowds of cheering men, women and children along the route from the Minneapolis hotel to the state capitol at St. Paul. Arriving at the state capitol, Col. Roosevelt was met by the original Roosevelt club and the Spanish war veterans in uniform, who escorted him to the St. Paul hotel, where Mr. Roosevelt had a short reception from the members of the club which bears his name. After a brief rest, Col. Roosevelt, with the same escort proceeded to the St. Paul Auditorium to deliver his address before the conservation congress.

Two hours before Col. Roosevelt arrived at the Auditorium the crowd began to file into the building by doors reserved for those holding tickets. At 11:30 the doors were thrown open to the public, and within five minutes there was only standing room left. Even that was soon taken. President Baker called the meeting to order and called for reports of the committee on resolutions pending the arrival of Col. Roosevelt, who was holding a conference at the St. Paul hotel with the newspapermen.

DAY'S PROGRAM

At National Conservation Congress

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—While the address of Theodore Roosevelt was the feature of the national conservation congress program today, delegates were greatly interested in the appointment of committees.

Gifford Pinchot, who was absent yesterday while President Taft was here, returned today to participate in the entertainment of Colonel Roosevelt.

The day's program of the conservation congress follows:

Invocation, Rev. Dr. J. S. Montgomery of Minneapolis; reports of state conservation commissions; address, Theodore Roosevelt.

MARRIAGE PERMITS

THE FOLLOWING TOOK OUT MARRIAGE LICENSES TODAY

Demetres Apolones, 26, shoeshop, 629 Market street, and Tasoula Hronioti, 22, operative, 434 Adams street.

Adolphe E. Ayotte, 18, laborer, 9 Aiken street and Myrille Duval, 24, operative, same address.

Joseph J. Hartford, 32, tool maker, 18 Marshall road, and Bertha L. Marchon, 32, at home, 17 Idemman street, Providence, R. I.

Dr. Thomas Jefferson King
Dr. King's "Natural Gum" sets of teeth absolutely defy detection.
Gold Fillings \$1—Others 50c
Painless Extraction Free
King Dental Parlors,
65 MERRIMACK STREET
(Over Hall & Lyon's)
Hours: 9 to 5; Sun. 10 to 3
Tel. 1374-2

NO PAIN
Full Set \$5
Our \$5 sets are the most lifelike and most fitting plates that dental science can procure. Unless you require a special plate, \$5 is all you need pay in this office for the best set. We have the reputation of making the most natural looking, the best fitting and the best wearing teeth. No set ever leaves our office until the patient is perfectly satisfied as to fit and appearance. We give our personal guarantee FOR 10 YEARS with each set.
Lady Attendant—French Spoken

THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH
\$4 This is the only office in Lowell where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from natural ones) are inserted positively without pain.
PAINLESS EXTRACTION FREE

Carroll Bros.
PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS
36 Middle Street Telephone 1650

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF Household Furnishings
AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED
Crescent Range
PETER DAVEY, 134 Market Street
Telephone Connection 78-2
Furniture Dealer Undertaker
Funeral Director

250 DELEGATES CLUNG TO REINS

At St. John Baptist Union Convention

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—Today marked the opening in the business session of the convention of the St. John Baptist Union of American and affiliated societies which is being held in this city. Today's program began with a high mass in St. Augustine's Catholic church, at which all of the conventioners attended. Rev. A. G. Ratnville of Salem, Mass., general chaplain of the union, officiating as celebrant. The sermon on "Catholic societies, their work and mission" was preached by Rev. E. C. Larance of Bedford, N. Y. Following the religious exercises, a meeting was held in St. George's hall, Fells Gate near of Southbridge, Mass., general president of the union, presiding. Credentials of 250 delegates were recognized and certified by the president. The election of officers of the union will take place tomorrow.

PRES. TAFT IS ON HIS WAY BACK TO BEVERLY

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—President Taft departed for Beverly at 10:30 a. m. over the Lake Shore railroad, following a two-hour stop in Chicago on his way homeward from St. Paul. During his stay the president met a committee from the Chicago Association of Commerce, which invited him to attend a banquet early next spring. No date was set.

Secretary Norton will remain here to attend the banquet to Col. Roosevelt on Thursday night.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

ENGINE RAN AWAY

Crashed Into Train and Engineer Was Killed

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 6.—A runaway locomotive on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad crashed into a passenger train at Run Junction, several miles south of here, today killing the engineer of the passenger train, C. W. Foster of this city. Not one of the 100 passengers was seriously hurt.

The runaway started at Warmington, four miles south of Massillon. It was north-bound when it crashed head-on into a south-bound freight. The engineer had time to throw on the reverse and leap to safety.

The pilotless locomotive rebounded from the impact with the freight engine and with full speed on backed up the tracks. It passed through Navarre and at Run Junction smashed into the passenger train, a local north-bound from Brewster to Orrville.

The passenger train had on board 100 passengers, many of them workmen. A dozen workmen received minor injuries.

CRIPPEN ON TRIAL

Famous Case Was Begun in London Court Today

Miss Leneve is Not Charged With Murder—The Case is Exciting Great Interest in London

LONDON, Sept. 6.—At the opening of the trial of Dr. Hawley Crippen, who is charged with the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the prosecution announced that large quantities of poison had been found in the woman's body and that there were evidences that she had been subjected to an operation.

Ethel Clare Leneve, the doctor's typist, who accompanied him in his flight to Canada after the disappearance of his wife and who has been held on the same charge, was also brought to the bar today but the crown stated that it has been decided to confine the allegations against the girl to being an accessory after the fact. This relieves Miss Leneve of any foreknowledge of the crime and is in line with the belief of her family and friends that she did not share Crippen's confidence up to the time that his wife dropped out of sight and was said by him to have died in California. Interest in the Crippen case, which was intense during the search for the doctor, has by no means worn out, as was shown by the crowd which gathered in the vicinity of the Bow street police court when the trial was opened today.

Travers Humphreys appeared for the public prosecutor's office while Solicitor Arthur Newton represented Crippen. Mr. Humphreys in a long opening address reviewed the case from the time that suspicion was aroused against the husband by his unsatisfactory explanation of the disappearance of his access wife to his return to London and the arraignment of the doctor and Miss Leneve on the joint charge of murder.

In the course of his remarks the prosecutor definitely stated that the physicians who made the post mortem examination of the mutilated parts unearthed in the cellar of the Crippen home in Hilldrop Crescent, Camden Road, N., had discovered the presence of large quantities of hyacinth, a colorless liquid poison, and also detected evidences that an operation had been performed.

It had been known that the authorities had been working on the theory that Belle Elmore, or properly speaking, Cora Crippen, had been in the hands of one having at least a rude knowledge of surgery and further that she had been poisoned. The official announcement of these alleged discoveries, however, have not been made before.

At the time of arraignment of the two prisoners on August 29, Mr. Humphreys said that the government's evidence against the typist pointed only to her as being accessory after the fact. Today he said that it had been decided to thus limit the charges against her.

Born in United States

Both Crippen and his wife were born in the United States. Mrs. Crippen's maiden name was Cora Belle McKim. They were married in New Jersey and subsequently came here where Crippen was a patent medicine agent and later engaged in the dental business. Miss Leneve was employed by the doctor as a typist and it is alleged that he became infatuated with the girl.

Crippen and Miss Leneve fled to America on the steamer Montrose and were arrested as the vessel was approaching Quebec.

The prosecutor went over the whole story for the benefit of Sir Albert De

GEORGIA'S CAMPAIGN MADE INTERESTING BY WATSON'S FIGHT AGAINST HOKE SMITH



ATLANTA, Sept. 6.—Hoke Smith's nomination for the governorship by the democratic convention following his victory in the primary battle has brought great interest into the state campaign. Tom Watson, once candidate for president on the People's party ticket and lately engaged in public speaking in various cities of Georgia, remained while on the platform speaking Smith. The cries of the audience for Smith and Hardwick drowned his voice; Hardwick would slay him.

for the purpose of denouncing Congressman T. W. Hardwick and Hoke Smith. The cries of the audience for Smith and Hardwick drowned his voice; Hardwick would slay him.

LOWELL SOLDIER

Buried With Military Honors Yesterday

Many of the friends and acquaintances of the young cavalryman, Sylvester M. McGookin, attended his funeral yesterday morning and on all sides were manifest the deepest sorrow for the young man's untimely death and sympathy with his bereaved family. He was accidentally killed while stationed at the barracks at Schofield, Arizona. He was a very popular young man and well liked by all his associates.

At St. Patrick's church a funeral mass was celebrated by Rev. F. Callahan. The choir, directed by Mr.



SYLVESTER M. MCGOOKIN

Michael J. Johnson, sang the Gregorian mass. Miss Murphy and Mr. Andrew A. McCarthy sang the solos.

There were many beautiful floral offerings, among them a pillow of roses and sweet peas, inscribed "Sylvester," from the family; spray of chrysanthemums with ribbon inscribed "Brother," from Mrs. Alice True; spray of asters with ribbon inscribed "Cousin," from A. V. Cusick; sheaf of wheat from Miss Mary Gerst; floral cord, emblematic of the cord worn by the cavalryman, and in the cavalry colors, from Mrs. Alice Landis; floral bouquet of cut flowers from the family; and a spray of chrysanthemums from Robert Keeler and James O'Leary.

The bearers were eight members of Company G, Sixth infantry, M. V. M., as follows: Privates George Crowell, J. Sullivan, John Sousa, William Bourke, A. Jodohn, A. Alfino, N. Downs and C. Paul.

As the body was lowered into the grave a salute was fired by a squad from Company G, in charge of Sergeant Robert Keeler, and taps were sounded by the bugler.

Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, and was in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

GREAT INTEREST IN THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS IN MICHIGAN

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 6.—Interest in the primary elections of all political parties in Michigan today centers in the two republican contests for endorsement of United States senator and for the nomination for governor. Election day opened closely but the weather will have less influence on the size of the vote than the provision of law which has given voters an opportunity to enroll since last April. It is estimated that in some sections nearly 40 per cent of the normal vote is disqualified by reason of the voters neglecting to be enrolled with the respective parties.

HE DREW \$18,000

Duke Gave Money to Little Girl Who Sold Him Ticket

ROME, Sept. 6.—The duke of the Abruzzi, attracted by a little girl begging in the street, purchased from her a lottery ticket which cashed in for \$18,000. Believing that one good turn deserves another he announced today that he would give the money to the girl.

TO MAKE A PROTEST

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The British foreign office today instructed Ambassador Bryce at Washington to make a formal protest to the American state department against certain conditions imposed on English export textile firms in the circular recently sent to its consuls here and on the continent and the endeavor to have what are regarded as the most objectionable of the regulations modified.

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKFELLER REPORTED SERIOUSLY ILL



EUCLID AVENUE, CLEVELAND, LEADING TO ROCKFELLER HOME

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKFELLER

LONDON MARKET

And Its Relation to the Bank of England

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A description of the mechanism of the London money market in its relation to the Bank of England, the joint-stock banks, and the discount houses has just been made public by the National Monetary commission in a monograph on "The English banking system," by H. W. Withers, financial editor of the distinctive functions of the Bank of England, which he declares to be as follows:

- 1.—Banker to the British government.
- 2.—Banker to the joint-stock and private banks.
- 3.—(a) Sole possessor of the right to issue notes which are legal tender in England; (b) sole possessor, among joint-stock banks with an office in London, of the right to issue notes at all.
- 4.—Provider of emergency currency.
- 5.—Keeper of the gold reserve for the British banking.
- 6.—Keeper of the gold reserve, which is most readily available for the purposes of international banking.

These various functions, and though they are sometimes pointed out as throwing too much responsibility onto one institution, it, in fact, enables the bank to carry out its duties with extraordinary ease and with the least possible disturbance to the financial community. But the fact that it keeps the balances of the other banks, the Bank of England is enabled to conduct the payment of the interest on the British debt largely by transfers in its books. By the fact that it keeps the balances of the government and has the monopoly of the legal-tender note issue, the bank has a great prestige in the eyes of the general public, which it communicates to the other banks which bank with it.

A credit in the books of the Bank of England has come to be regarded as just as good as so much gold, and the other banks, with one exception, habitually state their "cash in hand and at the Bank of England" as one item in their balance sheets, as if there were no difference between an actual holding of gold or legal tender and a balance at the Bank of England. It thus follows, at times when an increase of currency is desirable, that it can be expended by an increase in the balances of the other banks at the Bank of England, since they thus become possessed of more cash to be used in the payment of currency in England chiefly consists of checks, and customers who apply to the banks for accommodation, by way of discount or advance, use it by drawing a check, which is passed on and so creates a deposit, and expansion of currency thus consists chiefly in this expansion of banking deposits. This expansion is only limited by the proportion between deposits and cash which the banks think fit to keep, and as long as they can increase their cash by increasing their credit in the bank of England's books the creation of currency can proceed without let or hindrance.

Taking up the subject of the position of the bank of England in the international market, it is declared that London is the only European centre which is always prepared to honor its drafts in gold immediately and to any extent. The Bank of France has the right to make payments in silver, and uses it by often charging a premium on gold sufficient to check any demand for it, and in other centers measures are taken which make apparently free convertibility of credit instruments optional at the choice of the central bank. Consequently the Bank of England has to be prepared to meet demands on it at any time from abroad, based on credits given to foreigners by the English banking community, and it has to observe the signs of financial weather in all parts of the world and to regulate the price of money in London so that the exchanges may not be allowed to become or remain adverse to a dangerous point. The difficulties of this task are increased by the extent to which the English banking community works independently of it, by accepting and discounting finance paper, and giving foreigners' credits at rates which encourage their further creation. For the low and wholly unregulated proportion of cash to liabilities on which English banking works enables the other banks to multiply credits ultimately based on the Bank of England's reserve, leaving the responsibility for maintaining the reserve to the bank. This it does by raising its rate when necessary, and so, if it has control of the market and its rate "effective," raising the general level of money rates in London.

When its rate is not effective, the Bank of England finds itself obliged to intervene in the outer money market, consisting of the other banks and their customers—and control the rates current in it. This it does by borrowing some of the floating funds in this market, so lessening their supply and forcing up the price of money. By means of this borrowing it diminishes the balances kept with it by the other banks, either directly or indirectly—directly if it borrows from them, indirectly if it borrows from their customers, who hand the advance to it in the shape of a check on them. The result is that so much of the "cash at the Bank of England," which the English banking community uses as part of its basis of credit, is wiped out, money—which in London generally means the price at which the bankers are prepared to lend for a day or for a short period to the discount houses—becomes dearer, the market rate of discount consequently tends to advance, the foreign exchanges move in favor of London, and the tide of gold sets in the direction of the Bank of England's vaults, and it is enabled to replenish its reserve or check the drain on it.

In summing up the relation of the bank to the English money market and to the international money market, it is declared by Mr. Withers that the prestige which makes a credit in its books as good as gold enables the banking community to expand credits and make check currency as long as it is prepared to lend credit. At the end of the half year it is sometimes applied to for fresh credits to the extent of over twenty million sterling, chiefly in the form of advances for a few days. On one side of its account its holding of

securities is expanded by this amount, and on the other its liability on deposits is similarly swollen. At the end of 1902, the last occasion when the bank's weekly return was made up on Dec. 31, and so showed the full extent of the extra credit provided by it at the end of the year, the other securities rose from £27,047,000 on Dec. 17 to £27,786,000 on Dec. 31. The other deposits at the same time rose from £26,653,000 to £26,269,000, and this increase in the basis of credit was perhaps used by the other banks for the provision of five to ten times as much accommodation for their customers. A week later the other securities had declined to £29,626,000 and the other deposits to £21,075,000, though reinforced in the meantime by the payment of government dividends; the emergency credit had been wiped out, when no longer required, by the simple process of repayment to the Bank of England of the sums borrowed from it; and the bank's proportion of cash to liabilities, which had fallen to 28 per cent on Dec. 31, had risen to 38 per cent.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Two masses were sung in St. John's church, Sunday morning by the pastor, the Rev. Fr. Schofield. After the 9.15 mass, a meeting of the promoters of the society of the Propagation of the Faith was held. Sunday school opened Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock with a large increase in attendance, and the pastor and curate were pleased with the large attendance. The Sisters of Notre Dame are in charge again this year.

A largely attended meeting of the St. John's T. A. society was held Sunday morning and considerable business of importance was transacted. The society is taking new life for the winter months, and the building committee is to start the work of repairing the building. The election of officers for the ensuing six months was held, and the following officers elected: President, Michael Scollan; vice president, James Riley; recording secretary, Sarsfield Talbot; financial secretary, Reginald McAdoo; treasurer, John E. Harrington; board of trustees, Arthur McEnaney, Edward LaFrance, and Reginald McAdoo; janitor, Archie Boudreau. The newly elected officers will be installed next Sunday.

The regular meeting of St. John's Ladies' auxiliary will be held tonight in St. John's hall and a large attendance is expected as the members have plans under way to make the work of the society interesting for the coming winter months. The first of their socials will be held a week from Thursday night, and a hustling committee is at work completing plans for the annual October party to be held the 21st.

The public schools opened this morning with an increased attendance. The overflow is so large that it has been necessary to open a school in the firehouse on Mt. Pleasant street and send two grades to West Chelmsford.

Miss Clara McEnaney of Clinton returned home yesterday after spending the past three weeks as the guest of her cousin, Clara McCoy.

Miss Kittle Knight and Miss Mary Finnegan have returned, after spending the past two weeks at Sandy Pond.

Mrs. Mary Fraxley of Westboro spent the holidays visiting relatives in North Chelmsford.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Neilligan of Cambridge spent the holidays at the home of Mr. Stephen Ward.

OPPOSED TO AIRSHIPS

STRASSBURG, Germany, Sept. 6.—What practically is a complete prohibition for the Zeppelin or other passenger-carrying airships to make trips east of this city, or vicinity, was decreed by the government yesterday. The military authorities feared that foreign passengers might photograph the fortifications and therefore declined to grant landing facilities to the airships.

RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT DIAZ

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 6.—President Diaz yesterday received in the Hall of Ambassadors in the National Palace, the special ambassadors appointed by the government of the United States, Italy, Japan, Germany, and China to attend the celebration of the Mexican centenary of independence.

The United States was accorded first place in the ceremonies attending the presentation. Ex. Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., of Massachusetts, the American special ambassador, was given the post of honor in the procession of carriages which conveyed the ambassadors from the department of foreign relations to the palace.

The reception by the president was a brilliant event.

THREE RECORDS

Broken in Games in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—At a revival of the Irish-Tallin games, which date back over 3000 years, at Celtic park yesterday, three new American amateur athletic records were made. In a two mile relay handicap race F. Riley, J. Bromlow, M. W. Shoppard and Abel Kiviat, all of the Irish-American A. C., each running a half mile from scratch, made the distance in 7.53, a new American record.

R. J. Cloughen, of the Irish-American A. C., won the 110 yard scratch dash in 10.45 seconds, taking 2.5 of a second off the old record made by Wendell Barker of Harvard twenty years ago. The third record to go was 31.45 for the 250 yards low hurdle match in 1850 by George Schlegel, of Staten Island. Yesterday John J. Eller, of the Irish-American A. C., cut this time to 29.36.

COL. ROOSEVELT OVERLOOKED

OLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The Warren county republicans today endorsed the administrations of President Taft and Gov. Hughes and declared for direct primaries. No mention was made of Col. Roosevelt.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.		WESTERN DIV.	
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
6:45	8:30	6:45	8:30
6:57	7:41	6:57	7:41
7:10	7:54	7:10	7:54
7:23	8:07	7:23	8:07
7:36	8:20	7:36	8:20
7:49	8:33	7:49	8:33
8:02	8:46	8:02	8:46
8:15	8:59	8:15	8:59
8:28	9:12	8:28	9:12
8:41	9:25	8:41	9:25
8:54	9:38	8:54	9:38
9:07	9:51	9:07	9:51
9:20	10:04	9:20	10:04
9:33	10:17	9:33	10:17
9:46	10:30	9:46	10:30
9:59	10:43	9:59	10:43
10:12	10:56	10:12	10:56
10:25	11:09	10:25	11:09
10:38	11:22	10:38	11:22
10:51	11:35	10:51	11:35
11:04	11:48	11:04	11:48
11:17	12:01	11:17	12:01

SUNDAY TRAINS	
To Boston	From Boston
6:45	8:30
6:57	7:41
7:10	7:54
7:23	8:07
7:36	8:20
7:49	8:33
8:02	8:46
8:15	8:59
8:28	9:12
8:41	9:25
8:54	9:38
9:07	9:51
9:20	10:04
9:33	10:17
9:46	10:30
9:59	10:43
10:12	10:56
10:25	11:09
10:38	11:22
10:51	11:35
11:04	11:48
11:17	12:01

SUNDAY TRAINS	
To Boston	From Boston
6:45	8:30
6:57	7:41
7:10	7:54
7:23	8:07
7:36	8:20
7:49	8:33
8:02	8:46
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9:33	10:17
9:46	10:30
9:59	10:43
10:12	10:56
10:25	11:09
10:38	11:22
10:51	11:35
11:04	11:48
11:17	12:01

LOCAL NEWS

Tobin's Printery, Associate Building.
F. Donohoe, Donohoe Building, Tel.
When placing insurance consult J.

Mrs. Sophia Smith is visiting her son and friends at The Wilks, N. E. Mrs. Smith is accompanied by her daughter, Mr. David E. Spaulding of Lakeview Park, has returned from a three weeks' sojourn spent at New York and surrounding cities.

The Misses Mary and Margaret Martin, Loretta and Gertrude Shea and Katherine O'Neil, chaperoned by Mrs. Shea, have returned from a week's stay at Camp Aetna, in Tyngsboro.

Miss Annie F. Crowe of Wilder street and Miss Marie Sheehan of Ayer, Mass., are spending their vacation at White City, the guests of Misses Cahill.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Erwin, of 11 Sargent street, are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl who has been christened Elizabeth Theresa. The sponsors were her aunt, Mary R. Parker, and her cousin, Thomas F. Wall.

Miss Helen Hartman, Miss Adele Clough, Miss Mary Peab, the Misses Anna and Mollie True, the Misses Edith and Edna Harrison and Miss Annie Hargraves of this city are registered at the Lowell house, Wachusetts. Recently they performed the feat of climbing the Wachusetts.

Among the many well known people who left yesterday for the Eucharistic congress, in Montreal, were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph De Lorme, Miss Ida Monaghan, Mr. Philippe Chaput, Mr. Joseph Elie, Mrs. Philine Souard, Mr. Eugene Souard, Miss Rose G. Chissey, Mrs. Geo. E. Caisse, Mr. and Mrs. Anselme Lamoureux, Miss Rose Ladurantie, Mr. William A. Parthenais, Mr. H. A. Toupin, Mr. Ernest Bedard, Mr. Timothy Vignat, Mr. Alfred Bihault, Mr. L. N. Milet, Messrs. Joseph and John Lussier, Mr. Pierre Bourgeois and Mrs. Henry Lavalle.

71,000 IN LINE

Big Labor Day Parade in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The Labor day parade here brought out more union marchers this year than have ever been seen before on Fifth avenue. Conspicuous among them were 3100 women, most of them garment workers, wearing dark blue and yellow liberty caps and sashes. The leaders estimated that there were 71,000 in line.

BODY OF A MAN

Was Pulled Up by a Fisherman

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., Sept. 6.—Pulling up a slick line hanging over the gunwale of the schooner Carrie R. Roberts today George King discovered the body of a man hanging on the rope. The body was brought on board where it was found that it was of Elliot E. Sprague, aged 38, a fisherman. Sprague was seen yesterday in an intoxicated condition and it is supposed that he fell into the water of the inner basin in the east harbor and that his body drifted until it was stopped by the rope which held the schooner to a pile in the middle of the basin.

Les Miserables BOWLING ALLEYS

Now open for the season, and booking for teams is open. We also have offers for private parties, 55-55 E. Merrimack street, Thomas M. Welch, Prop., M. J. Calahan, Manager. Tel. 616.

Hathaway Theatre

First Time in Lowell at England's Greatest Boy Comedian
LADDIE CLIFF
JAMES AND MAURICE
BURKHARDT, EVANS AND PARKER
ELDER, HENRI AND CO.
THE VAN DER ROOFS
MOVING PICTURES
WOODS-WOODS TRIO
Special seats for women every afternoon 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15
Phonos from Steinert's

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

McAlahey, Marvella
Emerson & Dupree
—Magnani Family—
The Musical Tardiers
Moving Pictures
Prices 5 and 10 Cents

ON LABOR DAY

Sermons Delivered in Several Churches

Sermons having to do with Labor Day were preached by Lowell pastors on Sunday. Rev. N. T. Whitaker, D. D., pastor of the Central M. E. church, talked on "The Church and the Workman." He said that Abraham Lincoln showed the proper sense of proportion in his relative estimates of capital and labor, of human rights and property rights when he said, "I hold that while man exists it is his duty to improve not only his own condition but to assist in ameliorating mankind." Rev. E. Victor Higelow, pastor of the Eliot Congregational church, preached a Labor Day sermon. His subject was "Honoring Labor." He said that the practical issue of a better honoring of toil will be shorter hours of toil in some of our factories, better places in which to work, more protection against accidents, larger wages for those who are harder worked.

BADLY BURNED

Haverhill Woman's Injuries May be Fatal

HAVERTHILL, Sept. 6.—Tripping on the stairs and falling the length of the flight after she had dropped a lighted lamp, Mrs. Charles Wilbur suffered serious injury last evening. She is at the Hale hospital in a dangerous condition with fearful burns about the body. The Wilburs had just moved into a new house and Mrs. Wilbur was setting things in the room. In some manner the lamp slipped from her hand and went crashing to the floor below. In a panic-stricken condition she tripped and fell into the flames. Her screams reached outside cars and the woman was found in agony, the flames being extinguished after they had burned away every stitch of clothing. She was rushed to the hospital, where slight hopes for her recovery are entertained.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Joseph M. Ayotte and Miss Rose A. Gilbert were married yesterday morning at St. Joseph's church, at a mass celebrated at 7 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Baron, O. M. I. A family dinner and a reception took place in the evening at the home of the bride, 15 Common street.

TRY THIS YOURSELF

A Most Interesting and Surprising Test.

Take the best soap you can find, and wash your hair and scalp with it so thoroughly that you think they are perfectly clean. Rinse the head well and wash out all the lather. Then give yourself another shampoo immediately with Birt's Head Wash. You will be astonished to see how much more dirt and dandruff is found. The water will be discolored that you can hardly believe your own eyes. Another test is to have your barber give you a shampoo, and when you get home, use Birt's Head Wash yourself. You will find that your barber got out only a part of the dirt. This is because ordinary soaps and shampoos remove only the dirt that is ON the hair and scalp, while Birt's Head Wash goes IN and removes the dirt that clings up the pores. A barber's shampoo leaves the hair dry and brittle, and the scalp tight and uncomfortable. Birt's Head Wash leaves the hair moist and glossy, while the scalp is soothed and delightfully agreeable. You will never know the pleasure of possessing a perfectly clean scalp and soft, glossy hair until you use Birt's Head Wash. Tubes 25c, jars 50c.

Lowell Opera House

JULIUS CAHN, Prop. & Manager

Labor Day Matinee & Night Mon., Sept. 5

MR. DANIEL RYAN

And a superb company, in a Complete Production of a Great French Canadian Romance

THE BLACK FOX

Popular prices—Matinee: 10c, 20c, 25c, 50c, Night: 10c to 75c. Seats 9 a. m. Thursday.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 6

Clyde Fitch's Best Comedy

GIRLS

As played 250 nights at Daly's Theatre, New York City.

Prices—15c, 25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00. Seats Friday.

Sept. 9 & 10 Matinee Saturday

America's Never-Ending Arabian

Night's Entertainment, Lew

Fields' Mammoth Spectacular,

Musical Production.

THE MIDNIGHT SONS

Over half a year at the Broadway Theatre, 3000 matinee patrons in motion.

The play which made the country talk. Six hundred matinee patrons.

The largest stage ever ever used.

Wholesome and clean. The play you can take your whole family to see.

Prices—Night: Orchestra, \$2, \$1.50, \$1, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c; Balcony, \$1, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c.

Seats Tuesday, 9 a. m.

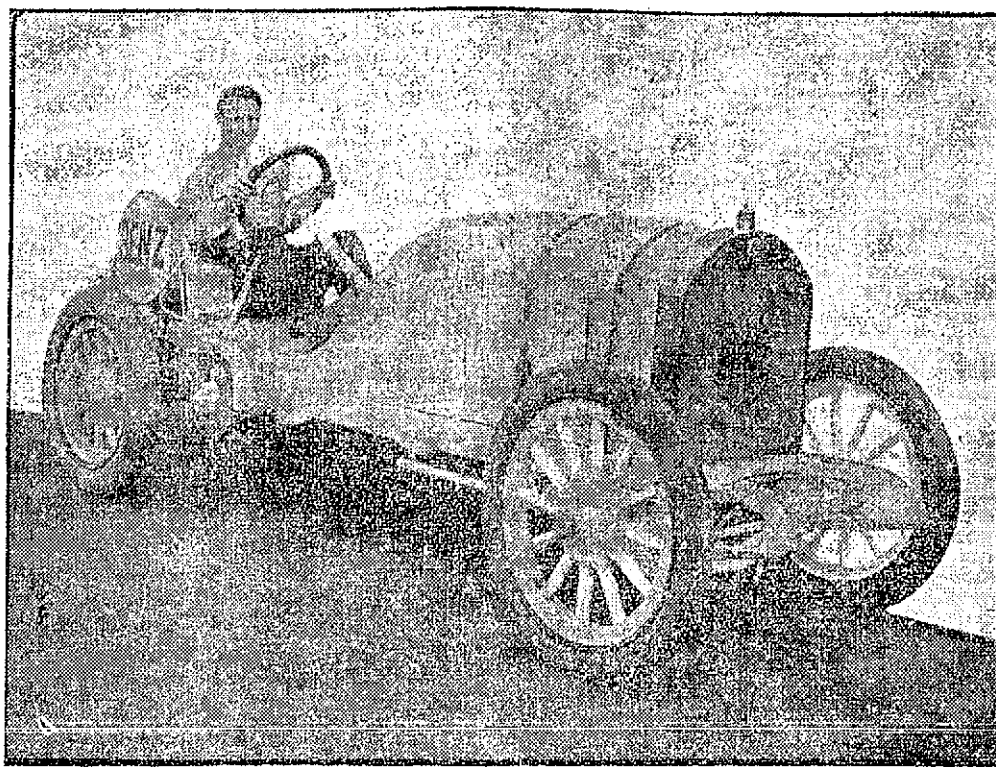
CURTIN & SPILLANE

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters

Estimates Cheerfully Given

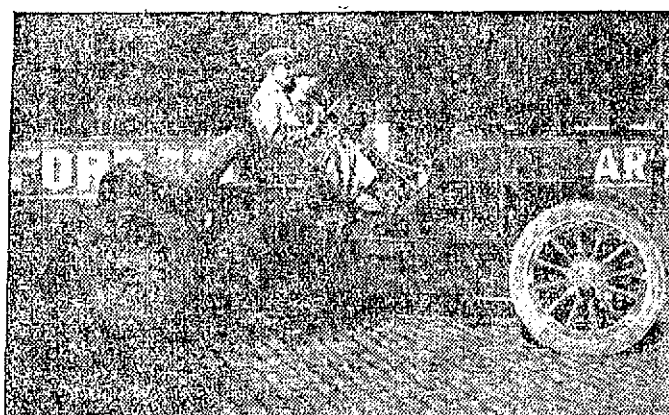
26 ANDOVER ST. TEL. 2429

BROKE RECORDS



BARNEY OLDFIELD, WHO SMASHED TWO WORLD'S RECORDS

Barney Oldfield Smashed Two World's Records at Brighton Beach



GEORGE ROBERTSON, WINNER OF FOUR EVENTS AT BRIGHTON BEACH MOTODROME

KAUFMAN'S BOUT

Continued

and kidneys almost at will after the second round and inflicted severe punishment.

Chicken Rocking of this city won a decision over Kid Black of Boston in a hotly contested eight-round bout, though both bantams were tired at the finish. Young Veil of Taunton won his third successive victory before the club by knocking out Kid Merrett of Fall River in the second round of a bout scheduled for four rounds.

Jack Williams of Philadelphia was knocked out by Fred Palmer of this city after two rounds of three slugging.

BOTH BOUTS ARE DRAWS

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 6.—Kid Shea of Hallowell made it interesting for Tommy Bergh of Lewiston in two six-round bouts in city hall last night, before 700 onlookers, but was unable to send him into dovetail.

Bergh covered at frequent intervals and clinched at critical moments. In the first round Bergh went at Shea like a cyclone, knocking him down with the second blow, but the Hallowell boy kept cool and rained numerous blows on his antagonist in the next few rounds.

In the fourth and fifth rounds of the second bout Bergh began to get groggy, and the going saved him from additional punishment. The bouts resulted in draws, the same as several other contests between these two fighters. In the preliminaries Alex Mills of Gardiner laid out on the board Jim

KOEHLER AND BROCK

PUT UP 12 HARD ROUNDS IN AKRON TO A DRAW

AKRON, O., Sept. 6.—The 12-round match between Paul Koehler and Phil Brock, Cleveland, lightweights, before the Akron A. C. last night, was a very evenly contested match the first half of the go, but in the latter part, except in the 8th and 12th rounds. It was easier for Brock. He uprooted Koehler in the neck and played for his nose at will.

Koehler's favorite punch was for the left eye, where he opened a gash twice. Koehler's cleverness was in ducking and working a left punch. In the 10th and 11th rounds Brock had his opponent going and drove the German kid to his corner. Koehler showed grogginess in both rounds.

In the 12th round Koehler had a slight advantage. The bout was declared a draw.

Preliminaries consisted of a 10-round bout between Johnny Shook of Lorain and Mickey McFarland of Philadelphia.

WILLIAMS HAS CRAMPS

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 6.—At a smother held by the Greenwood A. C. last evening, the star bout scheduled for 10 rounds between Kid Williams of Bridgeport and Kid Murphy of New Haven, ended at the end of the sixth round, Williams' seconds, throwing up the sponge, alleging their man was unable to continue on account of an attack of cramps. While no decision

was given, the go was all in Murphy's favor.

MCKINNON EARNED DECISION

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—In a smashing bout, which went the 15-round limit, at the end of which both contestants were severely able to stand because of their violent exertions, Bill McKinnon of Roxbury, Mass., was given the decision over Frank Mantell of Pawtucket, R. I., at the Massalese coliseum this afternoon.

The sporting men of this vicinity, who were out in large numbers, never witnessed a grander battle, for it was one in which both men did their utmost in every one of the 15 rounds. During the first nine rounds McKinnon displayed more skill than his rival, and jabbing with his left he followed with right-hand swings until it seemed as though human flesh and muscle could not longer stand the terrible punishment he administered.

But with a rare show of stamina and courage Mantell came back, however, and during the latter part of the contest he gave more than he received. The long lead obtained by the Roxbury boy in the earlier part of the battle, however, earned for him the decision.

The curtain raiser brought Young Gilmartin of Haverhill and Jencks Young of Manchester together, and the youngsters put up a game battle, the Manchester boy winning in three rounds.

The semifinal was an eight-round bout between Billy Lewis of Concord and "Chippie" Murphy of this city. This resulted in a draw. It was pretty much all Lewis for six rounds, and then Murphy closed the Concord's man's eye, which slowed him up, and the concluding rounds were in Murphy's favor. Zip of Portland and Kid Warren of Boston, it lasted two rounds. Warren went down nine times in the first and six times in the second round. Then he gave up.

SINCLAIR KNOCKED OUT

OGDEN, Utah, Sept. 6.—Jimmy Reagan, who won the bantamweight championship from Jimmy Walsh and lost to Monte Attell, knocked out Peanuts Sinclair, featherweight champion of the Intermountain region, yesterday afternoon in the 13th round of a scheduled 20-round bout.

A short choppy fight to the jaw ended the fight. Monte Attell sent a telegram to the referee saying he would meet Sinclair here Sept. 24 if the latter defeated Reagan. Danny Webster challenged the winner of today's bout.

FELL FROM TREE NEGRO OFFICER

Man's Back May be Broken

NEWBURYPORT, Sept. 6.—James McWilliams, aged 25, of this city, fell from a tree at "The Oaks," an island in the Merrimack river, just below chain bridge yesterday and was seriously injured. There are fears that his back is broken.

With a party of friends MacWilliams had gone to the island for a picnic. In the spirit of a frolic he climbed a tall tree, and when about 25 feet from the ground rested his weight on a rotten limb, which gave way. He struck on his head and shoulders, and while conscious was unable to move. The injured man was brought to the foot of Jefferson street in a power boat and thence to the Anna Jacques hospital.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

C. B. COBURN CO.

LIGHT UP!

Lanterns
Safe,
Sound,
Smokeless.

The oil pots are retinned to prevent leakage. The prices are light on slim pocket-books.

40c to \$2.25

GLOBES
8c

BURNERS
6c

FREE CITY AUTO DELIVERY.

WALTER E. GUYETTE, Auctioneer

Office, Rooms 77-78 Central Block, 53 Central St. Tel. 2415.

ABSOLUTE SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION OF A FINELY LOCATED LOT OF LAND, CONTAINING ABOUT 8250 SQUARE FEET, MORE OR LESS, ON THE SOUTHEASTERLY SIDE OF FOURTH AVENUE, COR. MT. HOPE STREET.

On Saturday, Sept. 10, 1910, at 3 O'Clock P. M.

At the time stated, I will sell at absolute auction sale this exceptionally fine building lot, within five minutes' walk of the Pawtucketville line of electric cars. It has a frontage of 50 feet on Fourth avenue and 165 feet on Mt. Hope street, thereby affording one ample room to build either a residence or a two, three or four-apartment block and be assured of continuous occupancy, as tenements in this locality are very much sought, inasmuch as it is so close to a large number of mills and factories; also in the immediate vicinity of the proposed new church. If you are looking for a lot of land on which to erect your home or investment, and wish to be in a first-class neighborhood, where all the modern improvements are already in, such as sewer, gas, city water, etc., be sure to attend this sale.

Terms: \$100 to be paid to the auctioneer as soon as struck off.

MARIA L. KELLEY.

F. G. MCGREGOR, Auctioneer

Office, 275 Foster Street, Lowell, Mass.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 10, 1910, AT 4 O'CLOCK, ABSOLUTE SALE, RAIN OR SHINE, 2 1/2-STORY 12-ROOM HOUSE, WITH ABOUT 4000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND, SITUATED AT 51 EIGHTEENTH ST.

On the above date, I shall positively sell this fine piece of residential property, situated on Eighteenth street, Centralville, about one minute's walk from the Bridge street line of electric and about 15 minutes' walk from Merrimack square. The house is 2 1/2-story, has 12 rooms, water, gas, and furnace heat. There are four large rooms and half down stairs and eight sleeping rooms, three of which are finished off in the attic. At a small expense, this property could be made over into a convenient two-tenement house that would let readily at \$18 or \$20 per tenement.

On the lot, which contains about 4000 square feet, there are fruit trees and shrubbery. For anyone looking for a place for home or investment this is an opportunity to secure it.

DIRECTLY AFTER

the sale of the house, the adjoining vacant lot, containing about 4000 square feet, will be sold. This would be a good site for building purposes.

Terms: \$300 to be paid on house just as soon as the property is struck off; \$25 deposit will be required on the lot. Other terms at sale.

Per order of MRS. W. W. KNAPP.

LAKEVIEW PARK

HIGH FANCY DOUBLE FIRE DIVE

By the Famous HELLKIVISTS

Daredevil Aerial Acrobats

FREE AFTERNOON AND EVENING WEEK OF SEPT. 5th

DYING IN HER HOME

EXTRA
WOMAN FOUND DYINGShe Was Discovered in a House
in Winter StreetShe Was Taken to Chelmsford
Street Hospital Where She Died
—Her House Was Well Fur-
nished and the Woman Had
\$67 in Money

Jennie Ferrigo, an elderly woman, who was a nurse by occupation, was found at the point of death in a room at 48 Winter street early Monday morning and removed to the City hospital, at which place she died yesterday afternoon. Little is known of the woman other than that she was a nurse and at one time lived in Pawtucket, R.I., but more recently she had been in Maynard, having come to Lowell from that place about a week ago. Death was due to natural causes, the examining physician stating that peritonitis was the cause.

Early Monday morning Patrolmen O'Keefe and Johnson were passing through Winter street when they heard groans emanating from a room in the house numbered 48. An investigation by the patrolmen led to the finding of Miss Ferrigo, who was in a very weak

condition. The ambulance was summoned and the woman was taken to the City hospital where she received treatment, but her condition was such that it was impossible to save her life. Very little is known about the deceased other than the fact that she was a nurse and had lived in Starbird and Crawford streets. How long she had been ill is not known as she did not hold any conversation with any of the neighbors.

That she was not in needy circumstances was found for the house was well furnished and she had \$67 in money. The furniture and money were turned over to Constable Lapierre, who is a public administrator, and he will see that the woman receives a decent burial.

It is understood that the deceased has a sister and brother either in Maine or New Hampshire and the local police are now trying to locate them.

Mother Sorry

She Did Not Know

"I am sorry I did not know about An-see before. I will never be without it again. It has done my baby a world of good. It has saved me many a dollar and has been a godsend to me." So writes a mother who adds, "I had been using syrup, and you don't know how grateful I am for An-see, baby's medicine."

An-see is a safe and pleasant remedy for baby's delicate stomach, liver and bowels. Get a bottle of it today. All druggists 25c.

STOCK

Certificates and all
Corporation PrintingLAWLER PRINTING CO.,
29 Prescott StreetThe Place
To PressArticles of dress is not
always in the laundry.Ever wish to do a little
pressing in your cham-
ber?The electric flat-iron
makes this easy.

Lowell Electric Light

50 Central Street

BIG SEWER JOB

In Dutton St. Not an
Easy One

Of all the jobs that the sewer department has tackled in years there has been none more formidable than the deepening of the sewer in Dutton street. The work is progressing slowly because of the fact that it is one great big ledge from start to finish, and despite the fact that there has been a deal of blasting, no accidents have occurred—not as much as a pane of glass has been broken. The sewer is being lowered to a depth of 16 feet.

FROM LAWRENCE

Woman Wanted Child
Vaccinated Here

A woman from Lawrence, accompanied by her boy, a lad of about 8 years, called at the office of the local board of health this forenoon. The woman wanted to have the boy vaccinated. She had read that vaccination was free in Lowell, for school children, and she allowed that a visit to the office, since she happened to be in Lowell, would be worth while. She was a bit disappointed, however, when told that vaccination was not free in Lowell, but as much as a name of glass has been broken. The sewer is being lowered to a depth of 16 feet.

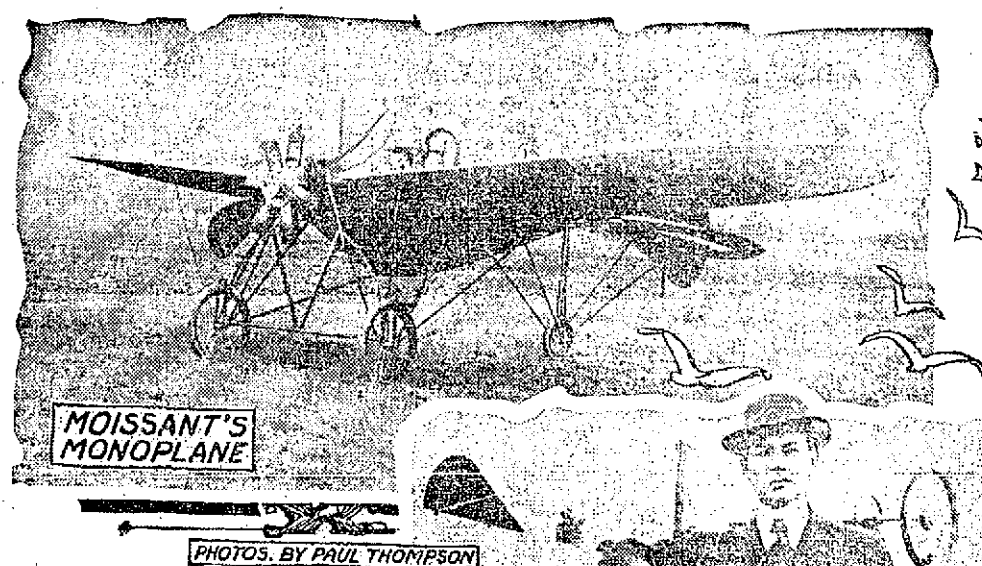
The vaccination record has been broken at city hall and Supt. Whitcomb is very much pleased to note that parents are paying more than usual attention to vaccination. Three hundred and fifty children were vaccinated at City hall, Friday evening. On Thursday, 173 were vaccinated; 250 on Wednesday; 210 on Tuesday and 200 on Monday.

GAMES POSTPONED
New England at Brockton—Lowell-Brockton game postponed; wet grounds.

National at Pittsburgh—St. Louis-Pittsburgh game postponed; rain.

WORK RESUMED
LAWRENCE, Sept. 5.—The Pacific and Everett cotton mills, which closed Aug. 1, resumed work today. The Pacific mills in Dover, N. H., also reopened today.

Poland Water
For Sale by
F. E. BAILEY & CO.
GEO. A. WILLSON & CO.



PHOTOS BY PAUL THOMPSON

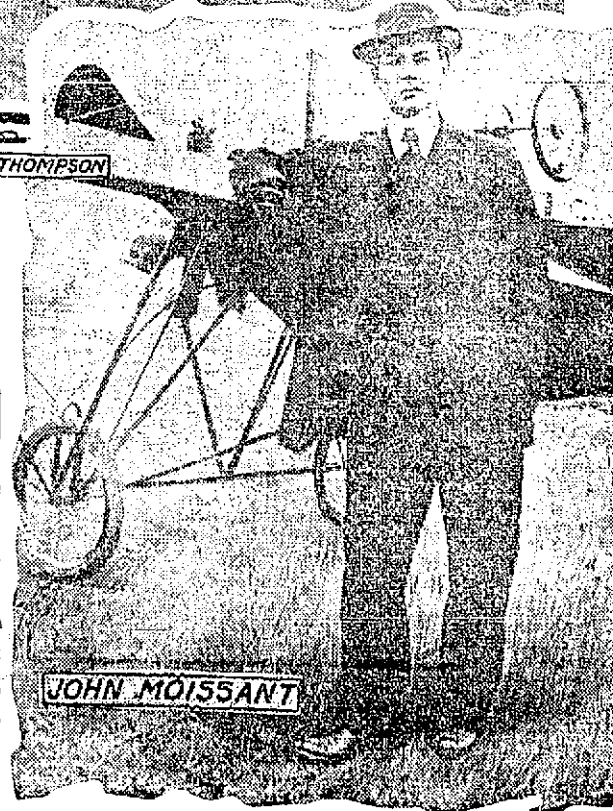
JOHN B. MOISSANT
FLIES FROM
PARIS TO LONDON

LONDON, Sept. 6.—John B. Moissant, the aviator, reached Crystal palace this evening, completing his flight from Paris to London in exactly three weeks.

Moissant did the few remaining miles in two stages today. On the first attempt he encountered adverse winds and was forced to descend at Oxford. There he awaited better weather and again ascended with his machine at five o'clock. He reached the palace 25 minutes later.

The aviator circled over the palace grounds for several minutes and then landed about a mile away in a cricket field at Brekenham.

John Moissant, who is an American, started from Issy on the outskirts of Paris, August 16 in an attempt to fly to London with a passenger. He successfully negotiated the distance following day a complication of accidents and unpropitious weather prevented him from reaching his objective point until today.



JOHN MOISSANT

MURDER CASE

Before Grand Jury at the Court
House TodayFirst Time in a Year That Low-
ell Has Presented More Than
Routine Business to Grand
Jury — Judge Raymond Will
Preside Over Criminal Session

The grand jury opened its September session at the court house in Gorham street this morning to hear the government's evidence in some seven local cases.

For a year or more Lowell has held the record in Middlesex county for having the smallest number of important cases before the grand jury, and half hour sessions have been the order. Today, however, the list while not big numerically was of sufficient importance to demand the presence of District Attorney Higgins, Assistant District Attorney Wier and Second Assistant Sawyer, along with State Officer Charles E. Byrne. This is due to the fact that one of the cases before the grand jury is the alleged murder case of Geo. Glanagos, who, it is alleged, shot and killed a fellow countryman by Suffolk street a short time ago. In addition to the murder case, the case of John J. Costello, the well known barber, for manslaughter, was heard. The other Lowell cases were those of Tony Carroll, or Carrell, for wholesale larceny from the Massachusetts pulps and divers clothes huck in Holyoke; Arthur Duchesne, rape; Charles F. Herbert, breaking and entering and larceny

in the night time; Louis Baljko, rape; and Joseph J. Johnson, rape. A Natick case also occupied the attention of the session.

Carrell is the man who was captured by Major Noyes and Officer Wilson on Saturday and whose apartments at 38 Davidson street were found to contain a whole wagon load of alleged stolen property in a variety that beggars description. He has been in Lowell only three weeks but in that time the police allege he got away with one thousand feet of lumber belonging to the Massachusetts, along with a whole lot of other goods, including a collection of clothing together with clothes lines. It is claimed that Carrell in robbing a clothes line instead of going to the trouble of taking out the clothes pins and removing each individual article, simply took the entire collection, clothes line and all.

Sheriff Verbridge was in attendance at the session and he stated that the grand jury will report in Lowell on Friday and that court will come in here on Monday with Judge Raymond on the bench. This will be Judge Raymond's first appearance in Middlesex county.

MILL CONDITIONS

Are Practically Normal
Once More

Mill vacations in Lowell are about over and normal conditions have been restored. Some of the largest of the mills, including the Massachusetts, Tremont and Suffolk and carpet mills have been closed for the last two weeks. These and others resumed operations this morning.

GONE TO MONTREAL

Michael Carroll, the well known tinsmith, accompanied by John J. Conlon, the piano dealer, started Sunday for Montreal where the tinsmith's congress is being held. For two weeks past Mr. Carroll has been making preparations to go somewhere, just where, he did not seem to know himself. Some of his friends thought a southern trip was being planned, others thought it might be European travel he had in mind, but it was not until Michael had a conference with "Clair" Thornton that it was given out that Montreal would be his destination. He will be gone two weeks.

DEATHS

DUPLESSIS—The many friends of William W. Duplessis will be pained to learn of his death which occurred this morning at his home, 25 Swift street, after a brief illness. He was a well known member of the Sacred Heart parish. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife, Annie, five daughters, Ethel, Annie, Blanche, Madeline and Esther, one son, Edmund, three brothers and two sisters, Mrs. George Barry and Mrs. Nora Russell of this city. Funeral notice later.

LISTEN!
There must be a reason why we are doing the largest optical business in the city. Sure! our good looks may help some, but much more because we deliver the goods and they are made right. Don't think, act. Call at once and have your eyes examined by the latest scientific methods. Prices right. Address as right. No quack work.
CASWELL OPTICAL CO.
11 Bridge St. Open a evenings.
Telephone connection.

HILLIARD'S FLIGHTS

The Only Ones Attempted by
Aviators Today

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Promises of flights for the altitude record and Boston Light prizes were made by several of the aviators when they came out for the third day of flying at the Boston-Harvard Aero meet at Atlantic. William Wright stated that if his engines were working satisfactorily he possibly would try the flight down the harbor. Claude Grahame-White also announced his intentions of going after the same prizes. William H. Hilliard was the first aviator out in the air today. In a Burgess-Curtiss machine Hilliard made several short flights around the field but did not ascend more than a few feet.

Again today the weather was damp and the sky hazy, but indications were that the sun would break through the clouds and give the aviators and spec-

tators the first fair day of the meeting. A thick fog rolled in from the sea shutting down upon the aviation in so dense a volume as to make it impossible to see the canvas hangars from the grand stand this afternoon. Up to 2.15 the fog seemed to be getting worse. Hilliard's early morning flights were the only attempts to fly that had been made up to 2.30 p. m.

To provide some entertainment for the spectators Claude Grahame-White, the English aviator, made a brief flight in his Farman biplane. He remained in the air only a minute and eight seconds.

In the first event of the day Claude Grahame-White brought out his machine in a getaway trial and rose from the ground after going 66 feet and 10 inches.

BOARD OF CHARITIES

Does Not Want to Pay Old
Bill Against City

The following letter from the board of charities to the city government and the mayor is self explanatory. The letter will go to the board of aldermen tonight:

Lowell, Mass., Sept. 6, 1910.
To the City Government of Lowell,
Hon. John F. McEhan, Mayor.

Gentlemen: We respectfully submit the enclosed papers, one being our question to the city solicitor and the other his answer to the same in regard to the bill of \$4288.92, legally due by the City of Lowell to the Massachusetts Home for the People Minded. We call your attention to the fact that the city solicitor distinctly states that from the data submitted there is no evidence that this bill was considered in the annual appropriation of \$75,000. We submitted to him all the data we had and firmly believe that there is no other data in existence bearing on this point, but the city solicitor does not stop at that, he supposes a condition which might exist, but does not. He says "if it were considered and provided for, then it should be paid at once by your department."

If you will note in our question to him, we called his attention to the ordinance section 1, paragraph 1-2-3-4. Section 3, paragraph 3 of said section, which ordinance reads, that at the beginning of the year each department shall submit a schedule of items showing the estimate of the expenditures required for the year.

This was done by the charity board, submitted to the mayor, by the mayor to the city council and by the city council according to section 4, paragraph 3, referred to the joint committee on appropriations. Now the com-

mittee on appropriations has no right, legally or otherwise, to consider any item or items except as expressed in the schedule.

It would be a strange condition of affairs if a committee of a governing board had a right to add an item to the schedule submitted by the head of any department. And this item was not in the superintendent's schedule in the estimate of 1910.

We call your attention to section 3 as quoted by the city solicitor, which reads "all regular annual appropriations shall be for and only applicable to the liabilities incurred during the year in which they are made, any form or phreology in the order, resolution or vote providing for the same, to the contrary notwithstanding."

This bill is not a part of a regular or annual appropriation. It is not a liability, nor was it incurred by the board of charities of 1910. It must then come under the charter amendment of 1896, section 8, which reads: No sum appropriated for a specific purpose shall be expended for any other purpose and no expenditures shall be made and no liability incurred, by or on behalf of the city, until the city council has duly voted an appropriation sufficient to meet such expenditure or liability. Therefore, this would be a sum appropriated for a specific purpose and this has not been done as yet.

We conclude, then, that the meaning of the city solicitor's opinion is as follows: "No, the board of charities of 1910 has no legal right to pay the bill of \$4288.92. An appropriation should be made to meet it."

Board of Charities,
(Signed)
James J. McCarty, Chairman.

WILD DEMONSTRATION

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—Theodore Roosevelt's speech on conservation delivered today at the national conservation congress was received with the wildest applause. It was several minutes after he arose to speak before he could make himself heard, so persistently did the throng cheer him.

"Much that I have to say on the subject of conservation will be but a repetition of what was so admirably said from this platform yesterday," said the colonel. His compliment to the president was received with a cheer.

The ex-president turned to the question of drainage, departing from his prepared speech. Where the land to be drained lay entirely within one state, he said, it might be well, for the time, for the states to take control of the matter. Swamps which extend over parts of more than one state, he said, should be improved by the federal government and he thought it would be better if the state swamp land should be ceded back to the general government that it might do the drainage work. "All friends of conservation," continued Mr. Roosevelt, "should be the heartiest agreement with the pol-

icy which the president laid down in connection with the coal, oil and phosphate lands and I am glad to be able to say that at its last session congress finally completed the work of separating the surface title to the land from the mineral beneath it.

"The average American is an efficient man," he added. "He can do his business and it is recognized throughout the world that that is his type. There is great reason to be proud of his achievements but there is no reason to think we cannot excel our past."

Speaking of the railroad situation, Colonel Roosevelt said: "There are classes of bulk freight which can always be cheaper and better by water if there is an adequate waterway and the existence of such type of waterway in itself helps to regulate railroad rates."

Referring to his recent trip through Kansas as showing the lively interest the people there have in spending their own money for the betterment of their waterways, an example that should be followed by other states, the colonel said that had been followed by the Kansans.

PRESIDENT TAFT FIVE POISONED

Makes a Strong Appeal to Methuen People Mistook Toad-stools for Mushrooms

State's Rights Conservation Issue to be Submitted to Congress—The President Lauds Colonel Roosevelt

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 6.—In a speech before the conservation congress in St. Paul yesterday, President Taft won a quick response from his thousands of hearers by an appeal to practical common sense in dealing with conservation problems.

In the opinion of many who heard him, he also made answer to the recent agitation for a "new nationalism," or a federal centralization of power, by declaring that the only safe course to pursue was to hold fast to the limitations of the constitution and to regard as sacred the power of the states.

Mr. Taft, amid applause, made frequent references to the services of Theodore Roosevelt in the cause of conservation, but declared that the time for rhapsodies and glittering generalities had passed. He suggested to the congress that it should invite its speakers to come down to details, to specific evils and specific remedies.

These sentiments by the president seemed to receive the approval of nearly all his hearers. They came near the end of an exhaustive discussion of conservation and he ended his speech with the audience on its feet.

Mr. Taft did not attempt to solve the problem of water power, site control as between the states and the general government, but after stating his arguments advanced on both sides of the subject, he said he would submit the whole matter to congress for determination.

Labor Day Speech
At the fair grounds in the afternoon the president delivered a Labor Day address, the most notable utterance of which was a statement that he knew of no intention on the part of the government to prosecute labor leaders under the anti-trust law.

At the same time the president said he did not believe labor organizations should be exempted from such prosecution by specific statutes. He declared that such a provision of law would smack of class legislation.

After lunch the president and Mrs. Taft went to the state fair grounds at Hamline and received a tumultuous greeting from a throng which filled the cavernous grandstand and overflowed into the race track and infield.

The president's voice was husky from the delivery of his long speech at the conservation congress, but he did his best to make the vast crowd hear what he had to say on labor problems.

On the way into Minneapolis from the fair grounds the president was greeted noisily along the way. He was dined at a hotel here last evening, informally, and then was driven direct to his train.

The president left last night for Beverly by way of Chicago. The significant paragraphs in President Taft's speech before the conservation congress are:

"In these days there is a disposition to look too much to the federal government for everything. I am liberal in the construction of the constitution with reference to federal power; but I am firmly convinced that the only safe course for us to pursue is to hold fast to the limitations of the constitution and to regard as sacred the powers of the states."

"I am bound to say that the time has come for a halt in general rhapsodies over conservation, making the word mean every known good in the world; for after the public attention has been aroused such appeals are of doubtful utility and do not direct the public to the specific course that the people should take, or have their legislators take, in order to promote the cause of conservation."

"Real conservation involves wise

METHUEN, Sept. 5.—One child is dead, the father and mother are both in a critical condition in the Lawrence General hospital, and two other children are barely out of danger, from eating toadstools, which they had supposed were mushrooms.

The dead child is the five year old daughter of Marie Grazio of Merrimack street, in the pleasant valley section. She was taken violently ill Saturday and died Sunday.

Grazio picked a considerable quantity of what he believed were mushrooms last Friday, and all the members of his family ate some of them. Not until the

following day did any of the family feel the effects of them. Then Grazio, his wife Marie and their three children became violently ill. A doctor found that the supposed mushrooms were toadstools.

The five year old daughter survived only until Sunday morning. The condition of two other children, who had not eaten such a large quantity of the toadstools as had the others improved slightly Sunday. Neither the mother nor the father showed any degree of improvement, however, and late last night the condition of both of them was said at the hospital to be critical.

BODY RECOVERED

Lowell Firm's "Ad" Found in Pockets

LAWRENCE, Sept. 6.—The body of a man was recovered from the north canal at the foot of Jackson street on Sunday evening about 6 o'clock. A spectator believed his name was Greaves. He was apparently about 38 or 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches tall and weighed about 170 pounds. He wore two Old Fellow emblems. A silver watch and an advertisement of a Lowell clothing firm were found in his clothing. The watch had stopped at 6.32.

Medical Examiner Dow viewed the body and expressed the opinion that it had been in the water a day or two.



Nervous? Sleepless?

Knocked out by hot weather? Sanford's Ginger will put you on the track again. It overcomes exhaustion, allays nervousness, centers the blood at the stomach and promotes refreshing sleep.

Sanford's

Ginger quickly checks disturbances of the stomach and bowels due to excessive heat, unexpected change of temperature, and unripe fruit, bad water or unwholesome food. Delicious, refreshing, strengthening and always healthful.

Look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper. Just get a cheap, worthless substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. A delicious combination of ginger, lemonade and French brandy. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere.

REDUCED PRICES FOR TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES

DEVINE'S
Factory and Salesroom, 124 Merrimack Street.
REPAIRING, ETC. TEL. 2160

DR. EDWARDS' DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS
A Miracle as a Blood Purifier
Any thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Piles. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Price 25 cents per box. SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 61 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at



Home Again?

See your new dealer today and arrange to have the Boston Globe delivered at your home this fall and winter.

Hank and Knobs, Vivian and Viola, Ace Spades appear every day in the Boston Globe.

Among the many features in Tomorrow's (Wednesday's) Globe will be:

Famous Gem of Humor
"Gape-Seed," by George W. Bun-gay.

Favorite Poem
"To Tom Moore," by Lord Byron.

Recipes and instructions in bread, pie, cake, doughnut and cookie making will be found every day in the Household Department of the Daily Globe.

Make the Globe your Boston newspaper.

A Bargain in a Mahogany Pool and Billiard Table

J. E. Came Co. Vivex Cushions

"The Uptown Hardware Store"

W. T. S. BARTLETT
653-659 Merrimack St.

All summer we have been preparing to give you the best of fuel for this winter's use. We submit the following varieties of coal for your inspection:

Lackawanna
Wilkesbarre
Reading White Ash
Shamokin

Old Comp'y Lehigh
Jeddo Lehigh
Franklin
Cannel

All Sizes and You Get What You Buy
NEW RIVER STEAM FOR STEAM
GEORGE'S CUMB. CREEK FOR SMITHING
BURN

Wilson's Coal

Three Offices, Five Telephones for Your Convenience.
4 Merrimack Square 760 Broadway 15 Tanner Street

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
Brings The Bloom On The Loaf

THE BLACK HAND

Blamed for Murder of Policeman, Wife and Six Children

REGGIO DI CALABRIA, Italy, Sept. 6.—The vengeance of the Black Hand society in New York is ascribed the revolting murder early yesterday of Policeman Rovolino and his wife and six children in the little village of Pellaro, eight miles south of Reggio, on the strait of Messina.

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning some of the townspeople of Pellaro were awakened by the terrified shrieks of a child, and rushing to the cottage occupied by the Rovolino family found the three year old daughter of the policeman lying with her throat cut, before the open door of her home, screaming piteously.

Tenderly picking up the little child, the villagers carried her inside the house, where they were horrified to find the remaining members of her family lying dead, all of them having been terribly mutilated by blows from axe.

CARRIED OUT THREAT

Scarpia Returns and Slays Man Who Testified Against Him

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Domenico Scarpia, a Bay Ridge cobbler just out of Sing Sing prison, where he had served five years for stabbing a woman, walked into a group of Bay Ridge gossip yesterday, shoved them gently aside and then shot the man he wanted, Felippo Crenetto, through the heart.

Crenetto's testimony had convicted him and during the trial Scarpia had warned him that he would return from prison to kill him. Crenetto laughed.

He was laughing yesterday as he had been in the court-room five years ago when Scarpia singled him out. He paled when he recognized his enemy and took one step backward, then came the first shot. It was fatal, but Scarpia fired twice more to make sure.



"Hurrah, Hurrah for Eaz-all Foot Tablets"

"There is nothing else half as soothing to my tired feet as Eaz-all. I felt as though I couldn't walk another step, but now after an Eaz-all foot bath could dance all night."

Eaz-all is the only cooling, mentholated foot tablet. It takes out all the soreness and burning; cures corns and callouses, and makes it possible to wear smaller shoes with comfort. Get the worth of Eaz-all from your druggist and see how much superior it is to foot powders or the ordinary tablets. Eaz-all is the only preparation for the feet and under a guarantee to return the money if not satisfactory. Doesn't this give you confidence?

BURKE INSTITUTE
The regular meeting of the Burke Temperance Institute was held Sunday afternoon, President Francis P. Dugan occupying the chair. There was a large attendance and considerable routine business was transacted.

The officers submitted reports showing that the organization is in a prosperous condition.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "What" column.

ONE BOY KILLED

By the Collapse of a Grandstand

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—One boy was killed and another seriously injured when the grandstand on the Boston college grounds on Massachusetts avenue, Roxbury, collapsed while a baseball game was in progress yesterday afternoon.

Both boys, it is said, were beneath the woodwork of the structure at the time it fell and it was also said that persons had been warned to keep off the stand.

Maurice Sweet, aged 7, of 101 Norfolk avenue, Roxbury, was killed, while Walter T. Leary, 6 years old, of 36 Woodward avenue, was so badly injured that it is thought he will die.

Several other persons were more or less shaken up, but left the grounds before the police could obtain their names or the extent of their injuries.

A game between the Hawthorne and Mt. Pleasant clubs of Roxbury was in progress at the time. There were about 150 persons present, but the majority of these were standing alongside the ropes on the sidelines.

Fall and Winter Styles

Ready For Your Inspection

J.C. Martin & Sons
Tel. 2144.
243 CENTRAL ST.
169 CHURCH ST.

OPENS HIS FIGHT

Ames Begins His Battle on Lodge

HAVERHILL, Sept. 6.—Congressman Butler Ames opened his fight on Senator Henry Cabot Lodge for a seat in the United States senate in his speech at the twenty-third annual picnic held under the auspices of the Haverhill Central labor union at the Pines, Groveland, yesterday afternoon.

Congressman Ames said in part: "There have been many clambakes and outings, 'beer parties,' as they are sometimes called, held in different parts of the state this summer, but the republican machine has taken great care that I should not be invited, lest the truth be told by a republican to republicans."

"I feel quite in sympathy with your work and endeavor. I am, and my family for some generations have been, manufacturers. I believe I am correct in saying that we have never had a strike in any of our mills."

"I feel I am fighting a political battle for you this fall. I hope that when this fight is over, it will be possible for any man, even if he be of humble circumstances and of few friends, to take an independent stand on any political question without fear of the heel of the machine. I hope it will be possible for any honest, reputable citizen to aspire to any office in the state without the necessity of having in slavery to the selfish desires of the boss of any political machine."

STEEL WHEEL VELOCIPEDES
\$1.25 and Up.
BOYS' AUTOMOBILES and RACING MACHINES EXPRESS WAGONS PROPELLING WAGONS
Bartlett & Dow
216 Central Street.

NIGHT EDITION

FOR PARK PURPOSES

Hannah M. Spalding Offers Land to City of Lowell

Proposed Park Site Contains 1875 Feet of Land—Meat Contracts for Chelmsford Street Hospital Were Awarded Today

Lowell's smoke inspector, Mr. Greenleaf, is inventing a new chart to describe the density of smoke. His chart will be capable of a minutum observation of 15 seconds and will show six densities instead of four, as provided for in present charts. Mr. Greenleaf has also photographed several chimneys within the last few weeks and today he sent to several of the mills a report of his findings. At least three of the corporations will have to improve their smoking or Mr. Greenleaf will impose the fines provided by law.

For Park Purposes

Hannah M. Spalding has addressed a communication to Mayor Meehan, in which she offers, subject to the city's approval, a certain lot of land for park purposes. The letter:

Lowell, Aug. 23, '10.

To Hon. John F. Meehan, Mayor, City of Lowell, Mass.

Sir: I wish to ask if the city of Lowell will accept of the plot of land in front of my house containing some 1875 feet, lying between Crescent and Parker streets, on the following conditions:

First—That the city shall proceed to remove immediately the old elm tree or such part of it as may be advisable in order that it may not be a menace to the public.

Second—That within one year the city shall proceed to grade, beautify and adorn these premises with such trees, shrubs and flowers as may be deemed advisable to make it a spot of beauty for this part of our city.

Third—That it shall be called Parker Spalding square in memory of two families closely connected with the Revolutionary period.

Fourth—That the taxes for the present year may be abated.

Respectfully,

Hannah M. Spalding.

91 Parker Street.

A Wedding Present

The first fall meeting of the board of aldermen for 1910 will be held tonight, and it will be marked by a rather unusual occurrence, that of the presentation of a wedding present to one of its members. Alderman Byam is the beneficiary to receive the present and it prom-

ises to be a very substantial one. There is considerable business to come before the meeting, but nothing of very special or pronounced importance. The park commission will meet at 7:30 to-night.

Water Board Meeting

The water board held a meeting this forenoon and approved monthly bills. Other business of a minor nature, including petitions for water tax abatements, was attended to.

Fixing the Trees

The park commission is closing up its tree work inspection. Supt. Whittelet says that at least two-thirds of the trees have been inspected, and he expects to have his report ready within a week or two. Work on the Anne street park will be resumed on Thursday. The work will include the planting of the shrubbery and sodding. The park department employees are busy on the North common at the present time. A report of the department's operations there has already appeared in The Sun.

Signed Meat Contracts

Meat contracts for the Chelmsford street hospital were signed by Mayor Meehan this forenoon. The contracts, which were for six months' supplies, went to Thomas R. Fahy and Swift & Bailey.

JIMMY CLABBY

CLAIMS MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF WORLD

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Sept. 6.—Jimmy Clabby of Milwaukee beat Guy Buckles of Omaha here last night in the thirteenth round of a fight before the Sheridan A. C. The purse was \$2000. Clabby's friends claim the victory carries with it the welterweight championship of the world.

MEN ON STRIKE

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Signalmen employed by the New York Central railroad in Albany and Besseneau went out on strike today. The railroad officials claim but 29 men quit work.

Mr. William Harrison of Providence, R. I., is visiting his cousin, Miss Alice Harrison of a Simpson place.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Copper	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Am Car & Fd	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Cit Oil	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Am Hide & L	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Am Locomo	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Am Smelt & R	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am Sugar Rtn	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Atchafalpa	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Atchafalpa	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Bait & Ohio	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Br Rap Tran	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Canadian Pa	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Cent Leather	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Ches & Ohio	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Chl & St W	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Consol Gas	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Den & Rio G	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Dis Secur Co	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Erie	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Erie 1st P	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Gen Elec	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2
Gr North P	123 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/2
Gr No Ore	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Int Met	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Iowa Cen	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Kan & Tex	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Kan & T P	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Louis & Nash	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2
Mexican Cen	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Missouri Pa	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Rock Isl	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
N Y Air Brake	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
N Y Central	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Nor & West	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Rock Isl	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Ont & West	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
Pennsylvania	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Reading	135 1/2	135 1/2	135 1/2
Rock Isl	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Rock Isl	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
St Paul	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
So Pacific	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
Union Pac	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Union Pac	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
U S Steel	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
U S Steel	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
U S Steel	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Utah Copper	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Wabash R	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Wabash R	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2

Cotton Futures

	Opening	Closing
September	13.78	13.46
October	13.25	12.97
November	13.24	12.97
December	13.19	12.97
January	13.20	12.95
February	13.20	12.95
March	13.30	13.04
May	13.35	13.10
June	13.35	13.09
July	13.35	13.07

Boston Copper Market

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—There was no accumulation of orders over the holiday and leading in copper shares in the early session of the Boston market today continued as dull as for several weeks. Opening prices were generally unchanged.

A GREAT PARADE

Of French Societies in Manchester

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—The most brilliant pageant which Manchester has witnessed in many years swept through its streets yesterday as a feature of the sixth biennial convention of the St. John the Baptist American union. The parades included both military and civic bodies, and made a demonstration which called forth cheers from many thousands of people who crowded the line of march.

The parade prizes went to the St. John the Baptist society of Amherst, Mass., and the St. John the Baptist society of Manchester. The first prize consisted of a silver cup and the second of a silk United States flag.

In the competitive drill, the Champlain guards of Manchester, Frontenac guards of Lowell, Mass., and the Sacred Heart guards of Fall River, Mass., won the awards in the drill named.

The procession, comprising the New

STOCK MARKET

FINAL HOURS SHOWED MOVE TO WARDS RECOVERY

Rally was Marked in the Principal Active Stocks—The Demand Came from Uncovered Shorts

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—First prices of stocks after the holiday were lower than the preceding level. There were a few exceptions amongst the less prominent stocks. The declines ran in Allis-Chalmers pld. to 1 and in Union Pacific Reading, U. S. Steel and Amal Copper to large fractions. American Hide & Leather pld. rose 1 1/2. Central Leather 3/4. Business was insignificant in volume.

Selling of stocks became more general and there was particular pressure against Reading and the 'consolidated' stocks. Atlantic Coast line broke 2 1/2 under last week's close. General Electric 1 1/2. National Biscuit pld. 1 1/2. Union Pacific and St. Paul 1 1/2. U. S. Steel, Nat'l. Lead and St. Louis Southwestern pld. 1. Light buying advanced some of the specialties, notable Amn. Hide and Leather pld.

The lack of support for stocks grew on the heavy inroad on the banks' surplus disclosed by the weekly statement. The direction of political discussion was called disquieting. Light offerings sufficed to carry prices downward sharply. Bonds were irregular.

Business decreased but prices were lower with the Pacific stocks and U. S. Steel the weakest features. U. P. gave 3 1/2. Southern Pacific 1 1/2. U. S. Steel 1 1/2. C. P. R. 1 1/2. Atchafalpa, American Smelting and Consolidated Gas 1. Sloss Sheffield Steel gained a point.

The market stepped going down and there were fractional losses which brought trading to a standstill. Prices moved toward recovery in the final hours, the rally reaching 1 to 2 1/2 in a number of the principal active stocks. The demand came from uncovered shorts.

Exchanges and Balances

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Exchanges, \$16,684,170; balances, \$1,243,535.

Spot Cotton

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Cotton spot closed quiet, 75 points lower. Middling Uplands, 14.25; Middling Gulf, 14.50. Sales, 16,740 bales.

BOSTON CURE MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Nev	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Bay State Gas	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Carroll	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Ely Central	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2
Goldfield Cons	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
Inspiration	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Superior	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
National Explor	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Nev Douglas	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Ohio Copper	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Rough Coal	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
R T Coal	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Vulture	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2

THE MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Money on call easy, 1 1/2 @ 2 per cent; ruling rates, 1 1/2; last loan 2; closing bid 1 1/2; offered at 2.

Time loans very dull and firm: 60 days 3 1/4 @ 4 per cent, and 90 days, 4 1/4 @ 1/2 per cent. Six months, 4 1/2 @ 5 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 @ 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4 for 60 day bills and at 48 1/2 for demand. Commercial bills 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4. Bar silver, 53 1/2. Mexican dollars, 44. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

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CALLED A "LIAR"

Man Made an Attack on Colonel Roosevelt



COL. ROOSEVELT SEIZING AN IMPERTINENT QUESTIONER TO PREVENT POSSIBLE ASSAULT

The Ex-President Grabbed Him and Helped Eject Him—An Exciting Incident at the Speakers' Stand—The Colonel Explains Just What His Labor Platform is—He Says That Organization is Essential and Urges Legislation for Protection of Workers

FARGO, N. D., Sept. 6.—A man who fought his way to Ex-President Roosevelt and called him a liar caused a bad scare yesterday at Island park in this city. Col. Roosevelt seized the man and helped to eject him from the platform.

The colonel had just finished his Labor Day address, which was delivered to one of the largest crowds which has

gathered to see him on his western trip. A heavy rain storm which came up shortly before the colonel began to speak, drenched the people, but most of them sat through the afternoon in their wet clothes to hear him.

A platform seating 1000 persons had been built at the bottom of a natural amphitheatre in the park and in the middle of it was the speakers' stand on which was Col. Roosevelt.

Rain began falling again shortly before Col. Roosevelt concluded his speech. As he spoke the last sentence the crowd cheered and then there was a rush for the speakers' stand by thousands of people who sought to get near enough to see Col. Roosevelt at short range and shake his hand.

Those on the platform pressed around the stand and in a moment it was enclosed with a surging, struggling mass of men and women. Others in the crowd, which was standing on the ground, jumped on the platform and added to the crush.

Some of the bolder persons in the crowd mounted the steps which led to the speakers' stand and rushed to Col. Roosevelt's side to shake hands. Others followed until the small platform was crowded with men and women.

It was a good-natured, laughing crowd and the colonel shook hands with every one who could get near enough to him.

Man With the Question

A small, poorly dressed man pushed his way through the mass of people until he could make himself heard by the colonel. He wore a battered hat and was unshaven.

"I have a question to ask you Roosevelt," he shouted.

He raised one arm over the heads of the people, waving it to attract the colonel's attention and called out again and again that he wanted to ask a question.

Colonel Roosevelt saw him and watched him closely.

Fighting his way through the crowd, the man at length reached the short flight of stairs leading to the speakers' stand. He mounted the steps and stopped when he reached the top.

Standing about six feet from Col. Roosevelt he called out once more:

"I have a question to ask you, Roosevelt."

The men and women on the stand grew silent. Col. Roosevelt turned and faced him. Waving one arm the man shouted:

"I want to know who is paying the expenses of this trip of yours about the country?"

"You lie," he told Roosevelt.

The question angered Col. Roosevelt and his face showed it. He advanced a step toward his interrogator and shot back his answer.

"I consider that to be an impertinent question," he said. "However, I have no objection to telling you," he added, "that the expenses of the party are being paid by the magazine of which I am one of the editors."

"You lie," the man shouted, so loudly that hundreds of persons in the crowd could hear him.

As he spoke the words Col. Roosevelt stepped forward quickly and seized his arm just above the elbow. He explained later that he did not know who the man was or what his intentions were, and that he had taken hold of his arm as a measure of self-protection.

He pushed the arm forward, turning the man half around so that he was powerless to use the arm. It was an old trick of self-defence which he had learned years ago, the colonel said.

His vigorous action did not deter the man from finishing what he had to say. He shouted out:

"Your expenses are being paid by the people of the United States."

Ejected From Platform

Although Col. Roosevelt was the first to act others ran quickly to assist him and even before the man had finished his remarks two men seized him. The colonel did not release his grip until the stranger was moving rapidly from the stand. He was ejected from the platform and was swallowed up in the excited crowd.

So far as is known there was no cause for alarm, but the story of the incident spread quickly through the crowd and produced considerable excitement.

Roosevelt managed to get to his automobile and was driven rapidly away. He said later that he had no idea who the stranger was.

Members of the labor organizations here came to me and told me that they did not know him," he said. "They said that he had come from out of town."

An effort was made to find the man, but all traces of him were lost. Col. Roosevelt said he was not at all alarmed by what had happened.

Roosevelt's Address

In an address yesterday at Island park to workmen of North Dakota, Col. Roosevelt outlined his belief as to what should be done for the benefit of the laboring classes of America. He said in part:

"It is indispensable necessary, in order to preserve to the largest degree our system of individualism, that there should be effective and organized collective action. The wage-earners must act jointly, through the process of collective bargaining. Only thus can they be put upon a plane of economic equality with their corporate employers. Only thus is freedom of contract made a real thing and not a mere legal fiction."

"I believe this practice of collective bargaining, effective only through such organizations as the trade unions, to have been one of the most potent forces in the past century in promoting the progress of the wage-earners and in securing larger social progress for humanity. Wherever there is organized capital on a considerable scale I believe in the principle of organized labor and in the practice of collective bargaining, not merely as a desirable thing for the wage-earners, but as something which has been demonstrated to be essential in the long run to their permanent progress."

Not a Blanket Indorsement

"This does not mean that I unequivocally indorse any or all practices that labor organizations may happen to adopt, or any or all principles that they may choose to enunciate. Labor organizations have the weaknesses and defects common to all other forms of human organizations. Sometimes they act very well, and sometimes they act very badly, and I am for them when they act well, and I am against them when they act badly. I believe that all of them occasionally make mistakes, and that some of them have been guilty of wrong-doing."

Just in so far as they are strong and effective they tempt designing men who

seek to control them for their own interests, and stimulate the desires of ambitious leaders who may be clever, crooked men, or who may be honest but visionary and foolish. In other words, in treating of labor unions, as in treating of corporations, or of humanity generally, we will do well to remember Abraham Lincoln's saying that 'there is a deal of human nature in mankind.'"

"Outside critics should appreciate the necessity of organized labor, and understand and sympathize with what is good in it, instead of condemning it indiscriminately. On the other hand, those within its ranks should fearlessly analyze the criticisms directed against it and ruthlessly eliminate from the practices of its organization those things which justify such criticism and attack."

"This is the path, not only of right, but of wisdom and safety."

Field for Legislation

It is not merely the duty of the wage earner, but it is also the duty of the general public, to see that he has safe and healthy conditions under which to carry on his work. No worker should be compelled, as a condition of earning his daily bread, to risk his life and limb or be deprived of his health or have to work under dangerous and bad surroundings.

Society owes the worker this because it owes as much to itself. He should not be compelled to make this a matter of contract; he ought not to be left to fight alone for decent conditions in this respect. His protection in the place where he works should be guaranteed by the law of the land.

In other words, he should be protected during his working hours against greed and carelessness on the part of unscrupulous and thoughtless employers, just as outside of those working hours both he and his employer are protected in their lives and property against the murderer and the thief.

This opens a vitally important field of legislation to the national government and to the state alike. It is humiliating to think how far we of this country are behind most of the other countries in such matters.

Practically all civilized countries have, for more than a decade, prohibited by the strictest regulations the poisonous muck industry; yet we had not done anything at all until very recently to protect the laborers against this horrible danger. The national government made an investigation a year ago into this industry, which showed a condition of things unspeakably shocking and revolting.

Legislation to prevent these abuses was introduced in congress which was not passed. Since then the companies in fault have done away with the objectionable conditions. I hope so; but whether they have or not, a law should be passed in stringent form to prevent any possible backsliding.

Employer's Liability

So it is in the matter of injuries to employees. In what is called 'employer's liability' legislation other industrial countries have accepted the principle that the industry must bear the monetary burden of its human sacrifices, and that the employee who is injured shall have a fixed and definite sum.

The United States still proceeds on an outworn and curiously improper principle, in accordance with which it has too often been held by the courts that the frightful burden of the accident shall be borne in its entirety by the very person least able to bear it.

Fortunately, in a number of states—Wisconsin and in New York, for instance—these defects in our industrial life are either being remedied or else are being made a subject of intelligent study with a view to their remedy. In New York a bill embodying moderate compensation for accidents has already been passed. Other states will undoubtedly follow in the same path.

The federal government has, so far as its own employees are concerned, been the first to recognize and put into shape this principle. However, this pioneer law was not made comprehensive enough; it does not cover all the employees of the federal government that ought to come within its provisions, and the amount paid for permanent disability or death is entirely inadequate.

Nevertheless, it was a great step in advance to have this principle of workmen's compensation accepted and embodied in the federal statutes, and the recent action of congress in providing for a commission to study and report upon the subject gives promise that the same principle will soon be applied to private firms that come within the jurisdiction of the federal government.

Women and children should, beyond all question, be protected, and in their cases there can be no question that the government should act.

On my recent trip in the neighborhood of Scranton and Wilkesbarre, everyone I spoke to agreed as to the immense improvement that had been wrought by the effective enforcement of the laws prohibiting children under the age of 14 from working, and prohibiting women from working more than 10 hours a day. Personally, I think 10 hours too long, but, be this as it may, 10 hours a day was a great advance.

His Labor Platform

Among the planks in the platform of the American Federation of Labor are some to which I very strongly subscribe. They are:

1. Free schools, free textbooks and compulsory education.

2. A workday of not more than eight hours.

3. Release from employment one day in seven.

4. The abolition of the sweat-shop system.

5. Sanitary inspection of factory, workshop, mine and home.

6. Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.

(I regard the demands in this form as inadequate. What we need is an automatically fixed compensation for all injuries received by the employee in the course of his duty, this being infinitely better for the employee and more just to the employer. The only sufferers will be lawyers of that undesirable class which exists chiefly by carrying on lawsuits of this nature.)

7. The passage and enforcement of rigid antichild labor laws which will cover every portion of this country. Similar laws limiting women's labor should be enacted.

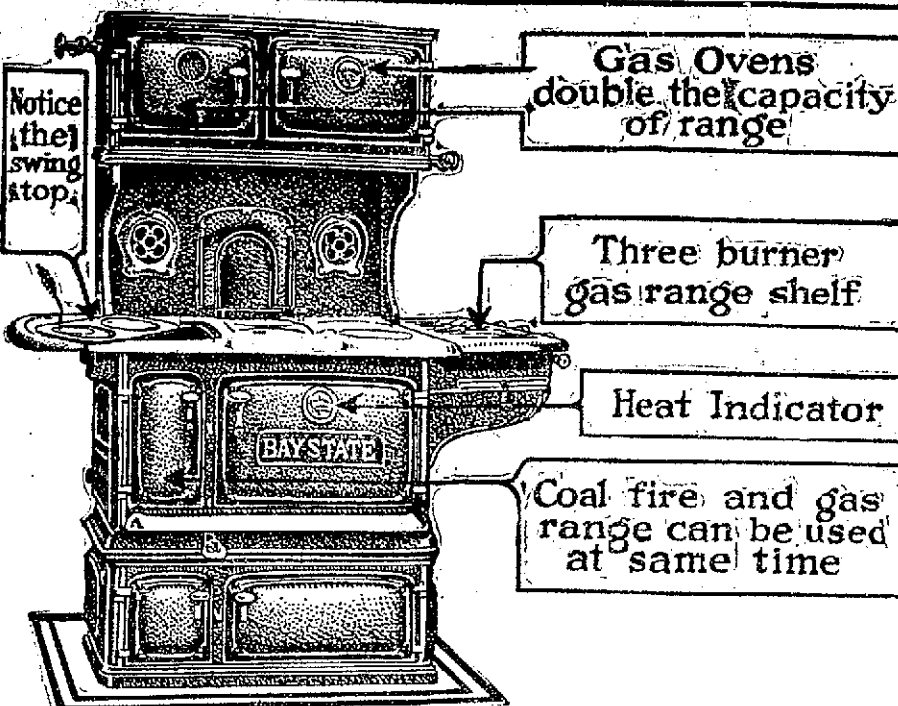
8. Suitable and plentiful playgrounds for children in all the cities.

Inasmuch as prevention is always best, especial attention should be paid to the prevention of industrial accidents by passing laws requiring the use of safety devices.

It would be a good idea to establish in every city a museum of safety devices from which the workers could get drawings of them and information as to how they could be obtained and used.

The matter of compensation for injuries to employees is, perhaps, more immediately vital than any other. In all dangerous trades the employer should be forced to share the burden of the accident, so that the shock may be borne by the community as a whole. This would be a measure of justice in itself, and would do away with a fruitful source of antagonism between employer and employee.

Our ideal should be a rate of wages sufficiently high to enable workmen to live in a manner conformable to American ideals and standards, to educate their children, and to provide for sickness and old age; the abolition of child labor; safety device legislation to prevent industrial accidents; and automatic compensation for losses caused by these industrial accidents.



New Swing Fire Top: (See Illustration.) Makes entire surface of fire available for broiling or toasting. Also enables an even and easy distribution of coal or the use of large chunks of wood. No other range has this feature.

Simplicity Damper: Works with a touch—almost automatic. Cannot be burned out or affected by heat.

Three Styles of Grates: Adapted to one style of frame. Grates and frame freely

drawn out through the fire door opening for cleaning or renewing.

Patented Extension Tea Shelves: Found only on our ranges—give ample space for large dishes.

An Aluminum Plated Oven Rack: Adjustable at two heights. A simple locking device keeps this rack in rigid position when pulled all the way out.

A Model Heat Indicator: Of scientific construction and a Twentieth Century Simmering Cover sent free with each range.

Gas Ovens double the capacity of range

Three burner gas range shelf

Heat Indicator

Coal fire and gas range can be used at same time

NELSON'S COLONIAL DEPARTMENT STORE, Agents For Barstow Bay State Ranges

BARSTOW Bay State Ranges

are unique—they stand alone in the Range Market. They have over 70 years of experience and honest endeavor behind them—thereby giving you the greatest possible value and convenience at the lowest price which can be set.

The BARSTOW STOVE COMPANY have made it a point always to unite the highest grade materials with the most expert workmanship. Experience has shown that this is always the cheapest way to manufacture in the long run and the only way by which a firm becomes solidly planted in the regard of its patrons.

Thus you will find in BARSTOW BAY STATE RANGES highest quality of materials, integrity of workmanship, beauty of design and greatest convenience in arrangement. And also many time and labor saving devices to be had on no other ranges.

We have enumerated some of these improvements—but they can only be fully appreciated when seen and demonstrated. Make it a point to inspect them critically—you will find them faultless.

Our Apologies--Our Thanks--Our Appreciation

Are Offered in Unison Today to Our Store Friends Who Made Our Birthday Such a Happy Occasion, Last Saturday

We Apologize

For any inconvenience we may have caused our customers by failing to provide sufficient sales-people to attend to them promptly, and the only explanation we can offer is simply that, notwithstanding we prepared to handle a good big crowd, we didn't anticipate one-half the response we received—particularly was this the condition in our Bed and Bedding Department, where one of the leading bargains was Bed Blankets at 29c each, and on which we were obliged to take orders for delivery one hour after the opening of sale. We are pleased to announce this morning that as a result of telephoning the mills Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, 600 pairs were shipped by American Express, delivered Saturday evening, and all orders will be filled Tuesday. If you didn't get in Saturday on this unusual bargain we will help you out by continuing 29c Blankets on sale all day Tuesday. Also the 89c Comforters and 98c Comforters, which were sold out at 4 P. M., will be replaced early Tuesday morning, and we will agree to furnish any quantity you desire if you will come in and place your order Tuesday.

We Thank You

For the most prosperous day's business this store has ever known. Not only did the total volume of business show a phenomenal increase, but very many more customers were served than in any previous day. Thus we have gained in two most important ways: gross business done and public estimation. The inference is plain that the greater the number of satisfied customers, the stronger the bond between the people who buy and the store which sells. This state of things is to us a source of great satisfaction, and we offer our thanks in this public manner.

In Appreciation

We decided to repeat this ANNIVERSARY SALE Tuesday, after Labor Day, so that everybody may have an opportunity to benefit by the unusual offerings. As many as possible of the lots sold will be replaced early Tuesday. For instance: Kitchen Aprons at 10c each; the large size Kitchen Aprons, fitted over shoulders, at 19c; the Boys' Sweaters at 39c; the 10c Outing Flannels at 6 1-4c; and many other lots sold out at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon will be duplicated for Tuesday's sale. Many housekeepers complained that Saturday was a bad day for them to get out. Therefore this continuation Tuesday to give them a chance.

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It is always our policy to give the right goods at the right time and at the right price, and we shall continue to do this, for in that way lies success of the broadest sort. We'll await your coming TUESDAY.

O'DONNELL DRY GOODS CO.

For J. H. KELLEY, Pres.

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

In the presence of Col. Roosevelt all other national lights are cast into the shade. Where will Roosevelt's crusade wind up? Committeeman Barnes of New York says the disruption of the republican party is threatened, and so it is. We venture to say that the party will show its strength in opposing Roosevelt's elevation in the New York convention.

LOWELL'S POPULATION

We are exceedingly disappointed at the estimate of our population as given out by the census bureau. We were disappointed ten years ago when told that our population was 94,969, and still more are we disappointed when now told that we are but 95,109. As this is given out as but an estimate of our population, we have some hopes that the final figures will give us at least 98,000. It would seem that there must have been some mistake somewhere as the Board of Health has for some time past estimated our population at 90,380.

MANY STREET IMPROVEMENTS IN PROGRESS

It is highly creditable to the city of Lowell to have so many street improvements in progress. Not for a dozen years has there been so much doing in this line. The addition to our smooth-paved streets this year will be highly appreciated. The smooth paving of all our principal business streets will be a great public improvement and a step in the direction of the city beautiful.

The work of removing four of the most dangerous grade crossings in Lowell is another improvement that will not only add to the public convenience on the streets in question but will also prevent the accidents that have been so common at crossings where trains pass at high speed.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT

The juvenile court which has proved so popular and useful is to be supplemented, at least in New York, by a "Domestic Relations Court" to settle family jars, ruptures between husband and wife that if allowed to proceed would result in the breaking up of homes and the life-long injury to the children depending upon the parents in such cases. The idea is a good one. Such cases should not be mixed with the ordinary police court cases. Neither should these family broils be subjected to so much publicity as the ordinary police court case. It often happens that a husband and wife having a respectable family will make a disgraceful exhibition of themselves in court. If the case be reported in the press the whole family will be humiliated, all over a wrangle between father and mother resulting, it may be, from the fact that the husband drinks and when intoxicated abuses his family. The causes are varied, of course, but in the majority of cases they are too trivial to lead to a separation of man and wife and the breaking up of a home.

If the Domestic Relations Court will settle these family troubles quietly and without publicity a great deal of good will be accomplished. Let this new court be tried. The New York suggestion will take root as there is a field for such a court in every city in the land, but particularly in factory cities, the population of which is made up of a great many foreign nationalities.

PERSISTENT HAMMERING BRINGS REFORM

It is to be regretted that the public needs have to be so often referred to before the average official is willing to concede their necessity. We have been shouting the evils of the smoke nuisance until something practical has been done. For years we had been advocating smooth-paved streets and now everybody concedes that smooth paving is the right thing. Many of those who originally opposed smooth paving are now asking: "Why didn't we find out the value of smooth paving long ago?"

We have been harping on the need of more parks and better with the need of supervised playgrounds, and today we believe every citizen will admit that the money wisely spent on parks and playgrounds will vastly benefit the whole people.

Persistently have we been advocating public baths, and at present the city council appears to be so convinced of the necessity of public baths that a special committee has been appointed to devise some method of meeting this popular demand.

The need of a public hall has also been frequently urged in these columns, and we are in hopes that the commission chosen to meet that public necessity may eventually do something practical.

A new city charter is also among the reforms urged by The Sun in order to secure better city government, and although the progress in this direction has not been very great, on account of the difficulty of harmonizing the views of conflicting elements, yet we believe that public sentiment will soon crystallize into some definite form of the matter of a city charter and thus relieve our city from the antiquated methods prescribed by the old charter.

It may be that some of our readers are of the opinion that we refer to these matters too often, but we would remind them that it is only by repetition that any valuable reform can be carried by a newspaper. We see examples of this all over the country in cases where important municipal reforms are brought about by persistent hammering by newspapers on the simple demands of public necessity and by the exposure of abuses that stir the people to action.

The public mind must first be convinced that the thing advocated is right. After that the paper working for any public reform must overcome the inertia of the popular mind, the unwillingness of the city council to assume the responsibility and perhaps a vigorous opposition into the bargain.

All this calls for repetition, repetition, and without repetition no important municipal reforms can be brought about through the public press.

SEEN AND HEARD

Of course you can't be wholly sure that a young man is an actor, just because he has a clean shaven face and a tendency to roll his "rs."

Bright red is man's favorite color, excepting sometimes when it comes to hair.

If any girl thinks that young Theodore Roosevelt put down the new carpet when he went to housekeeping, just because he has been working in a carpet factory, she is probably mistaken.

Throw a ten-cent piece on the table before a bunch of millionaires, and they will all grab for it like streetboys.

After a man gets to be fifty-five, he no longer looks surprised when he feels a sudden sting of pain.

A man always hesitates before undertaking to pronounce "catsup" after he knows how it is spelled.

Sometimes a man takes pride in being independent, when really he is only blindly obstinate.

Cucumbers are still ten cents an order at the restaurant though the farmers are selling them for a cent apiece.

It is always a great compliment to a man's disposition when his wife looks almost younger than her daughters.

When you buy sea salt at the seashore, you are sure that it comes from the ocean, because it says so on the label on the box.

If a girl is homely and has to ask a favor of a man she has never seen, it is better for her to do it by telephone—or by letter, if her handwriting is good.

None of the critics can explain to the satisfaction of the reading world where Shakespeare got his perfect and exact knowledge of human nature—unless he asked his wife.

One thing the average woman finds out very soon after she gets married is that man isn't made of gold dust.

"With all your faults, I love you still," dreamily thought the husband as his energetic wife settled down to sleep, after giving him a curial lecture.

When a man is rich enough to keep a touring car and a chauffeur, he isn't wholly happy until somebody asks him how much it costs him a year to run it.

THE BRIDE

She stands beneath the floral bell,
In modest, blushing, nobody
Her friends agree that nobody
Ever saw a fairer bride.
Her age and beauty make her fit
Her wedding vows to take—
But can she cook a leg of lamb,
And can she broil a steak?

The wedding veil enfolding her
Her loveliness reveals.
Her maiden grace—her modesty—
To every one appeals.
The bridegroom all congratulate
Upon his great good luck—
But can she make a loaf of bread,
And could she roast a duck?
—Somerville Journal.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

A temperance campaign in Ireland is known as the "Cath-my-Pal" movement. Rev. P. J. Patterson, the clergyman at the head of the movement, has

HOW TO TREAT SKIN DISEASES

A Simple Remedy That Can Be Tried For 10 Cents

Many skin diseases like Eczema and Salt Rheum are due to an external cause that is little understood, and are not the result of impure blood. The taking of internal remedies is a waste of time and money, as many sufferers can testify. The simplest and safest remedy is Cadum, a new medical preparation. Cadum, when applied, excludes the air and all external agents that cause inflammation and irritation. It stops the itching at once, and the healing process begins immediately. Wonderful cures are reported not only of Eczema and Salt Rheum, but of less serious troubles like Psoriasis, Ringworm, Acne, Herpes, Scaly Skin, Scabs, Pimples, Itch, Eruptions, Blisters, Blackheads, etc. Trial box, 10c. Large box, 25c. All druggists.

Bay State Dye Works

You will soon be going away on your vacation and will need all the ready money that you will be able to get hold of, and at the same time you will want to have your wardrobe in good shape. At a small outlay you will put your clothing in almost perfect shape, as when it was new, so this is one way that you can have the use of more ready money during your vacation. We do all kinds of work, dyeing, cleaning, pressing and pressing, at lowest prices and the very best work at short notice.

Bay State Dye Works

34 PRESCOTT STREET.

COKE

Otto or Lowell Coke, \$4.75 per chaldron, \$2.38 per half-chaldron.

PROMPT DELIVERY

John P. Quinn

Tel. 1180 or 2480.

SAVE TIME AND MUSCLE

Goodale's Wash Clean

Will do it. We have customers who have used it for years and say it does not injure the clothes and saves 50 per cent. of the labor on wash day.

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE,

217 CENTRAL STREET

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 20c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

—FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

announced that in 18 months there will be a convention at Belfast, at which temperance workers from the United States and China and Japan, as well as from the British countries, will be gathered.

George Gifford is raising successfully a rare variety of sheep on Hesper Island in Puget sound. They are Karakul, the sacred sheep of Asia. Mr. Gifford was a missionary in Central Asia when some of the sheep were given him in return for a favor to a nobleman of Bokhara, and it occurred to the American that if more were secured there might be profit in raising them in his own country. When he had succeeded in getting possession of a flock of 30, he brought them to Seattle, Wash., and chose Hesper Island as the place for raising them because of its luxuriant shrubbery and the similarity of its climate to that of the habitat of the sheep in Asia.

Sir Cheng Tung, the Chinese minister in Berlin, who was formerly minister at Washington, will send his two sons to America on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Sept. 8, to enter America's customs in the fall. Sir Cheng was partly educated at Amherst, after being fitted at Andover. He has adopted his title here and calls himself Mr. Liang Cheng. He says the Europeanization of China is making rapid strides. Even the young women have been infected with the idea and have developed a fond for piano playing, resulting in a remarkable importation of pianos.

J. O. Terrell of San Antonio, whom the republicans of Texas have named for governor, belongs to an old pioneer family of the state. In his time he has played the roles of plowboy and cowboy, editor and lawyer. He is now president of two of the strongest financial institutions in the Lone Star state.

Literature and art cannot be said to have greatly flourished during the last decade or so, but it will certainly not be the fault of the king and of Queen Mary, says the Lady's Pictorial of London, if learning is not regarded as better than lands and art does not reach a higher level. The queen is an omnivorous reader; it is understood that she will have no ladies in her entourage who are not what may be described as intellectual women, and she is deeply interested in all literary matters.

The library at Windsor has already engaged her attention, and it will not be a matter of surprise if in future honors lists the names of writers who have distinguished themselves by their pen appear more frequently than has hitherto been the case.

King George, unlike his royal predecessor, who did not care for "poetry and painting," is extremely fond of pictures, and there is no exhibition of paintings in which the queen does not take some interest.

James E. Martine, known through New Jersey as the "farmer orator," and a follower of the political fortunes of William Bryan, has formally declared himself a democratic candidate for the United States senate, to succeed John Kean. He expects his name to go on the ballot in the state primary this month.

Rev. Simon Blunt, rector of the church of the Redeemer, Chicago, will be the successor of Rev. Charles Mockridge, rector of All Saints' Episcopal church in Ashmont, Dorchester, who died last spring in Louisville, Ky. Rev. Mr. Blunt will begin his work in Ashmont in October. He was formerly a curate at St. Stephen's church, Providence, R. I. All Saints' parish is one of the largest and wealthiest in the Episcopal church in this state.

The ninth woman to hold the office of church warden in England has recently been appointed. She is an inhabitant of Walsgram-on-Swain, in Warwickshire. Lincolnshire has a woman sexton in whose family the office has been for 200 years.

The new chairman of the republican territorial committee of Arizona is Albert M. James, a prominent young attorney, who has practised in Douglas since his graduation from the Columbia Law school ten years ago.

CURE OF ECZEMA AND DANDRUFF

By One Box of Cuticura Ointment and One Cake of Cuticura Soap. Head Perfectly Clear.

"I am pleased to inform you that I have been cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Since I was a boy I have suffered with dandruff, not only on the itching but from its disagreeable appearance in a really form all over my head. I had to brush it off my clothes all day long. I used every kind of preparation supposed to cure dandruff, also scalp and shampoo but it seemed to me that, instead of improving with these remedies, the dandruff increased, even my hair began to fall out and the result was that two months ago eczema developed on my scalp.

"I suffered from this that as a last resource I thought I would try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. They had the most gratifying results for I had used only one box of Cuticura Ointment and a single cake of Cuticura Soap when I was cured, the eczema and dandruff were gone and my head perfectly clear. I can assure you that so long as I live no other soap than Cuticura will be used by me and all those near to me. I will also add that I will always use Cuticura Ointment as a dressing for the hair. I feel that you should know of my cure and if you desire you may use them as a true testimonial which comes from a sufferer of thirty years' standing. I will be happy to tell any one of my experience in order to assist those who may be suffering from the same disease. J. F. Acevedo, General Commission, 59 Pearl St., New York, Apr. 21, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for eczema of the skin and scalp. A cake of Cuticura Soap (25c) and a box of Cuticura Ointment (50c) are often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Patented Druggists: J. C. Allen, Sole Proprietor, 125 Columbia Ave., Boston, Mass.

See Manual Treat, 32-page book, an Authority on the Care and Treatment of the Skin, Scalp and Hair.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND SCOTLAND

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND NORTH OF IRELAND

Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second Cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway, \$12.50 upwards; third class, \$7.75 to Glasgow. Through fares, Liverpool, prepaid steerage rate, \$11.50. Extra rooms reserved for married couples, \$15.00. Single fares, half fare. H. & A. ALLAN, 110 State St., Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St. FREDERIC B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

The Gilbride Comp'y

CLEAR THE WAY FOR

LOCKHART

Read About It in Next Thursday's Papers

Next FRIDAY we will welcome almost the entire city and vicinity to the opening of the

LOCKHART MILL-END SALE

The coming of this great world-famed sale does not teach anyone how to raise chickens or a vegetable garden, but it does give the most profound instructions in economy possible to obtain.

On Friday our store will remind you of a great storehouse filled with treasures. The store will be gorgeously decorated with yellow fish tails, yellow bannerettes, yellow tickets and booths of New Mill End Goods will greet you at every counter, until you will pinch yourself to be sure you're not dreaming, or hypnotized or being led by your sub-conscious mind through a zone of the rarest colors, lights and changes.

This announcement is like the first course at dinner, a mere cup of broth, but Thursday's advertisement will be more like a substantial farmer's dinner table, loaded to the very outer edge with the best of everything. Oh! how we will tempt the dry goods appetites in this community for the next 10 days. Meanwhile we will work night and day to get everything in shape for this great sale.

Everyone Should Read About It Next Thursday in the Daily Papers

We Want 100 Extra Salespeople. Apply at Once

KAUFMAN'S BOUT CARD'L GIBBONS

Discusses the Unrest in the United States

Bill Lang of Australia Never Had a Chance to Win

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—After having the better of Bill Lang in the first round of their bout last night at the Philadelphia baseball park, Al Kaufman proceeded to put the finishing touches to the Australian in the fourth and subsequent rounds.

In the second and third sessions Bill managed to hold his own, but toward the end he became wild with his swings and Kaufman was able to get in telling jabs and punches that easily returned him the winner.

It was a fast bout from the start, the men wasting very little time in clinching and wrestling. They were both full of action. Of the two, Kaufman was the faster and stronger. He made his blows tell and used a left jab for the face and nose and a right to the body that took some of the steam out of Lang.

In the late rounds of the bout Kaufman had Lang's measure, and the latter had to clinch often to avoid punishment. Lang showed himself a willing fighter even if he were pushed to the ropes and pelted with blows of all kinds.

At the end of the sixth round Kaufman was strong and looked fit to go through the bout all over again.

Kaufman had somewhat the better of the first round. He sent both hands to the head and landed a right to the ear. Lang came back with a right, but Kaufman sent his left to the nose. After Lang had landed a left to the eye the clinched. After exchanging rights the head Kaufman hooked a left to the face.

The second round was about even, Lang started off with a left to the face, whereupon Al crossed his right to Lang's ear and then sent a right to body and left to the ear. Twice Lang swung his right to the head, and after a clinch Lang landed another hard right on the head.

The third round was also about even, both men swinging viciously after a clinch. Al hooked a left to the nose, and then they exchanged lefts to the face. Kaufman jabbed with his left and drove hard with his right to the chin in this round. Lang swinging a right to the ear. Kaufman responded with a stinger on the neck and hooked a left to the ear. Then Lang drove both hands to the body.

Kaufman had the better of the fourth round, staggering Lang with a right to the head. Lang was wild and clinched. Kaufman continued to hold the advantage in the fifth round, punching

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—Cardinal Gibbons in an interview here yesterday, upon the causes of the general unrest throughout this country at present, said that much of the existing unrest throughout the United States which is hampering the progress of the country is due to the too common lack of economy by the present generation and the desire for too many luxuries and extravagances.

"The people believe," he said, "that they must have automobiles, must go to the theatres, must have various kinds of amusements, and must have many things more or less extravagant, without which their fathers and grandfathers got along well enough and prospered. This desire prevents a sensible conversion of the people's resources."

"There is continuous unrest between the employer and the employee, and it would be most beneficial if this condition could be overcome. There should not and need not be any conflict between labor and capital, since both are necessary for the public good and the one depends on the co-operation of the other. A contest between the employer and the employee is as unreasonable and as hurtful to the social body as a war between the head and the hands would be to the physical body. Whoever strives to improve the friendly relations between the proprietors and the labor unions by suggesting the most effective means of diminishing and even removing the causes of the discontent is a benefactor to the community."

"Common sense treatment of the so-called ills of which people of this country are complaining will result, the people will find, in their importance being greatly reduced. The country is growing fast and with such rapid growth it is impossible that all conditions should be perfect."

FOR BABY'S SAKE USE

E. S. SYKES Comfort Powder

Then his skin will be free from itching, chafing, scalding, rashes, and all soreness. The original and best baby powder. For twenty years Comfort Powder has been considered the standard of perfection by thousands of New England physicians, nurses, and mothers who use no other.

Look for the name E. S. SYKES on every box. None genuine without it.

A QUIET HOLIDAY AVIATION FEATS

Little Excitement in Lowell on Labor Day

Inclement Weather Kept Many at Home—Hundreds Went Out of Town—The Ball Game and Theatres Were Well Attended

Labor Day passed into history uneventfully, for there was no formal celebration by organized labor and weather conditions were such as to keep people at home.

The Loomfixers held an outing and some of the carpenters went to Lawrence as the guests of the Carpenters' union of that city, but none of the other organizations held any observances.

It had been previously decided by the Trades and Labor council not to hold a formal celebration in view of the fact that the mills had been closed for two weeks and working on short time prior to two weeks ago.

A heavy rain fell during Sunday night while the morning dawned with lowering skies. Baseball was the principal attraction of the day and in the morning the fans entertained grave doubts as to whether the games would be played or not on account of the weather conditions and none from this city attended the morning game at Glen Forest. The rain held off, however, and though the afternoon was damp and dark 4500 people were in attendance at Spaulding park.

Several thousand French-Americans from this city went to Manchester early in the day for the celebration of the French societies which included a big street parade and military competition. There was an exodus of Lowell people to Boston to witness the flight of the bird-man. Many went to City Point to see the fun and were disappointed as the weather was heavy and the air-ships not visible from that point owing to the dense fog.

Those who remained at home attended the theatres, the Opera House and the Hathaway opening for the season. Both drew crowded houses and presented strong attractions. The picture theatres did their usual holiday business, presenting special programs.

The depot was a busy place last night when the Canadian train pulled in, for a large number of Lowell people departed for Montreal to attend the Bachelorette convention, and hundreds accompanied them to the cars with messages for friends in the north country.

Opera House

The opening of the theatrical season in this city yesterday afternoon was marked by large attendance at the several show houses. The bills booked for the opening performances were very good despite the fact that there is a claim that managers are liable to book second-class shows, feeling that the houses will be packed on a holiday.

There were two large attendances at the Opera House, the house being taxed to its capacity both during the afternoon and evening. The interior of this popular playhouse underwent a renovation during the summer months and everything is now spick and span, comfortable and pleasing to the eye.

The attraction yesterday afternoon

and evening was "The Black Fox" in which Daniel Ryan appeared. This play deals with life in the Canadian woods and the characters are French Canadians. Mr. Ryan as usual was very good as was Miss Harriet Duke who took the leading female part. The supporting company included the following:

"Alex Devanne" Sr. and Jr., by W. H. Shelly; "Grand-pere," George Fisher; "Napoleon Dore," Francis R. Prosser and "Virginie," Harriet Duke.

Hathaway Theatre

Yesterday was opening day at Hathaway's theatre and seats were at a premium at both performances. The theatre has been "touched up" throughout and several new sets of scenery have been added.

Laddie Cliff is the pick of the opening and he is a corking entertainer. He made a bit of a speech yesterday in which he stated that he is very favorably impressed with Lowell, and he said that just as soon as he gets back to London he will tell King George about it and that means, of course, that Laddie Cliff is an English lad; but even that can be forgiven him. Cliff is a good singer, a good talker and all round entertainer. As a dancer there is none to compare.

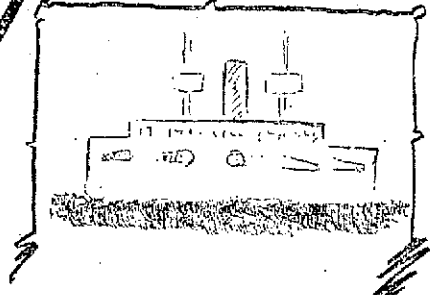
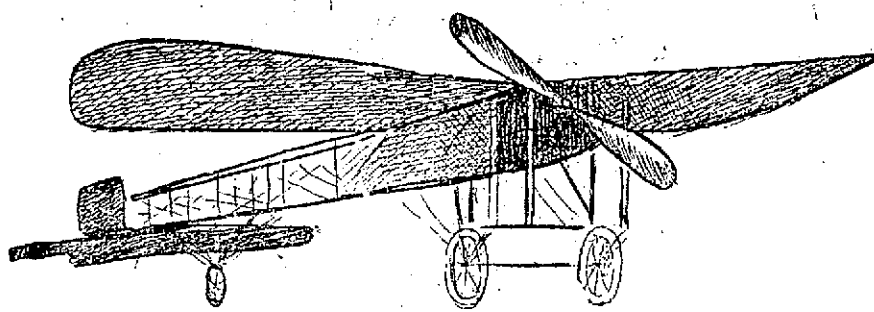
It must not be understood, however, that Laddie Cliff is the whole show. He's one "big un," but there are others, and the others include Jarvis and Martin, a pair of comedy jugglers; Thea Lightner, in a refined piano; the Van Der Koope, called "quick il-lusionists"; Burkhart, Flynn and Parker, "Just Us Three," are the best singers heard here for some time; Elsie Ridgely and company furnish a very pleasing dramatic playlet, "The Other Woman." The bill concludes with the Woods and Woods trio in an original comedy pantomime, entitled "An Elopement by Wire." Performances of the foregoing acts will be given every afternoon and evening during the remainder of the week.

Academy of Music

There is a great show at the Academy the first three days of this week, and yesterday the theatre was packed, both afternoon and evening. The McAleney Marvells are truly wonderful jumpers, while Emerson and Dupree kept the audience in a roar of laughter from start to finish, and the Four Magicians, the Musical Barbers, have an act worth going miles to see. The pictures are new and the best in the market. Prices 5 and 10 cents.

BROKE HIS ANKLE

Edward Williston, residing at 8 Tyler street, fell and broke his right ankle at an outing yesterday afternoon. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell hospital, where he received treatment.



CLAUDE GRAHAME-WHITE, THE CELEBRATED BRITISH AVIATOR, HIS MACHINE IN FLIGHT AT ATLANTIC AND THE MODEL BATTLESHIP INTO WHICH BOMBS WERE DROPPED

About 30,000 People Witnessed Thrilling Manoeuvres of Man Birds at Atlantic Yesterday

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Claude Grahame-White, of England, proved himself to be the wizard of all the aviators at the second day of the Harvard-Boston aero meet before 30,000 people at Atlantic yesterday, when he took place in every one of the five classes which were competed for. Beyond this, White repeatedly drew forth the plaudits of the thousands of onlookers in a thrilling manner all the hazardous feats of the men of the air, dodging first over to the grand stand and down almost upon the heads of the spectators to soar the wings of his machine into the air and swoop down again into the automobile section. On one of his flights, he took up Miss Mary Campbell, of New York, and after twice circling the course with her in an easy manner, gave her the thrill of her life in a 200 feet slide down the wind to within ten feet of the ground from which elevation he lightly dropped his Farman onto the turf.

Miss Ladd Taken Up

Charles Foster Willard, of Melrose, took up the first newspaper woman to make an ascension in this country, Miss Eleanor Ladd, of Boston, following with another flight in which he took up J. C. Toye, of another Boston newspaper.

The best time of the day, made by White, was 5 1/4 miles in 6 minutes 1 second, with a Bleriot. While the distance record of the day was 45 miles, 617 feet, on which trips was one 16 minutes and 7 seconds.

Only Serious Accident

The only serious accident of the day occurred in the amateur class early in the morning, when Horace F. Kearney of Kansas City, Mo., while running over the ground at the get-away, shot into the wire fence in front of the grand stand and crumpled up the front control of his Pittman monoplane. The aviator narrowly escaped death from the jagged shafts which seemed to stick out from all sides of him squeezed in between his engine and the meshes of the wire fence. He escaped unhurt, however. Later in the afternoon, A. V. Roe of England had a little difficulty in landing on his first real attempt to get into the air, when, on alighting at the end of the get-away his wheels buckled, setting the triplane up on end and digging her nose into the turf. But little damage resulted. White's distance and duration flights were broken off by the smashing of an inlet valve of the engine, which compelled him to come down after making his 45 mile flight while the Wright machine, operated by Johnstone, also had a contrary kink and the aviator landed behind his hangar.

Cromwell Dixon came out with his dirigible, intending to fly to Boston

common, but suffered a twisted shaft and gave up the attempt.

Altogether, there were 22 events pulled off in the five classes in which there were competitions yesterday. Owing to a heavy fog, which prevailed

was in the air 48 minutes.

The five contestants in the distance events were obliged to allow first place to White, who made 45 miles, 617 feet, Johnstone being second, with 26 miles, 3107 feet.



The Englishman was the only man to compete in the get-away, but did not do anything surprising, requiring 110 feet and 8 inches to get his Bleriot monoplane off the ground, and 177 feet 2 1/2

inches to raise the Farman.

Bomb Dropping Contest

The bomb dropping contest over the model battleship still retains its popular interest with the crowd, and here again White proved himself the star performer of the day. In his trial he dropped two of his ten bombs directly into the funnel of the battleship, while all of his other shots hit some part of the deck. Willard was only able to land his shots on the remote parts of the decks, while Curtis in two trials made 5 bulb holes on the funnels and seven hits on the deck out of eight shots on one entry and struck the battleship nine out of ten times on his other attempt.

Summary of Points

The summarizing of points in all events in which points are kept up to date gives Claude Grahame-White 65 points, Glenn H. Curtiss, 27; Charles F. Willard, 13; Ralph Johnstone, 8, and Walter Brookings, 2.

During the day announcement was made that John Barry Ryan, son of Thos. P. Ryan of New York, has offered, through the Harvard Aeronautical society, a \$500 cup to be competed for at this meet and future meets in the bomb dropping contest. The cup will carry a bronze statue of the famous Commodore Barry.

A PRETTY PARTY

Held by Stationary Firemen Last Night

Associate hall was the scene of a pretty dancing party last night, the occasion being the annual concert and ball of the Lowell lodge of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen. It was the 15th annual and the most successful social affair ever conducted by the organization. There was a large attendance and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner.

The success of the party was due to the efficient work of the following officials:

General manager, John T. Hendricks, president; assistant general manager, Jas. Hammond, vice president; floor director, John W. Downing, recording secretary; assistant floor director, Chas. Hillier; chief aid, John Callaghan.

Aids, M. P. Conneally, Samuel Oldfield, Frank Martin, Joseph E. Butler, P. Reynolds, James Malloy, William Green.

Reception committee: John P. Dean, A. Shafter, Omie Zesvity, John Scollan, J. F. Barros, John Conley, Hugh J. Gallagher.

A well attended meeting of the local lodge of the Brotherhood was held Sunday. Remarks were made by different members relative to the progress made by the local during the 14 years of its existence. The present officers of the local are: President, John T. Hendricks; vice president, James Hammond; financial secretary, T. J. McGee; recording secretary, J. W. Downing; sergeant-at-arms, Patrick Reynolds; trustees, John P. Dean, William Green and Samuel Oldfield.

BIG RACES POSTPONED

HARTFORD, Sept. 6.—A further postponement of the Grand Circuit races at Charter Oak park in connection with the Connecticut fair was announced this forenoon, owing to the condition of the track.

A Tonic Stimulant

The active business man, the brain worker, and all this class of people could not stand the constant strain on their brain and nerves were it not for the timely use of a pure, gentle, invigorating tonic.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

The standard of purity and excellence for over half a century, is one of the greatest tonic - stimulants and strength-givers known to science.

It has been extolled throughout the world for what it has done for suffering humanity. Its success in curing disease has caused many unreliable dealers to put up substitutes and imitations with which to fool the people claiming that their substitutes are "just as good as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey," but they are thinking of their profits only. Insist on the genuine. Sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY. All druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a large bottle. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free. The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.



LOSS IS \$60,000

Large Saw Mill Destroyed by Fire

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 6.—The large saw mill of G. W. Barker and son in Milford was totally destroyed by fire last night, causing a loss of \$60,000. The mill, which employed 175, manufactured 60,000 feet of long lumber daily.

If you want help at home or in your business, try 'The Sun' 'Want' column.

Good for \$2



PRESENT THIS COUPON
Every reader of this paper will receive a rebate of \$2.00 on any pair of my \$3.00 glasses if presented any day this week except Wednesday.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.
All troubles arising from the eyes, such as headaches, nervousness, dizziness, are corrected by my skilled fitting of proper glasses.

J. W. Grady

GRADUATE OPTICIAN
Rooms 418, 419 and 420 Wyman's Exchange Building, cor. Central and Merrimack Sts. Telephone 154

LABOR'S DAY OF REST



Yesterday in Lowell and elsewhere was labor's great "day off," when the printer, the steel worker, the miner and the thousands of other workmen in all trades enjoy a day of celebration. This year is marked in the history of American labor as being particularly free from trouble between employers and employees, there being but few disagreements in the entire nation.

WON THREE GAMES

Lowell Captured Triple Header From Lawrence Yesterday



Photo by Sackies.

VIEW OF THE CROWD ON THE BLEACHERS AND AT THE BALL GAME IN SPALDING PARK YESTERDAY

Over 4000 Fans Saw Two Snappy Games at Spalding Park Yesterday Afternoon—There Was a Slim Attendance at the Morning Game in Lawrence

Everybody up for Lowell. They're off for a great finish, starting the final week of the season by winning three straight games in one day, which, according to all authorities, is going some.

"We want third place at least," said Manager Gray to his bunch and the bunch has started to give the manager what he wants.

They're still a little behind Worcester but they're going along and by the time that Worcester gets here next Friday they'll have passed old Jess and his Grouch brothers. The cream of the big league couldn't have beaten Lowell yesterday.

Tout, Wolfgang and Parsons pitched the three games, and ten hits were all that Lawrence could show in the three games. Sullivan caught all three games with a very error. Both hits played fast ball in all three games and there was vim and snap to their work that showed interest and a desire to forge ahead.

Wolfgang in the afternoon held Lawrence down with a hit for seven innings and then allowed only three scratch singles that didn't do any considerable amount of damage.

The Lowell team might as well have stayed at home in the morning but for the victory which was badly needed, for only about 150 people paid to see the morning game at Glen Forest, and partly because the fans are sore because their team hasn't made the first division.

Vout was on the slab for Lowell and up to the ninth inning the home team couldn't score.

Lowell scored for the first time in the fourth inning. Magee went out on a fly to Kruger. Tenney singled, and Fluharty followed with a grounder to short left. Carlstrom threw badly, letting Tenney around to third. Fluharty stole second. Boultles worked the "squeeze," getting out at first, but landing Tenney at the plate with the run. Sully went out on a grounder.

The sixth brought Lowell two more. Magee singled and went to second when Tenney hit a grounder to Norton for an out at first. Fluharty fled to Carlstrom. Boultles hit to Carlstrom, who threw past Crisham. Magee scored and Boultles went to second. Sully hit to center, and Boultles scored from second. Sully tried to go down on the throw in, but was nipped.

Lawrence scored in the ninth inning. Reynolds hit for two bases and took third on a wild pitch. Crisham fled to center, and Boultles scored from second. Kruger closed the game with a fly to right.

The score:

(Morning Game)									
LOWELL									
Blakely, cf	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fluharty, rf	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boultles, 2b	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yount, p	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	37	7	3	2	0	0	0	0	0

LAWRENCE									
Kyle, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, rf	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	13	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0

Norton, 2b	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Maybom, p	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0

Two base hits—Reynolds. Sacrifice hit—Tenney. Boultles. Kruger. Stolen bases—Blakely, Fitzpatrick, Fluharty. Carlstrom, 2b. Double play—Maybom to Norton to Crisham. Left on bases—Lowell 6, Lawrence 5. First base on balls—Off Yount 1; off Maybom 3. First on errors—Lowell 2, Lawrence 1. Hit by pitched ball—Fitzpatrick. Struck out—By Yount 5, by Maybom 1. Passed balls—Sullivan 2. Wild pitch—Yount 2, Maybom 1. Time 1:42. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

Afternoon Games

During the forenoon all we could hear in Merrimack square was: "Are they going to play?" while the sports ones were betting do's and don'ts on the rain. The sun refused to show but the rain held up and that was all that the fans cared about.

The street railway provided an unusually good service and by 2 o'clock the management was forced to stop selling grandstand tickets as every inch of space was taken. Then the crowd found its way to the outfield and along the fence while quite a number climbed the fence and viewed the game from an elevated position.

Wolfgang was on the mound for Lowell in the first game and he not only pitched magnificently but he held like a charm. For seven innings just 21 men went to bat and only one got to second where he was nailed in a few minutes in a sharp double play. Three scratch hits followed in the last two innings.

Parson pitched for the visitors and the home team got six nice hits off him, enough to clinch the victory.

Lowell's work in keeping Lawrence down was even more classy than its work in going along for sharp hitting on every inning.

Tenney, Boultles and Wolfgang were conspicuous in sensational holding plays and in the first three innings there was something doing every minute.

"Watch out, Jake," was Tenney's oft-repeated advice as Tommy Catterson came to bat. Jake was right on the watch for Tommy crashed a slider at him and Jake golded it.

"Nice work, Jake," said Tenney. The only time in 7 innings that Lawrence stepped on the middle bag was in the second when Crisham drew a base on balls, Carlstrom sacrificed and Pat made second. Kruger cracked a grounder to Jake and the latter reaching it started to run Crisham back to second, then turning and throwing on the line near second when Boultles threw and Tenney, quick to see an advantage, snapped the ball to Fitz who put it on the surprised Crisham before he could get back. In the third Tenney and Fluharty performed a combination flying play that got the spectators' heads down.

Reynolds hit a hot grounder across first base which Tenney got with his bare hand about 20 feet out the sack. Pearson and Wolfgang beat it for first at top speed. Tenney threw the ball at the base. Wolfgang caught it on the run and crossed the bag just ahead of Pearson. It was

one beautiful play.

Lawrence showed a little life in the eighth, by getting a lone run. Crisham hit one too hot for Jake Boultles to handle right and it was Lawrence's first hit. Carlstrom tied out to Conney. Kruger got a single that sent Crisham to the third. Then a sacrifice fly to center by Norton brought in the only run. Although Pearson opened the ninth with a single, there was nothing doing for the others came easy.

Lowell started the scoring in the fourth. With one out Conney singled to left and stole second. Magee fanned making it two outs. Tenney was passed to first, and a wild pitch advanced both men. Fluharty then came along with a timely single and both runners scored. Plu was ambitious and tried to make it two and they winged him.

With one out in the fifth Sully got the ball in the short ribs and walked to first. Then Wolf fled out making two runs again. But Blakely hit to right and Sully returned home.

In the sixth Conney was there once more with the single and a stolen base. Magee bunted and Conney went to third. Tenney took another walk to first.

The sent a fly to center and Conney caught home. The first game beat all records for time, the game taking an hour and 15 minutes, the quickest game of the season at Spalding park.

(First Afternoon Game)

LOWELL									
Blakely, cf	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fluharty, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boultles, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wolfgang, p	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0

LAWRENCE									
Kyle, cf	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, rf	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norton, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parson, p	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0

Two base hits—Blakely. First base on errors—By Lawrence 1, left on bases—Lowell 2, Lawrence 5. Sacrifice hit—Fluharty. Struck out—By Parsons 4, by Fluharty 2. Stolen bases—Fluharty 2. Attendance—4000. Time—1:10. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

There were 150 paid admissions at the morning game yesterday and 4500 at the afternoon game—quite a difference.

And now for third place for a finish. We can do it.

Take off your lid to Sullivan. He caught three games in one day without an error, and with a sore finger at that.

Of course it's ancient history now, but those catches of Magee and Tyler Saturday will be talked about in years to come.

It is whispered in society that yesterday afternoon's game was a financial Godsend to the Lawrence management.

Lowell closes the season here with games with Worcester on Friday and Saturday. The battle is for third place and those games will be worth seeing.

On Monday Fred Lake and the Doves will play Lowell at Spalding park, and Tyler will pitch his first game as a Dove.

Rorty and Duffy prove to be a very satisfactory combination of arbiters.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

Team	W	L	P.C.
Philadelphia	73	51	.589
Boston	73	51	.589
New York	71	52	.577
Washington	58	55	.510
Cleveland	54	59	.479
Chicago	47	73	.393
St. Louis	38	82	.315

forth as a base runner, stealing second and third. Left Fielder Reynolds of the visitors made a phenomenal catch of Blakely's fly for which he received due credit from the crowd.

Seven innings were played by agreement, and it was almost dark when the last inning was finished.

Lowell got all four runs in the third inning. Blakely walked, and Fitz fanned. Conney swatted as Blakely ran, and the ball went to left, while Blakely went to third and Conney to first. Conney stole second. Magee hit a fly to short right and Norton nipped the ball, upon which Blakely came home. Conney going to third. Magee stole second. Tenney hit a beauty on a line to right, and Conney and Magee came home. Tenney going to second on the throw to the plate. Fluharty hit to Carlstrom, who threw wide to Crisham, giving Tenney a chance to score. Boultles and Sully ended the inning.

The visitors almost scored in the second. Crisham fanned to Boultles, Carlstrom singled to right, Kruger popped a fly to Tenney, Norton hit to left for a single. Carlstrom went to third, beating out Magee's throw to Boultles. Norton tried for second on the throw. Jake sent the ball to Fitz to get Norton, and Carlstrom beat it for home. Fitz threw to Sully, getting Carlstrom with ease. They were not dangerous after that.

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LOWELL									
Blakely, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fitzpatrick, 2b	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0
Conney, ss	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Fluharty, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Boultles, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parsons, p	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Totals	20	4	3	10	1	0	0	0	0

LAWRENCE									
Kyle, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reynolds, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom, ss	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kruger, 2b	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norton, 2b	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sebastian, c	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finlayson, p	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Totals	24	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0

Two base hit—Blakely. First base on errors—By Lowell 1, by Lawrence 1. Left on bases—Lowell 4, by Lawrence 4. Stolen bases—Tenney 2, Conney, Magee. Sacrifice hit—Fluharty. Struck out—By Parsons 4, by Fluharty 2. Stolen bases—Fluharty 2. Attendance—4000. Time—1:10. Umpires—Rorty and Duffy.

DIAMOND NOTES

At Brockton today.

Manager Gray will attempt to have the double-header with Fall River transferred to this city on Thursday.

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Washington	58	55	.510
Cleveland	54	59	.479
Chicago	47	73	.393
St. Louis	38	82	.315

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

Team	W	L	P.C.
Chicago	51	58	.466
Pittsburgh	73	49	.597
New York	68	53	.564
Philadelphia	63	60	.513
Cincinnati	64	62	.512
St. Louis	48	73	.396
Brockton	48	73	.396
Brooklyn	41	82	.339

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING

Team	W	L	P.C.
New Bedford	72	44	.621
Lynn	65	50	.566
Worcester	63	53	.543
Lowell	62	55	.528
Fall River	58	55	.508
Lawrence	53	63	.457
Brockton	41	68	.379
Haverhill	18	72	.200

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE

Morning

Lynn 4, Brockton 1.

New Bedford 3, Fall River 0.

Worcester 12, Haverhill 1.

Lowell 3, Lawrence 1.

Afternoon

Lynn 1, Brockton 1 (5 innings).

Fall River 2, New Bedford 1.

Lowell 4, Lawrence 0 (first game).

Haverhill 2, Worcester 1 (first game); Haverhill 4, Worcester 2 (second game).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Morning

Detroit 4, St. Louis 1.

New York 5, Philadelphia 2.

Washington 4, Boston 1.

Afternoon

Cleveland 5, Chicago 0 (first game).

Chicago 10, Cleveland 5 (second game).

JUDGE MCPHERSON

Denied Application for Injunction Against Labor Officials

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 6.—The opinion of Judge Smith McPherson, who yesterday denied the application of C. W. Post of Battle Creek, Mich., for an injunction to restrain American Federation of Labor officials and the Bucks Store & Range Co. of this city from entering into a closed shop agreement, was filed in the United States circuit court here today.

The tentative agreement, the ratification of which Mr. Post opposed, the court said, was reached some six weeks ago. Judge McPherson continues: "Complainant then knew of it. He has remained silent until the last few days when he filed his bill of complaint asking for the injunction. He has given notice of this hearing to no defendant. Many of them are accessible as no doubt would have been present had they been notified."

"Restraining orders should not be issued except on notice to the defendants and then only when irreparable harm will result if such restraining order is not issued. I utterly fail to see wherein the harm can come if the restraining order is not issued."

The court says every employer of labor has the right to determine for himself whether his business shall be operated as a closed shop or an open shop, adding "whether it is for the better to have a closed shop or an open shop men differ." In this particular case Judge McPherson found the board of directors of the Bucks Co. had decided to make the settlement with union labor.

THE HAGUE DECISION

United States Will Gain by it, Says Choate

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—United States Senator Elihu Root, commissioner for the United States in the fisheries dispute before the Hague tribunal returned today on the steamer Wilhelm der Grosse. Senator Root was disinclined to talk politics, saying that he was tired out and wanted a rest.

Asked what the results of his mission at The Hague would be Senator Root replied: "I can say that the United States will be in a better position than ever before. The decision, which will be given about September 15, would be a definite settlement as to boundary lines. The matter is not one

of a large amount of money involved but upon the American success depends in good part the existence of the New England seacoast fishermen.

"It is for them we are fighting more than any great revenue."

"You spoke for five days at the Hague?"

"Six," he laughed.

"But that wasn't the longest address," he continued, "Sir Robert Finlay spoke for eight days, as also did the representative of the United States at the opening. Then the attorney general of Great Britain spoke for six days at the closing, as I did."

Mrs. Root accompanied her husband.

NEW CAR LINE

Will be Formally Opened Thursday

The new electric car line of the Boston & Northern Street Railway company, which starts at the junction of Lakewood and Alken avenues and passes through Alken avenue, Lilley avenue and Hildreth street to Hovey square, Dracut, will be formally opened Thursday morning at 9:32 o'clock when a special car containing officials of the railway and newspapermen will make the initial trip over the new route.

The new line will be a great accommodation to the residents of West Centralville and if the people who live in that section of the city are as enthusiastic over patronizing the line as they were in agitating its construction, the extension will prove to be a paying investment for the Boston & Northern.

After the first trip is made tomorrow morning cars will be run over the line every half hour until 11:22 o'clock. Starting Friday morning and every other morning thereafter (with the exception of Sunday morning) the cars will be run every half hour from 5:32 a. m. till 11:22 p. m.

The cars on the new route will be run in connection with the Broadway cars. At the present time the Broadway cars run on 15 minute time the cars alternating between running to Merrimack square and Andover street. Under the new arrangement four cars will be run every hour on the Broadway line and the cars will alternate running between Andover street and Hovey square. The cars from Broadway which reach the square at seven and 37 minutes after the hour will go to Andover street, while the cars which reach the square at 22 and 52 minutes past the hour will go over the new route to Hovey square.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Empire colony, U. O. P. F., held a well attended meeting last night and transacted considerable routine business. The nomination and election of officers will take place at the next regular meeting on the night of Sept. 13.

Loyal Victoria Lodge
Loyal Victoria lodge, No. 1, L. O. O. F., M. U. held its meeting in Trafalgar hall, where the regular business was transacted. Next meeting night the Martha Washington lodge of Boston presents Loyal Victoria lodge the traveling emblem.

LIGHTEST IN YEARS
BELLFLOW FALLS, Vt., Sept. 6.—The absence of any local contests made the voting in the state elections today the lightest in recent years. Up to noon only 223 voters had deposited their ballots while two years ago at the same hour more than 600 votes had been cast.

HEAVY VOTE POLLED
BENNINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—An unusually heavy vote was polled in Bennington today. Local contests for the legislature furnished the chief interest, the governorship apparently being matter of secondary importance to most of the voters.

COMPARATIVELY LIGHT VOTE
BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 6.—Up to noon today the voting in this city had been comparatively light; but when the stores and shops allowed the employees an opportunity for luncheon there was a rush in the polling booths. The chief interest in this city was in the contests for seats in the legislature.

INTEREST IN LOCAL CONTESTS
RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 6.—An average off-year vote was cast here today. During the early part of the day the balloting was light but after noon it increased considerably in volume. There seemed to be more interest manifested in local contests than in the vote for governor.

DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Everyone admits it to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

GRAND OUTING

Was Held by Wolf Tone Guards

The annual outing of the Wolf Tone Guards was held at Nabnasset grove yesterday and was a most successful affair. The weather interested somewhat with the outdoor events but the company of 100 including the members of the Guards and invited guests passed a most enjoyable time. In previous years the outing was open to the public but because of the impossibility of securing special trains to the grove this year because of the holiday, it was decided to limit the annual outing to members and the few invited guests.

At noon a grand banquet was served in the large dining hall, a fine menu being provided by the caterers. There was plenty of everything, and good cheer prevailed. Several of the members were heard in songs and stories were told that delighted the company. While the dinner was in progress Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan with a companion, each mounted on a horse, arrived at the grove, having ridden over the road from this city. Mr. O'Sullivan was given a great reception, the entire company rising and giving three cheers for the chief marshal of the great A. O. H. parade. He was escorted to the guests' table and at the conclusion of the banquet he was introduced by Capt. Fitzgerald, commander of the company. Mr. O'Sullivan expressed his pleasure at being the guest of the Wolf Tone Guards and took occasion to thank them for participating in the great A. O. H. parade and also to congratulate them on their excellent appearance on that day. He complimented Captain Fitzgerald on the excellence of the training of the men under his command and said that their soldierly appearance appealed to him. Mr. O'Sullivan was cheered loudly at the conclusion of his remarks. Capt. Fitzgerald expressed the thanks of the company to Mr. O'Sullivan for the many favors he has done in the past and assured him that he has no more staunch friends than are found in the ranks of the Wolf Tone Guards. Remarks were made by Capt. Thomas Daly of the Sheridan Guards and John Barrett, one of the workers for the success of the recent A. O. H. demonstration. The committee in charge of the affair consisted of Capt. Fitzgerald and Privates John Daly and James Sullivan.

MACHINE BURNED

Auto Caught Fire in Dunstable

There was a small fire in Dunstable Labor Day morning. It didn't last long but it cost something. The fire was in an automobile and the machine, a touring car, was destroyed. The license number was 7901 (Massachusetts) and it was said that the car was owned by Mrs. Margaret M. McDonald, of West Roxbury. The accident occurred near Frank Parker's farm and the machine was almost a total wreck.

JAMES R. KEENE IMPROVED
LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 6.—James R. Keene of New York, who is ill with pneumonia at the Good Samaritan hospital in this city, passed a fairly good night and was a little improved this morning.

GOLF TOURNAMENT
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 6.—Only one of the former titleholders appeared when the state golf championship tournament was begun today on the links of the Wannamoisett Country club. Although a large number of golfers appeared this morning for the qualifying round, only one winner of the championship was present, A. S. Venerbeck of Metacomb, the titleholder in 1908. The first and second rounds are to be played tomorrow and the semi-finals Thursday, leaving Friday for the final match.

SONDER RACES

EIGHT OF THE YACHTS HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED

MARION, Sept. 6.—The contest committee in charge of the trial races in Buzzards bay to pick the American contestants for the German-American sonder yacht races at Kiel next June announced today that eight of the sixteen yachts which have been competing since Saturday have been eliminated. These boats are the Alarm, Bendit, Juanita, Sally VIII, Sally XI, Spokane II, Toboggan II and Yomboy II. For the fourth race of the series today the committee sent away the eight remaining yachts in a light northeast wind, under a cloudy sky. Some of the yachtsmen here today expressed disappointment that any of the contesting yachts had been eliminated before a race had been sailed in heavy weather such as is likely to be experienced at Kiel. Although Buzzards bay was selected for the trials as being more likely to produce Kiel conditions of wind and water than any other point along the Atlantic seaboard, the wind has remained persistently light since the races started.

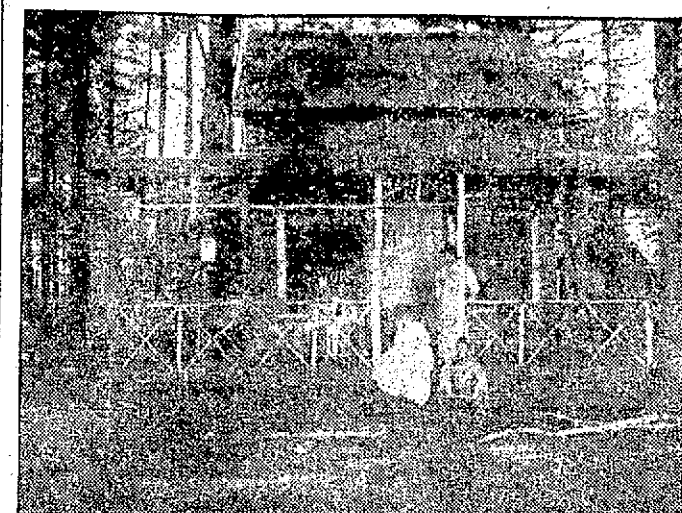
IN MANCHESTER

THE FORENOON VOTE WAS BELOW THE NORMAL

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—The forenoon vote in the state primary election here today was about 25 per cent below the normal state election vote up to noon. The principal activity was shown by the republicans on account of the numerous contests. It was believed that Messrs. Bass and Ellis were running about even in the fight for the gubernatorial nomination and indications at noon were that Congressman Sulloway was running somewhat ahead of his opponent, Mr. Burrows. There was much activity among the leaders of the opposing republican factions and carriages and automobiles were used to convey voters to the polling places.

Prof. Phil Lederman of this city, formerly musician of the past few years at the Congress theatre, Portland, Me., has returned to town to take charge of the orchestra at the new Seattle theatre in Police street. "Tom" Maguire formerly of the Voyoma theatre will preside over the piano.

LOOMFIXERS' OUTING



THE LITTLEFIELD CAMP ON THE MERRIMACK RIVER

Enjoyable Gathering at Littlefield's Camp Up River

Yesterday, by invitation of Charles A. Littlefield, the Loomfixers union of Lowell, held an outing at Littlefield's camp. There were about a hundred members and guests present at the festivities. The camp is situated upon the Tyngsboro side of the Merrimack river, a short distance below Tyngs Island, and is surrounded by a



MR. CHARLES A. LITTLEFIELD
Inventor and Member of the Loomfixers Union

grave of stately pines. It is in fact one of the most beautiful camp-sites upon the river.

The party took electric cars at Merrimack square and disembarked a short distance above the junction of the electric cars for Fitchburg. From there a short walk through the woods brought them to the banks of the Merrimack river. Here they were met by several motor boats. In these they were soon landed upon the grounds

surrounding Littlefield's camp. After partaking of varied refreshments the party adjourned to the pasture of J. D. Williams, situated upon the opposite side of the boulevard from the camp, where a game of baseball was played between two nines composed of certain married men on one side, and certain single men upon the other. After a most desperate struggle which developed many brilliant plays upon both sides, the married men proved that in "union there is strength." The score was thirteen to nine in favor of the married men.

At the conclusion of the ball game the party adjourned to the camp where the main feast was served. This consisted of freshly picked green corn—one hour from the field to the stomach. The feast was prepared by the noted chef, C. A. Littlefield. After the corn and trimmings had been consumed, there were pulled out a number of athletic events with substantial money prizes as a reward to the winners. These consisted of a fat man's race, three legged race, one hundred yard dash, high step and jump. After these events had been enjoyed the members of the union and their guests assembled in front of the camp where from its veranda addresses were delivered in both French and English by several speakers. The French speaker was Mr. J. E. Jermey, vice president of the union. The other speakers were President Worthington, president of the outing committee; George V. Shields; and last but not least, Mr. D. J. Morrow. The several addresses were received with hearty cheers and seemed to give satisfaction to all. After the close of the several addresses those who desired to ride upon the crest of the wave were taken upon short excursions up the river around Tyngs Island and return. There were but few who failed to enjoy this experience.

As the shades of night were falling the well satisfied members of the union and their guests were transported across the river and from there went their several ways, one and all declaring that it had been one of the best managed and most enjoyable outings ever held by the Loomfixers' union of Lowell.

The officers of the Loomfixers' union of Lowell are as follows: President, John Worthington; vice president, J. E. Jermey; secretary, Robert Richardson; treasurer, M. Dagley; chairman of the outing committee and chairman of the board of trustees, George M. Shields.

ROOSEVELT DAY

Was Observed in the Twin Cities Today

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—This is Roosevelt day in the Twin Cities. Col. Roosevelt arrived in Minneapolis from Fargo at 7 o'clock this morning and after taking breakfast was escorted to St. Paul, where he was scheduled to make two addresses, one before the national conservation congress in the morning and one at the state fair grounds in the afternoon. Col. Roosevelt and party were met at the Minneapolis Union station by a committee of Minneapolis and St. Paul citizens. Escorted by mounted police, he was taken in an automobile to the Radisson hotel, where he was the guest of the committee at an informal breakfast. At 9 o'clock the former president and the members of the committee left for St. Paul in automobiles. Gov. Elmerharts, Frank B. Kellogg and H. A. Tuttle occupied the car with Col. Roosevelt. Arriving at the east end of the Marshall avenue bridge, the Minneapolis police escort gave way to similar escort from St. Paul in addition to the St. Paul battery of National guard which gave the presidential salute of 21 guns when the colonel reached the city limits.

Col. Roosevelt was greeted by crowds of cheering men, women and children along the route from the Minneapolis hotel to the state capitol at St. Paul. Arriving at the state capitol, Col. Roosevelt was met by the original Roosevelt club and the Spanish war veterans in uniform, who escorted him to the St. Paul hotel, where Mr. Roosevelt had a short reception from the members of the club which bears his name. After a brief rest, Col. Roosevelt with the same escort proceeded to the St. Paul Auditorium to deliver his address before the conservation congress.

Two hours before Col. Roosevelt arrived at the Auditorium the crowd began to file into the building by doors reserved for those holding tickets. At 11:30 the doors were thrown open to the public, and within five minutes there was only standing room left. Even that was soon taken. President Baker called the meeting to order and called for reports of the committee on resolutions pending the arrival of Col. Roosevelt, who was holding a conference at the St. Paul hotel with the newspapermen.

DAY'S PROGRAM

At National Conservation Congress

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—While the address of Theodore Roosevelt was the feature of the national conservation congress program today, delegates were greatly interested in the appointment of committees.

Gifford Pinchot, who was absent yesterday while President Taft was here, returned today to participate in the entertainment of Colonel Roosevelt.

The day's program of the conservation congress follows:

Invasion, Rev. Dr. J. S. Montgomery of Minneapolis; reports of state conservation commissions; address, "National Efficiency," Theodore Roosevelt; appointment of committees; address, Miss Mahel Boardman; address, Francis J. Huncy, San Francisco; address, Herbert Knox Smith, United States commissioner of corporations; address, Governor Hadley of Missouri; general discussion; address, B. A. Fowler, president of the National Irrigation congress.

MARRIAGE PERMITS

THE FOLLOWING TOOK OUT MARRIAGE LICENSES TODAY

Demetrius Mpolnes, 25, shoeshop, 629 Market street, and Tasoula Hironote, 22, operative, 434 Adams street.

Adolphe E. Ayotte, 18, laborer, 9 Alken street and Myrle Duval, 24, operative, same address.

Joseph J. Hartford, 33, tool maker, 123 Mirahall road, and Bertha L. Marchon, 32, at home, 17 Interman street, Providence, R. I.

Dr. Thos. Jefferson King
Dr. King's "Natural Gum" sets of teeth absolutely defy detection.
Gold Fillings \$1.—Others 50c
Painless Extraction Free
King Dental Parlors,
65 MERRIMACK STREET
(Over Hall & Lyon's)
Hours: 9 to 8; Sun. 10 to 3
Tel. 1874-2.

NO PAIN
Full Set \$5
Our \$5 sets are the most lifelike and finest fitting plates the dental science can produce. Unless you require a special plate, \$5 is all you need pay in this office for the best set. We have the reputation of making the most natural looking, the finest fitting and the best wearing teeth. No set ever leaves our office until the patient is perfectly satisfied as to fit and appearance. We give our personal guarantee FOR 10 YEARS with each set.
Ludy Attendant—French Spoken

THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH
\$4 This is the only office in Lowell where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from natural ones) are inserted positively without pain.
PAINLESS EXTRACTION FREE

250 DELEGATES CLUNG TO REINS

At St. John Baptist Union Convention Shows Rare Coolness in Runaway

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 6.—Today marked the opening in the business session of the convention of the St. John Baptist Union of America and affiliated societies which is being held in this city. Today's program began with a high mass in St. Augustine's Catholic church, at which all of the conventioners attended. Rev. A. G. Rainville of Salem, Mass., general chaplain of the union, officiating as celebrant. The sermon on "Catholic societies, their work and mission" was preached by Rev. E. C. Larabee of Bedford, N. Y. Following the religious exercises, a meeting was held in St. George's hall, Fells Gateau of South-bridge, Mass., general president of the union, presiding. Credentials of 250 delegates were recognized and certified by the president. The election of officers of the union will take place tomorrow.

PRES. TAFT

IS ON HIS WAY BACK TO BEVERLY

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—President Taft departed for Beverly at 10:30 a. m. over the Lake Shore railroad, following a two-hour stop in Chicago on his way homeward from St. Paul. During his stay the president met a committee from the Chicago Association of Commerce, which invited him to attend a banquet early next spring. No date was set.

Secretary Norton will remain here to attend the banquet to Col. Roosevelt on Thursday night.

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AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED
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PETER DAVEY, 134 Market Street
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ENGINE RAN AWAY

Crashed Into Train and Engineer Was Killed

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 6.—A runaway locomotive on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad crashed into a passenger train at Run Junction, several miles south of here, today killing the engineer of the passenger train, C. W. Foster of this city. Not one of the 100 passengers was seriously hurt.

The runaway started at Warrenton, four miles south of Massillon. It was north-bound when it crashed head-on into a south-bound freight. The engineer had time to throw on the reverse and leap to safety.

The pilotless locomotive rebounded from the impact with the freight engine and with full speed on backed up the tracks. It passed through Navarre and at Run Junction smashed into the passenger train, a local north-bound from Brewster to Orrville.

The passenger train had on board 100 passengers, many of them workmen. A dozen workmen received minor injuries.

CRIPPEN ON TRIAL

Famous Case Was Begun in London Court Today

Miss Leneve is Not Charged With Murder—The Case is Exciting Great Interest in London

LONDON, Sept. 6.—At the opening today of the trial of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen, who is charged with the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the prosecution announced that large quantities of poison had been found in the woman's body and that there were evidences that she had been subjected to an operation.

Ethel Clare Leneve, the doctor's typist, who accompanied him in his flight to Canada after the disappearance of his wife and who has been held on the same charge, was also brought to the bar today but the crown stated that it has been decided to confine the allegations against the girl to being an accessory after the fact. This relieves Miss Leneve of any foreknowledge of the crime and is in line with the belief of her family and friends that she did not share Crippen's confidence up to the time that his wife dropped out of sight and was said by him to have died in California. Interest in the Crippen case, which was intense during the search for the doctor, has by no means worn out, as was shown by the crowd which gathered in the vicinity of the Bow street police court when the trial was opened today.

Travers Humphreys appeared for the public prosecutor's office while Solicitor Arthur Newton represented Crippen. Mr. Humphreys in a long opening address reviewed the case from the time that suspicion was aroused against the husband by his unsatisfactory explanation of the disappearance of his actress wife, to his return to London and the arraignment of the doctor and Miss Leneve on the joint charge of murder.

In the course of his remarks the prosecutor definitely stated that the physicians who made the post mortem examination of the mutilated parts unearthed in the Hilldrop Crescent, Camden Road, N., had discovered the presence of large quantities of hyacinth, a colorless liquid poison, and also detected evidences that an operation had been performed.

It had been known that the authorities had been working on the theory that Belle Elmore, or properly speaking, Cora Crippen, had been in the hands of one having at least a rude knowledge of surgery and further that she had been poisoned. The official announcement of these alleged discoveries, however, have not been made before.

At the time of arraignment of the two prisoners on August 28, Mr. Humphreys said that the government's evidence against the typist pointed only to her as being accessory after the fact. Today he said that it had been decided to thus limit the charges against her.

Born in United States
Both Crippen and his wife were born in the United States. Mrs. Crippen's maiden name was Cora Belle Makomaski. They were married in New Jersey and subsequently came here where Crippen was a patent medicine agent and later engaged in the dental business. Miss Leneve was employed by the doctor as a typist and it is alleged that he became infatuated with the girl.

Crippen and Miss Leneve fled to America on the steamer Montrosa and were arrested as the vessel was approaching Quebec.

The prosecutor went over the whole story for the benefit of Sir Albert De

Rutsen, senior magistrate of the Bow street court, who was not present at the last hearing.
Speaking of the relations between Crippen and his wife, Mr. Humphreys said that the affection apparently was on the surface, according to Crippen's own statement, as the result of Belle's outbursts of temper. The prosecutor spoke of Mrs. Crippen as Belle, the name used by Crippen when referring to his wife. The two, the prosecutor continued, had occupied separate rooms for four years. For at least three years Miss Leneve had been Crippen's mistress, which might account for the wife's anger. In January Miss Leneve was feeling her position in regard to Crippen acutely and particularly so at that time expressed considerable jealousy of Mrs. Crippen.

A Written Statement
In a written statement made to Inspector Dew when the investigation first opened, Crippen said that Belle was in the protection of another man when he married her in Jersey City. The doctor also spoke of Bruce Miller's alleged acquaintance with his wife while he was in America and frequent threats which Belle had made to quiet him and go with another man who occupied a better position in life.
Crippen's statement concluded with a story of the quarrel on the night of Jan. 31 after Paul Martinetti and Mrs. Martinetti, who had spent the evening with the Crippens, had left the house. During the quarrel the doctor said that his wife threatened to leave him on the following day. On returning from business on Feb. 1 Crippen said his wife had gone. He took steps to prevent a scandal and fabricated the story of her trip to California and her death there.

Counsel added that if it were possible to get Bruce Miller over here from Chicago he would be invited to attend the court in order that the prisoner's statements might be put to a test.

FIRE AT DOVER

Caused a Loss Estimated at \$3000

DOVER, N. H., Sept. 6.—The combined tool house, stable and office of the cemetery department in Pine Hill cemetery, was destroyed by fire last night, the blaze starting, it is thought in the basement.

A pair of horses, including one recently purchased by the department, was lost. The latter was burned to death and the other was so badly burned that it was killed after being gotten out alive. Owing the distance, the fire had a good start before the firemen arrived.

While the firemen were at work on the building a keg of powder inside exploded, blowing off one corner of the structure and knocking three firemen from a ladder. None was seriously injured. There were two tons of hay in the stable.

The city's loss is estimated at \$3000 on the building and about \$1000 on the contents, including the pair of horses. There was insurance on the property.

GEORGIA'S CAMPAIGN MADE INTERESTING BY WATSON'S FIGHT AGAINST HOKE SMITH



ATLANTA, Sept. 6.—Hoke Smith's nomination for the governorship by the democratic convention following his victory in the primary battle has brought great interest into the state campaign. Tom Watson, once candidate for president on the People's party ticket and lately engaged in public speaking in various cities of Georgia, fainted while on the platform speaking at a mass meeting which he had called



for the purpose of denouncing Congressman T. W. Hardwick and Hoke Smith. The cries of the audience for a guard, saying that he feared that Smith and Hardwick drowned his voice, Hardwick would slay him.



T.W. HARDWICK

LOWELL SOLDIER

Buried With Military Honors Yesterday

Many of the friends and acquaintances of the young cavalryman, Sylvester M. McGookin, attended his funeral yesterday morning and on all sides were manifest the deepest sorrow for the young man's untimely death and sympathy with his bereaved family. He was accidentally killed while stationed at the barracks at Schofield, Honolulu. He was a very popular young man and well liked by all his associates.

At St. Patrick's church a funeral mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Callahan. The choir, directed by Mr.



SYLVESTER M. MCGOOKIN

Michael J. Johnson, sang the Gregorian mass. Miss Murphy and Mr. Andrew A. McCarthy sang the solos.

There were many beautiful floral offerings, among them a pillow of roses and sweet peas, inscribed "Sylvester," from the family; spray of chrysanthemums with ribbon inscribed "Died" from Mrs. Alice True; spray of asters with ribbon inscribed "Constin," from A. V. Cusick; sheaf of wheat from Miss Mary Gerst, Honolulu; floral cord, emblematic of the cord worn by the cavalrymen, and in the cavalry colors, from Mrs. Alice Landis, Honolulu; bouquet of cut flowers from the family, and a spray of chrysanthemums from Robert Keeler and James O'Leary.

The bearers were eight members of Company G, Sixth Infantry, M. V. M., as follows: Privates George Crowley, J. Sullivan, John Sousa, William Bourke, A. Jodoin, A. Alfino, N. Downs and C. Paul.

As the body was lowered into the grave a salute was fired by a squad from Company G, in charge of Sergeant Robert Keeler, and taps were sounded by the bugler.

Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, and was in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

GREAT INTEREST

IN THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS IN MICHIGAN

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 6.—Interest in the primary elections of all political parties in Michigan today centers in the two republican contests for endorsement of United States senator and for the nomination for governor. Election day opened closely but the weather will have less influence on the size of the vote than the provision of law which has given voters no opportunity to enroll since last April. It is estimated that in some sections nearly 40 per cent of the normal vote is disqualified by reason of the voters neglecting to be enrolled with the respective parties.

HE DREW \$18,000

Duke Gave Money to Little Girl Who Sold Him Ticket

ROME, Sept. 6.—The duke of the Abruzzi, attracted by a little girl begging in the street, purchased from her a lottery ticket which cashed in for \$18,000. Believing that one good turn deserves another he announced today that he would give the money to the girl.

TO MAKE A PROTEST

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The British foreign office today instructed Ambassador Bryce at Washington to make a formal protest to the American state department against certain conditions imposed on English export textile firms in the circular recently sent to its consuls here and on the continent and the endeavor to have what are regarded as the most objectionable of the regulations modified.

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKFELLER REPORTED SERIOUSLY ILL



EVELYN AVENUE, CLEVELAND, LEADING TO ROCKFELLER HOME

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKFELLER

CLEVELAND, Sept. 6.—From Forest Hill comes the statement that Mrs. John D. Rockefeller is seriously ill and that her youngest daughter, Mrs. Alta Francis, has been summoned to her bedside. It is said that Mrs. Rockefeller is suffering as the result of a severe cold contracted at Augusta, Ga., last fall, and winter, from which she has never fully recovered. The physician treating the ailment says that there is cause for alarm, but friends of the family are apprehensive.

LONDON MARKET

And Its Relation to the Bank of England

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A description of the mechanism of the London money market in its relation to the Bank of England, the joint-stock banks, and the discount houses has just been made public by the National Monetary commission in a monograph on "The English banking system," by Hartley Withers, financial editor of the distinctive functions of the Bank of England, which he declares to be as follows:

1.—Banker to the British government.

2.—Banker to the joint-stock and private banks.

3.—(a) Sole possessor of the right to issue notes which are legal tender in England; (b) sole possessor, among joint-stock banks with an office in London, of the right to issue notes at all.

4.—Provider of emergency currency.

5.—Keeper of the gold reserve for British banking.

6.—Keeper of the gold reserve, which is most readily available for the purpose of international banking.

These various functions fit into and supplement one another, and though their diversity is sometimes pointed to as throwing too much responsibility onto one institution, it, in fact, enables the bank to carry out its duties with extraordinary ease and with the least possible disturbance to the financial community. But the fact that it keeps the balances of the other banks, the Bank of England is enabled to conduct the payment of the interest on the British debt largely by transfers in its books. By the fact that it keeps the balances of the government and has the monopoly of the legal tender note issue, the bank has great prestige in the eyes of the general public, which it communicates to the other banks which bank with it.

A credit in the books of the Bank of England has come to be regarded as just as good as so much gold, and the other banks, with one exception, habitually state their "cash in hand" as being in the Bank of England, as one item in their balance sheets, as if there were no difference between an actual holding of gold or legal tender and a balance at the Bank of England. It thus follows, at times when an increase of currency is desirable that it can be expanded by an increase in the balances of the other banks at the Bank of England, since they thus become possessed of more cash to be used as the basis of credit; for currency in England chiefly consists of checks and customers who apply to the banks for accommodation, by way of cashing a check, or advance, use it on and so create a deposit, and expansion of currency thus consists chiefly in expansion of banking deposits. This expansion is only limited by the proportion between deposit and cash and as long as they can increase their cash by increasing their credit in the bank of England's books the creation of currency can proceed without let or hindrance.

Taking up the subject of the position of the Bank of England in the international market, it is declared that London is the only European centre which is always prepared to meet the drafts in gold immediately and to any extent. The Bank of France has the right to make payments in silver, and uses it by often charging a premium on gold sufficient to check any demand for it. In other centers measures are taken which make apparent the unavailability of credit instruments and the choice of the central bank. Consequently the Bank of England has to be prepared to meet demands on it at any time from abroad, based on credits given to foreigners by the English banking community, and it has thus to observe the signs of financial weather in all parts of the world and to regulate the price of money in London so that the exchanges may not be allowed to become or remain adverse to a dangerous point. The difficulties of this task are increased by the extent to which the English banking community works independently of it, by accepting and discounting finance paper, and giving foreigners' credits at rates which encourage their further creation. For the low and wholly unregulated proportion of cash to liabilities on which English banking works enables the other banks to multiply credits ultimately based on the Bank of England's reserve, leaving the responsibility for maintaining the reserve to the bank. This it does, by raising its rate when necessary, and so, if it has control of the market and its rate is effective, raising the general level of money rates in London.

When its rate is not effective, the Bank of England finds itself obliged to intervene in the outer money market—consisting of the other banks and their customers—and control the rates current in it. This it does by borrowing some of the floating funds in this market, so lessening their supply and forcing up the price of money. By means of this borrowing it eliminates the balance lent with it by the other banks, either directly or indirectly—directly if it borrows from them, indirectly if it borrows from their customers, who hand the advance to it in the shape of a check on them. The result is that so much of the "cash at the Bank of England," which the English banking community uses as part of its basis of credit, is wiped out, money—which in London generally means the price at which the bankers are prepared to lend for a day or for a short period to the discount houses—becomes dearer, the market rate of discount consequently tends to advance, the foreign exchanges move in favor of London, and the tide of gold sets in the direction of the Bank of England's vaults, and it is enabled to replenish its reserve or check the drain on it.

In summing up the relation of the bank to the English money market and to the international money market, it is declared by Mr. Withers that the prestige which makes a credit in its books as good as gold enables the banking community to expand credits and make check currency as long as it is prepared to lend credit. At the end of the half year it is sometimes applied to for fresh credits to the extent of over twenty million sterling, chiefly in the form of advances for a few days. On one side of its account its holding of

securities is expanded by this amount and on the other its liability on deposits is similarly swollen. At the end of 1908, the last occasion when the bank's weekly return was made up on Dec. 31, and so showed the full extent of the extra credit provided by it at the end of the year, the other securities rose from £27,647,000 on Dec. 17 to £47,738,000 on Dec. 31. The other deposits at the same time rose from £36,658,000 to £55,259,000, and this increase, in the basis of credit was perhaps used by the other banks for the provision of five to ten times as much accommodation for their customers. A week later the other securities had declined to £23,825,000 and the other deposits to £41,073,000, though reinforced in the meantime by the payment of government dividends; the emergency credit had been wiped out, when no longer required, by the simple process of repayment to the Bank of England of the sums borrowed from it; and the bank's proportion of cash to liabilities, which had fallen to 28 per cent on Dec. 31, had risen to 35 per cent.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Two masses were sung in St. John's church Sunday morning by the pastor, the Rev. Fr. Schofield. After the 9.15 mass, a meeting of the promoters of the society of the Propagation of the Faith was held. Sunday school opened Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock with a large increase in attendance, and the pastor and curate were pleased with the large attendance. The Sisters of Notre Dame are in charge again this year.

A largely attended meeting of the St. John's T. A. society was held Sunday morning, and considerable business of importance was transacted. The society is taking new life for the winter months, and the building committee is to start the work of repairing the building. The election of officers for the ensuing six months was held, and the following officers elected: President, Michael Scollan; vice president, James Riley; recording secretary, Sarsfield Talbot; financial secretary, Reginald McAdoo; treasurer, John E. Harrington; board of trustees, Arthur McEneaney, Edward LaFracce and Reginald McAdoo; janitor, Archie Boudreau. The newly elected officers will be installed next Sunday.

The regular meeting of St. John's Ladies' auxiliary will be held tonight in St. John's hall and a large attendance is expected as the members have plans under way to make the work of the society interesting for the coming winter months. The first of their socials will be held a week from Thursday night, and a hustling committee is at work completing plans for the annual October party to be held the 21st.

The public schools opened this morning with an increased attendance. The overview is so large that it has been necessary to open a school in the fire house on Main Pleasant street and send two grades to West Chelmsford.

Miss Clara McEneaney of Clinton returned home yesterday after spending the past three weeks as the guest of her cousin, Clara McCoy.

Miss Kittle Knight and Miss Mary Finnegan have returned, after spending the past two weeks at Sandy Pond.

Mrs. Mary Frawley of Westboro spent the holidays visiting relatives in North Chelmsford.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Neilligan of Cambridge spent the holidays at the home of Mr. Stephen Ward.

OPPOSED TO AIRSHIPS

STRASBURG, Germany, Sept. 6.—What practically is a complete prohibition for the Zeppelin or other passenger-carrying airships to make trips east of this city, or vicinity, was decreed by the government yesterday. The military authorities fear that foreign passengers might photograph the fortifications and therefore declined to grant landing facilities to the airships.

RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT DIAZ

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 6.—President Diaz yesterday received in the Hall of Ambassadors in the National Palace, the special envoys appointed by the government of the United States, Italy, Japan, Germany, and China to attend the celebration of the Mexican centenary of independence.

The United States was accorded first place in the ceremonies attending the presentation. Ex. Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., of Massachusetts, the American special ambassador, was given the post of honor in the procession of carriages which conveyed the ambassadors from the department of foreign relations to the palace.

The reception by the president was a brilliant event.

THREE RECORDS

Broken in Games in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—At a revival of the Irish-Taitian games, which date back over 2000 years, at Celtic park yesterday, three new American amateur athletic records were made. In a two mile relay handicap race F. Riley, J. Bromilow, M. W. Sheppard and Abel Kiviat, all of the Irish-American A. C., each running a half mile from scratch, made the distance in 7.53, a new American record.

R. J. Cloughen, of the Irish-American A. C., won the 110 yard scratch dash in 10.4 seconds, taking 2.5 of a second off the old record made by Wendell Baker of Harvard twenty years ago.

The third record to go was 31.45 for the 250 yards low hurdle match in 1.50 by George Schreyer, of Staten Island. Yesterday John J. Eiler, of Irish-American A. C., cut this time to 23.3-6.

COL. ROOSEVELT OVERLOOKED

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The Warren county republicans today endorsed the administrations of President Taft and Gov. Hughes and declared for direct primaries. No mention was made of Col. Roosevelt.

